according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Product code : Prevensa Megabic, Megabic, Prevensa Megabic Parent

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road

Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

#### Classification

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

**GHS Classification** 

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

T.

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P264+P265 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not

touch eyes.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P332 + P317 IF SWALLOWED or if skin irritation oc-

curs: Get medical help.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P354 + P338 + P317 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

euse.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%	
		w/w)	
Calcium diformate	544-17-2	>= 30 - < 50	
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 10 - < 20	
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 5 - < 10	
L-Malic acid	97-67-6	>= 5 - < 10	
Fumaric acid	110-17-8	>= 5 - < 10	
Formic acid	64-18-6	>= 2 - < 3	
Butafosfan	17316-67-5	>= 0.1 - < 1	

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Causes skin irritation.

delayed

Causes skin irritation.

Protection of first-aiders

Causes serious eye damage.

May be harmful if swallowed.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL	3 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm	IN OEL

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025 3.0

9 mg/m3 TWA 5 ppm **ACGIH** 

**Engineering measures** All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face contain-

ment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Combined particulates, acidic, inorganic gas/vapour and or-Filter type

ganic vapour type

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant gloves Material

Remarks Consider double gloving.

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Eye protection

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

> Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable

suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye Hygiene measures

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** powder

Colour white

Odour No data available

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

according to the Globally Harmonized System



# **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Inhalation

**Acute toxicity** 

May be harmful if swallowed.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,725 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Citric acid:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

L-Malic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.306 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butafosfan:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 16,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:** 

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Phosphoric acid:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

L-Malic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Formic acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks : Based on extreme pH

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:** 

**Calcium diformate:** 

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

L-Malic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



# **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Fumaric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Formic acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### **Calcium diformate:**

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

L-Malic acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Formic acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

according to the Globally Harmonized System



# **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

**Calcium diformate:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

L-Malic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Formic acid:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Calcium diformate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

L-Malic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

#### Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### **Calcium diformate:**

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 40 - 52 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

### Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 10 Days

#### L-Malic acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Revision Date: Version SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Fumaric acid:

Species Rat

NOAEL : 600 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 2 yr

Formic acid:

Species Rat NOAEL 400 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time : 52 Weeks

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Components:**

Calcium diformate:

Toxicity to fish LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 ( Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms NOEC: >= 22.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: >= 100 mg/lExposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Phosphoric acid:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Revision Date: Version SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025 3.0

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

L-Malic acid:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Neutralised product Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Neutralised product Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 300 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Formic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 72 mg/l

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Exposure time: 13 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Butafosfan:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Calcium diformate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 86 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Fumaric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 67.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

**Calcium diformate:** 

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9

octanol/water Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



# **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.72

L-Malic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.68

Remarks: Calculation

Fumaric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.46

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -2.1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3453

Proper shipping name : PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLID MIXTURE

Class : 8
Packing group : III
Labels : 8
Environmentally hazardous : no

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3453

Proper shipping name : Phosphoric acid, solid Mixture

Class : 8
Packing group : III
Labels : Corrosive
Packing instruction (cargo : 864

aircraft)

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Packing instruction (passen: 860

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3453

Proper shipping name : PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLID MIXTURE

Class : 8
Packing group : III
Labels : 8
EmS Code : F-A, S-B

Marine pollutant : no

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date : 14.04.2025

**Further information** 

Sheet

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in

work environment.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

according to the Globally Harmonized System



## **Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504918-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

IN OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

IN OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

IN / EN