

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version 1.4      Revision Date: 22.11.2023      SDS Number: 11093962-00004      Date of last issue: 30.09.2023  
Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name : Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Other means of identification : Coopers Permatrace 3 Year Cobalt Pellets for Sheep (47611)  
Coopers Permatrace Cobalt Pellets for Cattle (47638)

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the Sub-stance/Mixture : Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions on use : Not applicable

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company : MSD  
20 Spartan Road  
1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone : +27119239300

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

+1-908-423-6000


---

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1      H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2      H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**2.2 Label elements****Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

**Prevention:**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:**

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Tricobalt tetraoxide

**2.3 Other hazards**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2 Mixtures****Components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Tricobalt tetraoxide	1308-06-1 215-157-2	Resp. Sens. 1B; H334 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 30 - < 50

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

If not breathing, give artificial respiration.  
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.  
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.  
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.  
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.  
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Risks : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).  
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.  
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

---

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Metal oxides

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.

---

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.

---

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air.  
Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).  
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.  
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

---

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.  
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

- Advice on safe handling : Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.  
Do not swallow.  
Avoid contact with eyes.  
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.  
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.  
Keep container closed when not in use.  
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.  
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed.  
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:  
Strong oxidizing agents

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

- Specific use(s) : No data available

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1 Control parameters****Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Tricobalt tetraoxide	1308-06-1	OEL-RL (inhalable fraction)	0,04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Cobalt)	ZA OEL
Further information: Occupational Exposure Limits - Restricted Limits For Hazardous Chemical Agents, respiratory sensitisation, potential to produce respiratory sensitisation, denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B				

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version 1.4      Revision Date: 22.11.2023      SDS Number: 11093962-00004      Date of last issue: 30.09.2023  
 Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
Tricobalt tetraoxide	1308-06-1	Cobalt: 15 µg/l (Urine)	End of shift at end of workweek	ZA BEI

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Tricobalt tetraoxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	54,5 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	10,9 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	12 mg/kg bw/day
Iron	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0,71 mg/kg bw/day

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Tricobalt tetraoxide	Fresh water	1,06 µg/l
	Marine water	2,36 µg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	0,37 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	53,8 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	69,8 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	10,9 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

**8.2 Exposure controls****Engineering measures**

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

**Personal protective equipment**

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.  
 If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.  
 Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

Remarks	:	Consider double gloving.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Respiratory protection	:	If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type	:	Particulates type (P)

---

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	:	pellets
Colour	:	black
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**9.2 Other information**

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

---

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.  
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.  
Avoid dust formation.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

---

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation  
Skin contact  
Ingestion  
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.



**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version 1.4      Revision Date: 22.11.2023      SDS Number: 11093962-00004      Date of last issue: 30.09.2023  
Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,06 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 439

Result : No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Species : Rabbit  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405  
Result : No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation****Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)  
Exposure routes : Skin contact  
Species : Mouse  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429  
Result : negative

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate respiratory sensitisation rate in humans  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475  
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity****Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 300 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 90 Days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version 1.4      Revision Date: 22.11.2023      SDS Number: 11093962-00004      Date of last issue: 30.09.2023  
Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

---

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity****Components:****Tricobalt tetraoxide:**

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Champia parvula (marine algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds
- EC10 (Champia parvula (marine algae)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : EC10: > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 34 d  
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : EL10: > 0,1 - 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Species: Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  
Remarks: Based on transformation/dissolution testing and data from soluble metal compounds

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No data available

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No data available

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:**

Endocrine disrupting potential : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

**ADN** : UN 3077  
**ADR** : UN 3077  
**RID** : UN 3077  
**IMDG** : UN 3077  
**IATA** : UN 3077

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tricobalt tetraoxide)  
**ADR** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tricobalt tetraoxide)  
**RID** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version 1.4      Revision Date: 22.11.2023      SDS Number: 11093962-00004      Date of last issue: 30.09.2023  
 Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

(Tricobalt tetraoxide)

**IMDG** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.  
 (Tricobalt tetraoxide)

**IATA** : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.  
 (Tricobalt tetraoxide)

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

	Class	Subsidiary risks
<b>ADN</b>	: 9	
<b>ADR</b>	: 9	
<b>RID</b>	: 9	
<b>IMDG</b>	: 9	
<b>IATA</b>	: 9	

## 14.4 Packing group

**ADN**  
 Packing group : III  
 Classification Code : M7  
 Hazard Identification Number : 90  
 Labels : 9

**ADR**  
 Packing group : III  
 Classification Code : M7  
 Hazard Identification Number : 90  
 Labels : 9  
 Tunnel restriction code : (-)

**RID**  
 Packing group : III  
 Classification Code : M7  
 Hazard Identification Number : 90  
 Labels : 9

**IMDG**  
 Packing group : III  
 Labels : 9  
 EmS Code : F-A, S-F

**IATA (Cargo)**  
 Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956  
 Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956  
 Packing group : III  
 Labels : Miscellaneous

**IATA (Passenger)**  
 Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956  
 Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956  
 Packing group : III  
 Labels : Miscellaneous

**Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

**14.5 Environmental hazards****ADN**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**ADR**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**RID**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG**

Marine pollutant : yes

**IATA (Passenger)**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IATA (Cargo)**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

---

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

---

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

**Full text of H-Statements**

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Full text of other abbreviations**

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Resp. Sens.	:	Respiratory sensitisation
ZA BEI	:	South Africa. The Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, Biological Exposure Indices
ZA OEL	:	South Africa. The Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, Occupational Exposure Limits
ZA OEL / OEL-RL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit Restricted limit - 8- hour exposure or equivalent (12 hour shifts)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

**Classification of the mixture:**

Resp. Sens. 1	H334
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

**Classification procedure:**

Calculation method
Calculation method

## Cobalt Oxide Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
1.4	22.11.2023	11093962-00004	Date of first issue: 23.11.2022

---

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

ZA / EN