

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



## Oxfendazole Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 2025/04/14
10.0	2025/06/17	253196-00026	Date of first issue: 2015/08/28

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Oxfendazole Formulation

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : No. 485 Jing Tai Road  
Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 86-571-87268110

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

Appearance	: powder
Colour	: No data available
Odour	: No data available

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### GHS Classification

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

#### GHS label elements


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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:	<b>Prevention:</b> P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P260 Do not breathe dust. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection. <b>Response:</b> P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice. P391 Collect spillage. <b>Storage:</b> P405 Store locked up. <b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Physical and chemical hazards

Not classified based on available information.

### Health hazards

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Environmental hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.  
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.  
May form explosive dust-air mixture.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Oxfendazole	53716-50-0	>= 70 -< 90

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Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 20 -< 30
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	>= 1 -< 10

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed	: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion prod-	: Carbon oxides

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ucts	Metal oxides Nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) Sulphur oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Technical measures	: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
Local/Total ventilation	: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

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ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Do not breathe dust.  
Do not swallow.  
Avoid contact with eyes.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.  
Keep container closed when not in use.  
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage**

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.  
Store locked up.  
Keep tightly closed.  
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:  
Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
oxfendazole	53716-50-0	TWA	40 µg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	400 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Cellulose	9004-34-6	PC-TWA	10 mg/m3	CN OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3	ACGIH

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.  
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

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the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

### Personal protective equipment

- |                          |   |   |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Respiratory protection   | : | If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.  |
| Filter type              | : | Particulates type   |
| Eye/face protection      | : | Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.  |
| Skin and body protection | : | Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.   |
| Hand protection          | : |   |
| Material                 | : | Chemical-resistant gloves   |
| Remarks                  | : | Consider double gloving.  |
| Hygiene measures         | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- |                              |   |                   |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Appearance                   | : | powder            |
| Colour                       | : | No data available |
| Odour                        | : | No data available |
| Odour Threshold              | : | No data available |
| pH                           | : | No data available |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |

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Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture.
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	No data available

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
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Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
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#### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

##### oxfendazole:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg LD50 (Dog): 1,600 mg/kg LD50 (sheep): 250 mg/kg
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##### Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

##### Magnesium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.



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### Components:

#### **oxfendazole:**

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation

#### **Magnesium stearate:**

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### **oxfendazole:**

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation

#### **Magnesium stearate:**

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### **Magnesium stearate:**

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### **oxfendazole:**

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Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: positive

### Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

### Magnesium stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### oxfendazole:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 1 Years
Symptoms	: No adverse effects
Target Organs	: Liver

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Oral

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Exposure time	: 2 Years
Symptoms	: No adverse effects
Target Organs	: Liver

### Cellulose:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 72 weeks
Result	: negative

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

### Components:

#### oxfendazole:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral Fertility: NOAEL: 17 mg/kg body weight Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility  Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Fertility: NOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg body weight Target Organs: Liver Result: No effects on fertility  Test Type: Fertility Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Duration of Single Treatment: 1 Months Fertility: NOAEL: 750 mg/kg body weight Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: positive, Fetal effects  Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: positive, Embryo-foetal toxicity  Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

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	Species: Mouse
	Application Route: Oral
	Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 108 mg/kg body weight
	Result: positive, Embryo-foetal toxicity, foetal abnormalities
	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
	Species: Rabbit
	Application Route: Oral
	Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.625 mg/kg body weight
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

### Cellulose:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative

### Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
	Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Components:

#### oxfendazole:

Exposure routes	: Oral
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Target Organs	: Liver, Testis
Assessment	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

##### **oxfendazole:**

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 11 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 2 Weeks
Target Organs	: Blood, Liver, Testis

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 3.8 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 3 Months
Target Organs	: Liver, Testis

Species	: Mouse
NOAEL	: 750 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 1 Months
Target Organs	: Liver

Species	: Mouse
NOAEL	: 37.5 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 3 Months
Target Organs	: Liver

Species	: Dog
NOAEL	: 6 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 1 Months
Remarks	: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species	: Dog
NOAEL	: 11 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 2 Weeks
Target Organs	: Lymph nodes, thymus gland

Species	: Dog
NOAEL	: 13.5 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 12 Months
Target Organs	: Liver

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### Cellulose:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: $\geq 9,000$ mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days

### Magnesium stearate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: $> 100$ mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

#### Components:

##### oxfendazole:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> (Bluegill sunfish)): $> 2.7$ mg/l Exposure time: 96 h  LC50 ( <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (rainbow trout)): $> 2.5$ mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)): 0.059 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EC50 ( <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae)): $> 4$ mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  NOEC ( <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae)): $> 4$ mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	: 10
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)): 0.023 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

### Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Magnesium stearate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: DIN 38412  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 47 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2.  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 16 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

##### oxfendazole:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 5 % (4 d)

##### Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

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### Magnesium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

##### oxfendazole:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.95

##### Magnesium stearate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4

### Mobility in soil

#### Components:

##### oxfendazole:

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 3.2

### Other adverse effects

No data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

#### UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole)

Class : 9

Packing group : III

Labels : 9

Environmentally hazardous : yes



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### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	: UN 3077
Proper shipping name	: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (oxfendazole)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	: 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	: 956
Environmentally hazardous	: yes

### IMDG-Code

UN number	: UN 3077
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
EmS Code	: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	: yes

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### National Regulations

#### GB 6944/12268

UN number	: UN 3077
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
Marine pollutant	: no

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### National regulatory information

#### Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

#### Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : This product is not listed in the cata-

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according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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logue of hazardous chemicals, but it meets the definition of hazardous chemicals and its principles of determination.

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218) : Not listed

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under SAWS : Not listed

Catalogue of Specially Controlled Hazardous Chemicals : Not listed

List of Explosive Precursors : Not listed

### Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals : Not listed

### Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export : Not listed

### Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals : Not listed

### Yangtze River Protection Law

This product does not contain any dangerous chemicals prohibited for inland river transport.

### Regulations of Ozone Depleting Substances Management

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances Import and Export : Not listed

List of Controlled Ozone Depleting Substances : Not listed

### Environmental Protection Law

List of Priority Controlled Chemicals : Not listed

List of Key Controlled New Pollutants : Not listed

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

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### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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#### Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  
CN OEL : Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average  
CN OEL / PC-TWA : Permissible concentration - time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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### Disclaimer

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