SAFETY DATA SHEET

Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
7.2	06.04.2024	2444736-00024	Date of first issue: 13.02.2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Benzylpenicillin / Streptomycin Sulphate Solid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Intervet Australia Pty Limited (trading as MSD Animal Health)

Address : 91-105 Harpin Street
Bendigo 3550, Victoria Austrailia

Telephone : 1 800 033 461

Emergency telephone number : Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 11 26

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation : Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Kidney, inner ear)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H320 Causes eye irritation.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Benzylpenicillin	61-33-6	>= 30 -< 60
Streptomycin sulphate	3810-74-0	>= 30 -< 60

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes eye irritation.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Hazchem Code	:	2Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
Local/Total ventilation	:	If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures	:	If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid	:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Benzylpenicillin	61-33-6	TWA	600 µg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
	Further information: RSEN, DSEN			
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm2	Internal
Streptomycin sulphate	3810-74-0	TWA	OEB 2 (>= 100 < 1,000 µg/m3)	Internal
	Further information: DSEN			

Engineering measures : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Colour : white

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 6.0 - 7.5
(aqueous suspension)

Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	> 0.3 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	slightly soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,030 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 8,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Mouse): 329 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Streptomycin sulphate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Hamster): 400 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): 430 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 25,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Mouse): 85 - 111 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous LD50 (Mouse): 575 - 610 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal LD50 (Mouse): 500 - 600 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous TDLo (Dog): 220 - 440 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous Symptoms: Lowered blood pressure LDLo (Monkey): 110 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous TDLo (Monkey): 30 - 70 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous Symptoms: respiratory depression

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:

Result	:	Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	Weak sensitizer
Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	positive

Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials
Result	:	Strong sensitizer
Remarks	:	Based on human experience.

Streptomycin sulphate:

Test Type	:	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Humans
Result	:	Weak sensitizer

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Streptomycin sulphate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Result: equivocal
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Cell type: Human lymphocytes Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	Oral
NOAEL	:	5 mg/kg body weight
Result	:	negative
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility Species: Mouse Result: No effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat Result: No effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility Species: Rabbit Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Result: No effects on foetal development Test Type: Development Species: Rat Result: No effects on foetal development Test Type: Development Species: Rabbit Result: No effects on foetal development

Streptomycin sulphate:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat Application Route: Intraperitoneal Fertility: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: male reproductive effects
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: fetal deafness, Embryo-foetal toxicity Test Type: Development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: No teratogenic effects
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	May damage the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:

Target Organs	:	Kidney, inner ear
Assessment	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Subcutaneous
Exposure time	:	72 Days
Remarks	:	No significant adverse effects were reported
Species	:	Cat
LOAEL	:	200 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	90 Days
Target Organs	:	inner ear
Species	:	Dog
LOAEL	:	44 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Intramuscular
Exposure time	:	14 Days
Target Organs	:	inner ear
Species	:	Dog
LOAEL	:	50 - 100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Intramuscular
Exposure time	:	20 Days
Target Organs	:	inner ear, Kidney
Symptoms	:	ataxia
Species	:	Monkey
NOAEL	:	50 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Intramuscular
Exposure time	:	5 Days
Target Organs	:	Liver, Kidney
Species	:	Rat

NOAEL	:	5 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 yr
Remarks	:	No significant adverse effects were reported

Species	:	Monkey
LOAEL	:	25 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Subcutaneous
Exposure time	:	66 Days
Target Organs	:	Blood, Liver, Kidney
Symptoms	:	anemia

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Inhalation	:	Symptoms: Allergic reactions, Abdominal pain, bronchospasm, skin rash

Streptomycin sulphate:

Inhalation	:	Target Organs: inner ear Symptoms: hearing loss Target Organs: Kidney Symptoms: hearing loss
Skin contact	:	Symptoms: skin rash

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 hrs Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 50

mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (blue-green algae): 0.74 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (blue-green algae): 0.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Streptomycin sulphate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 487 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.007 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 8692

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.133 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 32 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Benzylpenicillin:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70.10 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Streptomycin sulphate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -3.2

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	956
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3077

Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Streptomycin sulphate, Benzylpenicillin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Hazchem Code	:	2Z
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Therapeutic Goods (Poisons Standard) Instrument	:	No poison schedule number allocated (Please use the original publication to check for specific uses, specific conditions or threshold limits that might apply for this chemical)
Prohibition/Licensing Requirements	:	There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date	:	06.04.2024
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS mate-

rial is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

AU / EN