SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the Globally Harmonized System

Benzylpenicillin / Dihydrostreptomycin Sulphate / Nafcillin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 11.02.2025
4.0	14.04.2025	7213862-00013	Date of first issue: 30.10.2020

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Benzylpenicillin / Dihydrostreptomycin Sulphate / Nafcillin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification

Respiratory sensitisation : Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (ear, Kidney, inner ear)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 2

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs (ear, Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P271 Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P301 + P342 + P316 IF SWALLOWED or if experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get emergency medical help immediately.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Paraffin oil	8012-95-1	>= 70 - < 90
Benzylpenicillin	61-33-6	>= 10 - < 20
Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate	985-16-0	>= 1 - < 5
Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate	5490-27-7	>= 1 - < 5
Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts	97404-28-9	>= 1 - < 5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Paraffin oil	8012-95-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Benzylpenicillin	61-33-6	TWA	600 µg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
	Further information: RSEN, DSEN			
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm2	Internal
Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate	985-16-0	TWA	0.7 mg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm2	Internal
	Further information: RSEN			
Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate	5490-27-7	TWA	4 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	
	Further information: OTO			

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts	97404-28-9	TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3 (Aluminium)	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : suspension

Colour : white to off-white

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	300 - 16,000 mPa.s
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	None known.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Benzylpenicillin:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 8,000 mg/kg LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal LD50 (Mouse): 329 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LDLo (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Dog): 633 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous LD50 (Mouse): 1,000 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous LD50 (Rat): 1,100 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 9,000 - 25,000 mg/kg LD50 Oral (Mouse): 30,000 mg/kg

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.15 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Species	:	reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 431
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Species	:	reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 439
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Result	:	No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	Weak sensitizer

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	positive
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Result	:	Strong sensitizer
Remarks	:	Based on human experience.

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Human lymphocytes Result: negative

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 Years
NOAEL	:	5 mg/kg body weight
Result	:	negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility Species: Mouse Result: No effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat

		Result: No effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility Species: Rabbit Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Result: No effects on foetal development Test Type: Development Species: Rat Result: No effects on foetal development Test Type: Development Species: Rabbit Result: No effects on foetal development

Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: No foetal abnormalities, No maternal effects

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Guinea pig Application Route: Intramuscular General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 100 - 200 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: Maternal toxicity observed., Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (ear, Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Assessment	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Species	:	Rat, female
LOAEL	:	161 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	90 Days

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

Species	:	Guinea pig
LOAEL	:	40 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	90 d
Target Organs	:	ear
Symptoms	:	hearing loss

Species	:	Cat
LOAEL	:	100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	60 d
Target Organs	:	ear
Symptoms	:	ataxia, hearing loss, Reduced body weight

Species	:	Cat
LOAEL	:	300 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	21 d
Target Organs	:	ear
Symptoms	:	ataxia, hearing loss, Reduced body weight

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Species	:	Rat
	:	>= 1000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	42 Days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Paraffin oil:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Inhalation	:	Symptoms: Allergic reactions, Abdominal pain, bronchospasm, skin rash

Sodium [2S-(2α,5α,6β)]-6-[[(2-ethoxy-1-naphthyl)carbonyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylate:

Skin contact	:	Target Organs: Skin Symptoms: Dermatitis Target Organs: Respiratory system Symptoms: Sensitisation
Ingestion	:	Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract Symptoms: Diarrhoea Target Organs: Respiratory system Symptoms: anaphylaxis Target Organs: Kidney Symptoms: nephritis Target Organs: Liver Symptoms: Damage

Dihydrostreptomycin sulphate:

General Information	:	Symptoms: Erythema, hearing loss, Nausea, Rash, Vomiting, Headache, hypotension

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Toxicity to fish	:	LL50 (Scophthalmus maximus (turbot)): > 100 mg/l

		Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Acartia tonsa (Calanoid copepod)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials NOELR (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzylpenicillin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 50 mg/l Exposure time: 72 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 EC50 (blue-green algae): 0.74 mg/l Exposure time: 72 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (blue-green algae): 0.14 mg/l Exposure time: 72 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50: > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 70.10 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 81.2 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Paraffin oil:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 4 Remarks: Calculation

Fatty acids, C14-26, aluminum salts:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 7 Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	:	not determined
AICS	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	:	14.04.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
IN OEL	:	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average

IN OEL / TWA	:	Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)
IN OEL / STEL	:	Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

IN / EN