# Abamectin / Fluazuron Formulation

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Date of last issue: 2021/04/26 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5.4 | 2021/08/27 | 800398-00018 | Date of first issue: 2016/07/12 |

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Abamectin / Fluazuron Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**

Company : MSD

Address : No. 485 Jing Tai Road
Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 86-571-87268110

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Veterinary product

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview**

**Appearance** : liquid
**Colour** : No data available
**Odour** : No data available

Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2

repeated exposure

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

**Prevention:**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Physical and chemical hazards**

Flammable liquid and vapour.

**Health hazards**

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Environmental hazards**

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

**Components**

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|---|---|
| Propan-2-ol | 67-63-0 | >= 30 -< 50 |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | >= 30 -< 50 |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)- | 642443-86-5 | >= 20 -< 30 |
| Fluazuron | 86811-58-7 | >= 2.5 -< 10 |
| abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO) | 71751-41-2 | >= 1 -< 2.5 |
| 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate | 2386-87-0 | >= 1 -< 2.5 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | 128-37-0 | >= 0.1 -< 0.25 |

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| General advice | : | In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.<br>When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. |
| If inhaled | : | If inhaled, remove to fresh air.<br>If not breathing, give artificial respiration.<br>If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.<br>Get medical attention. |
| In case of skin contact | : | In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.<br>Get medical attention.<br>Wash clothing before reuse.<br>Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. |
| In case of eye contact | : | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.<br>If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.<br>Get medical attention. |
| If swallowed | : | If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.<br>Get medical attention.<br>Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.<br>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : | Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>May cause respiratory irritation.<br>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.<br>May damage the unborn child.<br>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8). |
| Notes to physician | : | Treat symptomatically and supportively. |

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Water spray<br>Alcohol-resistant foam<br>Carbon dioxide (CO2)<br>Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | High volume water jet |
| Specific hazards during fire-fighting | : | Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.<br>Flash back possible over considerable distance.<br>Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. |

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Carbon oxides<br>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)<br>Chlorine compounds<br>Fluorine compounds |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.<br>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.<br>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.<br>Evacuate area. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.<br>Use personal protective equipment. |

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | Remove all sources of ignition.<br>Use personal protective equipment.<br>Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid release to the environment.<br>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br>Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).<br>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Non-sparking tools should be used.<br>Soak up with inert absorbent material.<br>Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.<br>For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.<br>Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.<br>Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.<br>Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust |

ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage**

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable gases
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Poisonous gases
Explosives

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Components with workplace control parameters**

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Propan-2-ol | 67-63-0 | PC-TWA | 350 mg/m3 | CN OEL |
| | | PC-STEL | 700 mg/m3 | CN OEL |
| | | TWA | 200 ppm | ACGIH |
| | | STEL | 400 ppm | ACGIH |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fluazuron | 86811-58-7 | TWA | 60 µg/m3 (OEB 3) | Internal |
| | | Wipe limit | 600 µg/ 100cm2 | Internal |
| abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO) | 71751-41-2 | TWA | 15 µg/m3 (OEB 3) | Internal |
| | | Wipe limit | 150 µg/100 $cm^2$ | Internal |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | 128-37-0 | TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor) | 2 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

| Components | CAS-No. | Control parameters | Biological specimen | Sampling time | Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone | Urine | End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases) | 100 mg/l | ACGIH BEI |
| Propan-2-ol | 67-63-0 | Acetone | Urine | End of shift at end of work-week | 40 mg/l | ACGIH BEI |

**Engineering measures** : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

**Personal protective equipment**

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.<br>Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. |
| Hand protection | | |
| Material | : | Chemical-resistant gloves |
| Remarks | : | Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.<br>When using do not eat, drink or smoke.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.<br>The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Appearance | : | liquid |
| Colour | : | No data available |
| Odour | : | No data available |
| Odour Threshold | : | No data available |
| pH | : | No data available |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | No data available |
| Flash point | : | 28 °C |
| Evaporation rate | : | No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | Not applicable |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower | : | No data available |

flammability limit

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Vapour pressure | : | No data available |
| Relative vapour density | : | No data available |
| Relative density | : | No data available |
| Density | : | No data available |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | Not applicable |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : | No data available |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | No data available |
| Explosive properties | : | Not explosive |
| Oxidizing properties | : | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Molecular weight | : | No data available |
| Particle size | : | Not applicable |

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reactivity | : | Not classified as a reactivity hazard. |
| Chemical stability | : | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Flammable liquid and vapour.<br>Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.<br>Can react with strong oxidizing agents. |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Heat, flames and sparks. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Oxidizing agents |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: 1,824 mg/kg<br>Method: Calculation method |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: 2.06 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist<br>Method: Calculation method |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg<br>Method: Calculation method |

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 6 h<br>Test atmosphere: vapour |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg |

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 16,000 mg/kg |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): > 6.0 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): 24 mg/kg |

LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg

LDLo (Monkey): 24 mg/kg
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.023 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 330 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 2,959 - 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): >= 5.19 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Result : Skin irritation

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Mild skin irritation |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days |

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Mild eye irritation |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 405 |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Mild eye irritation |

