according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



# **Diazinon Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2023/07/12 1.7 2023/09/30 7699406-00008 Date of first issue: 2020/12/22

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Diazinon Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : No. 485 Jing Tai Road

Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 86-571-87268110

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance: liquidColour: yellowOdour: characteristic

Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Classification** 

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 5

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or re-

peated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

## Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# Physical and chemical hazards

Not classified based on available information.

### **Health hazards**

Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Environmental hazards**

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diazinon	333-41-5	>= 50 -< 70
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	>= 20 -< 25
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	9016-45-9	>= 20 -< 25
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-	2386-87-0	>= 2.5 -< 10
oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate		

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and delayed

Harmful if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulphur oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapours.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Diazinon	333-41-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.01 mg/m3	ACGIH
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



### **Diazinon Formulation**

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#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control	Biological	Sam-	Permissible	Basis
		parameters	specimen	pling	concentra-	
				time	tion	
Diazinon	333-41-5	Acetylcho-	In red	End of	70 % of an	ACGIH
		linesterase	blood cells	shift	individual's	BEI
		activity			baseline	
		Butyrylcho-	In serum	End of	60 % of an	ACGIH
		linesterase	or plasma	shift	individual's	BEI
		activity			baseline	

**Engineering measures** