

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification

Very highly flammable liquids

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Hazard statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P264+P265 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332 + P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Ethanol#	64-17-5	>= 50 - < 70
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	>= 10 - < 20
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	>= 10 - < 20
2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine	25655-41-8	>= 2.5 - < 3
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	>= 0.25 - < 1
Fipronil (ISO)	120068-37-3	>= 0.25 - < 1
tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol	25013-16-5	>= 0.25 - < 1

#: Voluntarily-disclosed substance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

If inhaled	:	advice. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	There may be delayed neurological effects, including brain oedema. Must not be confused with organophosphorous compounds! Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) Iodine compounds
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Remove all sources of ignition.
Ventilate the area.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version 5.1 Revision Date: 18.06.2025 SDS Number: 11396444-00006 Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable gases
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Poisonous gases
Explosives

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³	IN OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	10 ppm	ACGIH
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Fipronil (ISO)	120068-37-3	TWA	2 µg/m ³ (OEB 4)	Internal
	Further information: Skin			
		Wipe limit	20 µg/100 cm ²	Internal

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of work-week	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

The information below is intended for larger pilot/commercial-scale operations and manufacturing. For smaller scale, clinical, or pharmacy settings, site-specific internal risk assessment practices should be conducted to determine appropriate exposure control measures. The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on multiple factors, including but not limited to physical form and quantity handled. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation (e.g., Biosafety Cabinet, Ventilated Balance Enclosures), or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Respiratory protection | : | If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. |
| Filter type | : | Combined particulates and organic vapour type |
| Hand protection | : | |
| Material | : | Chemical-resistant gloves |
| Remarks | : | Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. |
| Eye protection | : | Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols. |
| Skin and body protection | : | Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, |

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: dark green
Odour	: No data available
Odour Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point/freezing point	: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: No data available
Flash point	: 15.9 °C
Evaporation rate	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	: Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.83 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3 mm ² /s

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	
Particle size	:	Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
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Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 10,470 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male): 116.9 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 15,800 mg/kg

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

Propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,640 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Fipronil (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 92 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.36 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 354 mg/kg

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,100 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

Components:

Ethanol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Mild skin irritation

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Fipronil (ISO):

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Ethanol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Propan-2-ol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Fipronil (ISO):

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Test Type	:	Mouse ear swelling test (MEST)
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Result : negative

Propan-2-ol:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Fipronil (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Fipronil (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
Result: negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451
Result : negative

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 22 Months
Result	: negative

Fipronil (ISO):

Species	: Mouse
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 78 weeks
Method	: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.32.
Result	: negative

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 104 weeks
Method	: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.33
Result	: positive
Remarks	: The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 104 weeks
Result	: positive

Species	: Hamster, male
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 24 weeks
Result	: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies
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Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
	Species: Mouse
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Fipronil (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Exposure routes	: Ingestion
Target Organs	: Thyroid
Assessment	: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Fipronil (ISO):

Exposure routes	: Ingestion
Target Organs	: Central nervous system, Kidney
Assessment	: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethanol:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 1,730 mg/kg
LOAEL	: 3,200 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 250 mg/kg
LOAEL	: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat
NOAEL : ≥ 0.094 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rat
NOAEL : $\geq 2,000$ mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 12.5 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 104 Weeks

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Fipronil (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 21 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 0.059 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.019 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 89 Weeks
Method : Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.33

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 50 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 8 Months

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ethanol:

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 14,200 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5,012 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC50 (Protozoa): 5,800 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC: $\geq$ 79 mg/l
Exposure time: 100 d
Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka) |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC: 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 9 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) |

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): $>$ 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): $>$ 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): $\geq$ 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC10: $>$ 1,995 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min |

Propan-2-ol:

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 4.91 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (activated sludge): 270 mg/l
Exposure time: 17 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

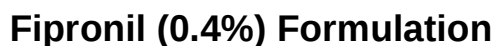
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-) : NOEC: 0.053 mg/l

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Exposure time: 30 d
Species: *Oryzias latipes* (Japanese medaka)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.316 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Fipronil (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (*Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill sunfish)): 85.2 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.14 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (*Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae)): 68 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (*Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae)): 40 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1,000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 2.9 µg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Species: *Cyprinodon variegatus* (sheepshead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.0077 µg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
Species: Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10,000

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1.56 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : ErC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 1.9

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

plants mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84 %
Exposure time: 20 d

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 85 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Propan-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

BOD/COD : BOD: 1,19 (BOD5)
COD: 2,23
BOD/COD: 53 %

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4.5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Fipronil (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 47 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.35

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1

Propan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.05

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer, compd. with iodine:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < -3.1

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1

Fipronil (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 321

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4

tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 16 - 21

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.82
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Mobility in soil

Components:

Ethanol:

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 0.2

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1987
Proper shipping name	:	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Ethanol, Propan-2-ol)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1987
Proper shipping name	:	Alcohols, n.o.s. (Ethanol, Propan-2-ol)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	364
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	353
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1987
Proper shipping name	:	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Ethanol, Propan-2-ol, Fipronil (ISO))
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 18.06.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
IN OEL	:	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
IN OEL / TWA	:	Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Con-

Fipronil (0.4%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 14.04.2025
5.1	18.06.2025	11396444-00006	Date of first issue: 30.05.2024

centration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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