

Abamectin / Levamisole Hydrochloride / Oxfendazole / Cobalt Disodium EDTA / Sodium Selenate Formulation

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Abamectin / Levamisole Hydrochloride / Oxfendazole / Cobalt

Disodium EDTA / Sodium Selenate Formulation

Other means of identification : Alliance (A010249)

COOPERS TRIFECTA TRIPLE ACTIVE DRENCH FOR

SHEEP AND CATTLE MINERALISED (67327)

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma

Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 5

Respiratory sensitization : Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 2

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Respiratory Tract, Thyroid, Heart, Blood)

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic : Category 1



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hazard

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract, Thyroid, Heart, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.



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Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Levamisole hydrochloride	16595-80-5	>= 5 -< 10
Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate	15137-09-4	>= 3 -< 5
oxfendazole	53716-50-0	>= 2,5 -< 5
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	>= 1 -< 5
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 1 -< 5
Polyethylene glycol stearate	9004-99-3	>= 1 -< 5
Sodium selenate	13410-01-0	>= 0,1 -< 0,25
abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO)	71751-41-2	>= 0,1 -< 0,25

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Harmful if swallowed.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May be harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and



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other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis,

reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides
Cobalt compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material

can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.



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> Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease,

should consult their physician regarding working with

respiratory irritants or sensitizers.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Levamisole hydrochloride	16595-80-5	TWA	20 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
	Further information: Skin				
		Wipe limit	200 μg/100 cm ²	Internal	



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oxfendazole	53716-50-0	TWA	40 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
		Wipe limit	400 μg/100 cm ²	Internal	
Polyethylene glycol stearate	9004-99-3	CMP	10 mg/m ³	AR OEL	
	Further information: A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen				
		TWA	10 mg/m ³	ACGIH	
		(Inhalable			
		particulate			
		matter)			
		TWA	3 mg/m³	ACGIH	
		(Respirable			
		particulate			
		matter)			
Sodium selenate	13410-01-0	TWA	20 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
		Wipe limit	200 μg/100 cm ²	Internal	
		CMP	0,2 mg/m³ (selenium)	AR OEL	
		TWA	0,2 mg/m³ (selenium)	ACGIH	
abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermec- tin B1b) (ISO)	71751-41-2	TWA	15 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
		Wipe limit	150 µg/100 cm ²	Internal	

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection

: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.



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Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Aqueous solution, suspension

Color : pink, to, purple

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 3,4 - 4,4 (20 °C)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1,05 - 1,08



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Density No data available

Solubility(ies)

No data available Water solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

770 - 5000 mm²/s (20 °C) Viscosity, kinematic

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight No data available

Particle characteristics

Not applicable Particle size

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Reactivity Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid None known. Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: 980,32 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method



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Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 7,16 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 180 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 223 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 458 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): 1.600 mg/kg

LD50 (sheep): 250 mg/kg

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,178 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5.400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity



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Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Sodium selenate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5 - 50 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0,052 - 0,51 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 24 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg

LDLo (Monkey): 24 mg/kg

Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,023 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 330 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 2.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Remarks : No data available

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit



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Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Result : No skin irritation

Sodium selenate:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 439

Result : Skin irritation

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Remarks : No data available

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405



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Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation Method : Draize Test

Sodium selenate:

Species : Bovine cornea

Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Result : No eye irritation

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Remarks : No data available

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Species : Humans Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate respiratory

sensitization rate in humans

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig



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Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Test Type : Open epicutaneous test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)



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Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell

mutagenicity tests.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Result: positive

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative



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Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Sodium selenate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 80 mg/kg body weight

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 40 mg/kg body weight

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Species : Rat



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Application Route inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time 105 weeks positive Result

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Species

inhalation (dust/mist/fume) Application Route

Exposure time 105 weeks Result positive

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies ment Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Species Rat **Application Route** Oral Exposure time 1 Years

No adverse effects. **Symptoms**

Target Organs Liver

Rat **Species** Oral Application Route 2 Years Exposure time

Symptoms No adverse effects.

