

Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

: Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions

on use

Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD

20 Spartan Road

1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone : +27119239300

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-

gory 1

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

*

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

difficulties if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 2,2 %

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Amoxicillin Trihydrate	61336-70-7	Resp. Sens. 1A; H334 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 ———— M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 10 - < 20
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6 202-859-9 603-057-00-5	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap as a precaution.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reac-

tive airways dysfunction syndrome).

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid rele

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

parriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respira-

tory irritants or sensitisers.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contami-

nated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Amoxicillin Trihy- drate	61336-70-7	TWA	1 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 06.04.2024

 3.0
 06.07.2024
 10793162-00008
 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

	Further information: RSEN			
Aluminum tri- stearate	637-12-7	OEL-RL (respira- ble dust fraction)	2 mg/m3 (Aluminium)	ZA OEL
	Further information: Occupational Exposure Limits - Restricted Limits For Hazardous Chemical Agents			

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	177,79 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25,21 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	43,84 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	12,61 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	12,61 mg/kg bw/day
Benzyl alcohol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	22 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	110 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	8 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	40 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5,4 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	27 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	20 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Acute systemic effects	20 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	0,03 mg/kg food
octanoyl		
Benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l
	Marine water	0,1 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	2,3 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	39 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	5,27 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,527 mg/kg
	Soil	0,456 mg/kg



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Aqueous solution
Colour : white, cream
Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0,900 - 1,100 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 8.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 10.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): > 3.000 mg/kg

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,178 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Result : Sensitiser

Remarks : May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

largely based on human evidence

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:

Species Mouse Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 103 weeks

Method **OECD Test Guideline 451**

Result negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Test Type: Fertility Effects on fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight

Result: Reduced fertility

Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Result: Reduced fertility

Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: >= 1.000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse **Application Route: Oral**

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight Result: Some evidence of adverse effects on development,

based on animal experiments.

Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight Result: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced offspring

weight gain

Remarks: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Remarks : Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 1,072 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea,

flatulence, skin rash, Breathing difficulties Remarks: May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): 0,035 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

plants

NOEC (green algae): 530 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)):

0,0022 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (blue-green algae): 0,0057 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

mg/l



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 51 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 88 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %

Exposure time: 14 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: -0,124

octanol/water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1,05

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered Assessment

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Amoxicillin Trihydrate:

Assessment Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

(PBT).. Product does not contain substances which are very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1%

or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3082
ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revis

Revision Date: SDS Number: 06.07.2024 10793162-00008

Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

N.O.S.

(Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Amoxicillin Trihydrate)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADN
 : 9

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

964

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 06.04.2024

 3.0
 06.07.2024
 10793162-00008
 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

ZA OEL : South Africa. The Regulations for Hazardous Chemical

Agents, Occupational Exposure Limits

ZA OEL / OEL-RL : Occupational Exposure Limit Restricted limit - 8- hour expo-

sure or equivalent (12 hour shifts)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/



Amoxicillin Trihydrate (17.2%) Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 3.0 06.07.2024 10793162-00008 Date of first issue: 14.06.2022

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Calculation method

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

ZA / EN