

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier : Metal Sulfates Formulation

Product code : Minebloom

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 50 Tuas West Drive
Singapore - Singapore 638408

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Section 2: Hazard identification**Classification of the substance or mixture**

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Brain)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Hazard statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H350 May cause cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate)	7758-23-8	>= 20 -< 30
Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid	60-00-4	>= 1 -< 10
Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate	17375-41-6	>= 1 -< 10

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version 1.0 Revision Date: 22.09.2025 SDS Number: 11578971-00001 Date of last issue: -
Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate	10102-40-6	≥ 1 -< 10
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4	≥ 1 -< 10
Manganese sulfate	10034-96-5	≥ 1 -< 2.5
Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate	7758-99-8	≥ 1 -< 2.5
Zinc sulphate monohydrate	7446-19-7	≥ 1 -< 2.5
Sodium selenite	10102-18-8	≥ 0.25 -< 1
Cobalt Chloride	7646-79-9	≥ 0.025 -< 0.1

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause cancer.
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Sulphur oxides
Metal oxides
Oxides of phosphorus
Chlorine compounds
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Section 6: Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air.
Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfac-

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

es, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

- | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed. |
|-----------------------------|---|---|

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate	17375-41-6	PEL (long term)	1 mg/m ³ (Iron)	SG OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m ³ (Iron)	ACGIH
Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate	10102-40-6	PEL (long term)	5 mg/m ³ (Molybdenum)	SG OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.5 mg/m ³ (Molybdenum)	ACGIH
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	2 mg/m ³ (Borate)	ACGIH
		STEL (Inhalable particulate matter)	6 mg/m ³ (Borate)	ACGIH
Manganese sulfate	10034-96-5	PEL (long term)	1 mg/m ³ (Manganese)	SG OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	0.1 mg/m ³ (Manganese)	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.02 mg/m ³ (Manganese)	ACGIH
Sodium selenite	10102-18-8	PEL (long term)	0.2 mg/m ³ (selenium)	SG OEL
		TWA	20 µg/m ³ (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	200 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
		TWA	0.2 mg/m ³ (selenium)	ACGIH
Cobalt Chloride	7646-79-9	PEL (long term)	0.02 mg/m ³ (Cobalt)	SG OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	0.02 mg/m ³ (Cobalt)	ACGIH

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version 1.0 Revision Date: 22.09.2025 SDS Number: 11578971-00001 Date of last issue: -
Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Manganese sulfate	10034-96-5	Manganese (Manganese)	Urine	Early morning	50 µg/l	SG BTLV
Cobalt Chloride	7646-79-9	Cobalt (Cobalt)	Urine	End of shift at end of work-week	15 µg/l	ACGIH BEI

Appropriate engineering control measures

: The information below is intended for larger pilot/commercial-scale operations and manufacturing. For smaller scale, clinical, or pharmacy settings, site-specific internal risk assessment practices should be conducted to determine appropriate exposure control measures. The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on multiple factors, including but not limited to physical form and quantity handled. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation (e.g., Biosafety Cabinet, Ventilated Balance Enclosures), or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	No data available
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	
Particle size	:	No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
--	---	--

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 506.19 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 4.36 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 3,986 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,972 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.93 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,550 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Manganese sulfate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: No test guideline followed

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.98 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 481 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4.8 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.052 - 0.51 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Cobalt Chloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 537 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: Skin irritation
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation

Manganese sulfate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Species	: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 431

Species	: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 439

Result	: Skin irritation
--------	-------------------

Cobalt Chloride:

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
--------	---	--

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Manganese sulfate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	The test was conducted according to guideline

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Sodium selenite:

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Cobalt Chloride:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Test Type	: Buehler Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative

Manganese sulfate:

Test Type	: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Mouse
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	: negative
Remarks	: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline Based on data from similar materials

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Test Type	: Freund's complete adjuvant test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Test Type	: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Mouse
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Assessment	: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans
Remarks	: Based on national or regional regulation.

