

Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier : Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Product code : Prevensa Megabic, Megabic, Prevensa Megabic Parent

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 50 Tuas West Drive

Singapore - Singapore 638408

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Calcium diformate	544-17-2	>= 30 -< 50	
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 10 -< 20	
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 1 -< 10	
L-Malic acid	97-67-6	>= 1 -< 10	
Fumaric acid	110-17-8	>= 1 -< 10	
Formic acid	64-18-6	>= 2 -< 3	
Butafosfan	17316-67-5	>= 0.1 -< 1	

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilal Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	PEL (long term)	1 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (short term)	3 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
Formic acid	64-18-6	PEL (long term)	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (short term)	10 ppm 19 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWÁ	5 ppm	ACGIH

Appropriate engineering control measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices). Minimize open handling.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

: Combined particulates, acidic, inorganic gas/vapour and or-

ganic vapour type

Hand protection

Filter type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder

Colour : white

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition : No ha

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation exposure Skin contact

Ingestion

Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

L-Malic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.306 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butafosfan:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 16,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Phosphoric acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

L-Malic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Formic acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Remarks : Based on extreme pH

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

L-Malic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Formic acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

L-Malic acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Formic acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

L-Malic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Formic acid:



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 Revision Date: SDS Number: 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-Genotoxicity in vivo

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Formic acid:

Species Rat Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 104 weeks negative Result

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Effects on fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit

ment

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the Effects on foetal develop-



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

ment reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

L-Malic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 40 - 52 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 10 Days

L-Malic acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 600 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 2 yr

Formic acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 400 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 52 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 Revision Date: SDS Number: 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Section 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Toxicity to fish LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: >= 22.1 mg/lToxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 Revision Date: SDS Number: 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

L-Malic acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Neutralised product Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Neutralised product Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Fumaric acid:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 300 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Formic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 72 mg/l

Exposure time: 13 d

Butafosfan:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 86 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Fumaric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 67.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Calcium diformate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9

octanol/water Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.72

octanol/water

L-Malic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.68

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 Revision Date: SDS Number: 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Fumaric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.46

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -2.1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN 3453 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLID MIXTURE

no

Transport hazard class(es) 8 Ш Packing group Labels 8 Environmental hazards

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 3453

UN proper shipping name Phosphoric acid, solid Mixture

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш Labels Corrosive Packing instruction (cargo 864

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

860

IMDG-Code

UN number UN 3453

Proper shipping name PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLID MIXTURE

Transport hazard class(es) 8 Packing group Ш Labels 8 F-A, S-B **EmS Code**



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

Marine pollutant no

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and : Not applicable

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazard-

ous Substances) Regulations

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Not applicable

Regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS not determined

DSL not determined

IECSC not determined

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date 14.04.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

SG OEL Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions)

Regulations - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of

Toxic Substances.

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit



Butafosfan (<1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 31.01.2025 3.0 14.04.2025 11504908-00003 Date of first issue: 22.01.2025

SG OEL / PEL (long term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term SG OEL / PEL (short term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Short Term

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk, IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

SG / EN