Target Organs Liver

Benzyl alcohol:

Species Mouse **Application Route** Ingestion Exposure time 103 weeks

Method **OECD Test Guideline 451**

Result negative

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Species Rat **Application Route** Oral Exposure time 105 weeks Result negative

Species Mouse Application Route Oral Exposure time 93 weeks Result negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.



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Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight

Result: Fetotoxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight

Result: Fetotoxicity.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414



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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 17 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 0,9 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Liver

Result: No effects on fertility.

Test Type: Fertility Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Duration of Single Treatment: 1 Months Fertility: NOAEL: 750 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: positive, Fetal effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: positive, Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 108 mg/kg body weight Result: positive, Embryo-fetal toxicity., Fetal abnormalities.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0,625 mg/kg body weight



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Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of

adverse effects on development, based on animal

experiments.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Sodium selenate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 0,12 mg/kg body

weight

Result: Fetotoxicity.



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Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0,05 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0,2 mg/kg body weight

Result: Cleft palate

Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight

Result: Cleft palate, Teratogenic effects., Reduced embryonic

survival

Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1,6 mg/kg body weight

Result: Teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of

adverse effects on development, based on animal

experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract, Thyroid, Heart, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Target Organs : Blood, Testis

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.



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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Thyroid, Heart, Blood

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Liver, Testis

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Sodium selenate:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 2,5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 18 Months
Target Organs : Testis

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 20 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 18 Months
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Dog LOAEL : 40 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 3 Months

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Species : Rat



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LOAEL : > 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat LOAEL : < 0,01 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse LOAEL : < 0,01 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxfendazole:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 11 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Weeks

Target Organs : Blood, Liver, Testis

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,8 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 3 Months

Target Organs : Liver, Testis

Species: MouseNOAEL: 750 mg/kgApplication Route: OralExposure time: 1 MonthsTarget Organs: Liver

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 37,5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog NOAEL : 11 mg/kg



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Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Weeks

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, thymus gland

Species : Dog NOAEL : 13,5 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 1,072 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4.000 mg/kg LOAEL : 8.000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 10 Days

Sodium selenate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0,4 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1,5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 Months

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Symptoms : Tremors, ataxia

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 4,0 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 Months

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Symptoms : Tremors, ataxia

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0,25 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0,5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral



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Exposure time : 53 Weeks

Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Tremors, weight loss
Remarks : mortality observed

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 1,0 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Headache, Dizziness, hypo-

tension

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Respiratory system

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ingestion : Target Organs: Blood

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Target Organs: Heart Target Organs: Thyroid

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Ingestion : Symptoms: May cause, Tremors, Diarrhea, central nervous

system effects, Salivation, tearing

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 37,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 64 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

EC10 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC10 (Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): > 0,01 - 0,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

oxfendazole:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 2,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 2,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,059 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,023 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l



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Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Bacteria): > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Sodium selenate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)): 245 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii (green algae)): 197 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



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M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 0,01 - 0,1

: 1

Exposure time: 258 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: > 0.1 - 1 mg/lExposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

Toxicity to microorganisms

toxicity)

EC10 (activated sludge): 590 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3,2 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9,6 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 24 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 42 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 15 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Americamysis): 0,022 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,34 μg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,52 µg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,03 µg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0,0035 µg/l



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Exposure time: 28 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10.000

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50: > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Persistence and degradability

Components:

oxfendazole:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 5 %(4 d)

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Polyethylene glycol stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 70 % Exposure time: 10 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(< 12 h)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Cobalt disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -3,86 octanol/water : Remarks: Calculation

oxfendazole:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 1,95

octanol/water

Benzyl alcohol:



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1,05

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1,72

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 52

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4

Mobility in soil

Components:

oxfendazole:

Distribution among environmental compartments

log Koc: 3,2

abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: $\log \text{ Koc:} > 3,6$

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin

B1b) (ISO), oxfendazole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082



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Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin

B1b) (ISO), oxfendazole)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

964

(abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin

B1b) (ISO), oxfendazole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents : Not applicable

Registry.

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the : Not applicable

preparation of drugs.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION



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Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average AR OEL / CMP : TLV (Threshold Limit Value)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative: WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the



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SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

AR / Z8