Cobalt Chloride:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: positive
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Assessment	: Probability or evidence of high skin sensitisation rate in humans
------------	---

Exposure routes	: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Species	: Humans
Result	: positive
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Assessment	: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.
------------	--

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 487
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Manganese sulfate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.
Result: negative

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Cobalt Chloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:**Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:**

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451
Result : negative
Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 106 weeks
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Manganese sulfate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Species	: Mouse
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 1 Years
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Cobalt Chloride:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time	: 105 weeks
Result	: positive
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Species	: Mouse
Application Route	: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time	: 105 weeks
Result	: positive
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments
------------------------------	--

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:**Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 421 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
----------------------	---

Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
-------------------------------	---

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
----------------------	--

Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion
-------------------------------	--

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Result: negative

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Manganese sulfate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Cobalt Chloride:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:**Manganese sulfate:**

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Brain
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Sodium selenite:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Cobalt Chloride:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Thyroid, Heart, Blood
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: > 300 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 28 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 407
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Species	: Mouse
NOAEL	: >= 500 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1), monohydrate:

Species	: Rat
LOAEL	: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 17 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 60 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: > 10 mg/kg
LOAEL	: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 2 yr
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: > 0.2 mg/l
Application Route	: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time	: 10 Weeks
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Manganese sulfate:

Species	: Rat, male
NOAEL	: 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 17 mg/kg
LOAEL	: 34 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 92 Days

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 234 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 0.88 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks

Cobalt Chloride:

Species	: Rat
LOAEL	: 5.5 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 8 Weeks
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Species	: Rat
LOAEL	: < 0.01 mg/l
Application Route	: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure**Components:****Manganese sulfate:**

Inhalation	: Target Organs: Brain Symptoms: Tremors, Lack of coordination Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
------------	--

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Sodium selenite:

Inhalation	:	Target Organs: Respiratory Tract Symptoms: Irritation, Oedema Target Organs: Cardio-vascular system Symptoms: Lowered blood pressure Target Organs: Digestive organs Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Irritability
Ingestion	:	Target Organs: Nervous system Symptoms: Neurological disorders Target Organs: Hair Symptoms: hair loss Target Organs: Skin Symptoms: Rash, Skin disorders Target Organs: Endocrine system

Section 12: Ecological information**Toxicity****Components:****Calcium bis(dihydrogenorthophosphate):**

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 159 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 625 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 100 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 25.7 mg/l
 Exposure time: 35 d
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l
 Exposure time: 21 d
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 2.4 mg/l
 Exposure time: 24 h

Sodium molybdate (VI) dihydrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 7,600 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 330 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 419.9 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 99.3 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 17 mg/l
 Exposure time: 12 Months
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 156.5 mg/l
 Exposure time: 21 d
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 820 mg/l
 Exposure time: 3 h
 Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate:

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 380.17 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 443.61 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
		EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	EC10 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 103 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): 31.48 mg/l Exposure time: 42 d
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	NOEC (activated sludge): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 7 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Manganese sulfate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: No test guideline followed
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): > 1 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: No test guideline followed Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
		ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 65 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 210 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 560 mg/l
 Exposure time: 3 h
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 32 d
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
 Exposure time: 7 d
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 7 mg/l

Zinc sulphate monohydrate:

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.384 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.192 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 0.373 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34.5 µg/l

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Jordanella floridae (flagfish)): 205.2 µg/l
Remarks: Based on data from similar materialsToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 415.7 µg/l
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Sodium selenite:Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materialsToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 hToxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materialsNOEC (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.022 mg/l
Exposure time: 258 dToxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.096 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 180 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209**Cobalt Chloride:**Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha (chinook salmon)): 0.77 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 1.33 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Champia parvula (marine algae)): 0.053 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h EC10 (Lemna minor (common duckweed)): 0.01 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	10
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.748 mg/l Exposure time: 16 d Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	EC10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.01 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	10

Persistence and degradability**Components:****Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:**

Biodegradability	:	Result: Inherently biodegradable. Biodegradation: 80 - 90 % Exposure time: 28 d
------------------	---	---

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid:**

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.8 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
-----------------	---	--

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0.13
--	---	---------------

Cobalt Chloride:

Bioaccumulation	:	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 724
-----------------	---	------------------------------------

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3077
UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate, Zinc sulphate monohydrate)
Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Environmental hazards	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3077
UN proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate, Zinc sulphate monohydrate)
Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	956
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper(II) sulfate, pentahydrate, Zinc sulphate monohydrate)
Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and : Sodium borate

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) : Not applicable
Regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

CA. DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 22.09.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
SG BTLV : Singapore. Biological Threshold Limit Values
SG OEL : Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
SG OEL / PEL (long term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonised System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA

Metal Sulfates Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	22.09.2025	11578971-00001	Date of first issue: 22.09.2025

- International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organisation; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

SG / EN