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 405 |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 405 |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Buehler Test |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 406 |
| Result | : | negative |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 429 |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT) |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Result | : | negative |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Result | : | negative |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Maximisation Test |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Result | : | Not a skin sensitizer. |

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Maximisation Test |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Result | : | positive |
| Assessment | : | Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT) |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Humans |
| Result | : | negative |

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection<br>Result: negative |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 471<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 476<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo |

cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

**Fluazuron:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA Repair
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
Species: Hamster
Result: equivocal

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: positive

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 486<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Micronucleus test<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection<br>Result: negative |
| Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment | : | Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen. |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (vapour) |
| Exposure time | : | 104 weeks |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 451 |
| Result | : | negative |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Result | : | negative |
| | | |
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (vapour) |

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

**Fluazuron:**

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Method : OECD Test Guideline 453
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 105 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 93 weeks
Result : negative

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

**Reproductive toxicity**

May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Fluazuron:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Result: Effects on fertility

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 0.12 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Oral<br>General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight<br>Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight<br>Result: Cleft palate<br>Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed<br><br>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development<br>Species: Rabbit<br>Application Route: Oral<br>Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight<br>Result: Cleft palate, Teratogenic effects, Reduced embryonic survival<br>Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed<br><br>Test Type: Development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Oral<br>Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight<br>Result: Teratogenic effects |
| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | : | Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments. |

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 414<br>Result: negative |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**STOT - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 12.5 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 104 Weeks

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 169 mg/kg
LOAEL : 433 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/l
LOAEL : 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 96 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 826 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,653 mg/kg

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Application Route | : | Skin contact |
| Exposure time | : | 20 Days |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| LOAEL | : | 240 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 13 Weeks |
| Target Organs | : | Liver, Thyroid, Pituitary gland |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 10 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 100 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Skin contact |
| Exposure time | : | 3 Weeks |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 7.5 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 110 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 52 Weeks |
| Target Organs | : | Liver |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 1.5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 24 Months |
| Target Organs | : | Central nervous system |
| Symptoms | : | Tremors, ataxia |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| NOAEL | : | 4.0 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 24 Months |
| Target Organs | : | Central nervous system |
| Symptoms | : | Tremors, ataxia |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 0.25 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 0.5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 53 Weeks |
| Target Organs | : | Central nervous system |
| Symptoms | : | Tremors, weight loss |
| Remarks | : | mortality observed |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Monkey |
| NOAEL | : | 1.0 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 14 Weeks |
| Target Organs | : | Central nervous system |

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 25 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 22 Months |

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Skin contact | : | Symptoms: Skin irritation |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ingestion | : | Symptoms: May cause, Tremors, Diarrhoea, central nervous system effects, Salivation, tearing |

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 16 h |

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h<br>Method: DIN 38412 |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br><br>EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC50: > 600 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 30 min<br>Method: ISO 8192 |

**Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(1-oxotetradecyl)-ω-(phenylmethoxy)-:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50: 540 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 221 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 78 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |

**Fluazuron:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 9.1 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia sp. (water flea)): 0.0006 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 27.9 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h |
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | : | 1,000 |
| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) | : | 1,000 |

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.2 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br><br>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.6 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br><br>LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 24 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br><br>LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 42 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br><br>LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 15 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Americamysis): 0.022 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.52 µg/l
Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10,000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Natural microorganism): 409 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

BOD/COD : BOD: 1.19 (BOD5)COD: 2.23BOD/COD: 53 %

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 73 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(< 12 h)

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 71 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 2 d

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4.5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.05

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.46
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**Fluazuron:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 52

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4

**7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.34

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.1

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):**

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: > 3.6

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Waste from residues | : | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | : | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.<br>Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.<br>Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.<br>If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. |

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 1993 |
| Proper shipping name | : | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Propan-2-ol) |
| Class | : | 3 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 3 |

**IATA-DGR**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN/ID No. | : | UN 1993 |
| Proper shipping name | : | Flammable liquid, n.o.s.<br>(Propan-2-ol) |
| Class | : | 3 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | Flammable Liquids |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | : | 366 |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : | 355 |

**IMDG-Code**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 1993 |
| Proper shipping name | : | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Propan-2-ol, Fluazuron, abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO)) |
| Class | : | 3 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 3 |
| EmS Code | : | F-E, S-E |
| Marine pollutant | : | yes |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**

**GB 6944/12268**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 1993 |
| Proper shipping name | : | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. |

(Propan-2-ol)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Class | : | 3 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 3 |

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**National regulatory information**

**Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases**

**Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

| No. / Code | Chemical name / Category | Threshold quantity |
|---|---|---|
| W5.4 | Flammable liquids | 5,000 t |

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AICS | : | not determined |
| DSL | : | not determined |
| IECSC | : | not determined |

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Further information**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : | Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ |
| Date format | : | yyyy/mm/dd |

**Full text of other abbreviations**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
| ACGIH BEI | : | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) |
| CN OEL | : | Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents. |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| ACGIH / STEL | : | Short-term exposure limit |
| CN OEL / PC-TWA | : | Permissible concentration - time weighted average |
| CN OEL / PC-STEL | : | Permissible concentration - short term exposure limit |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -

Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CN / EN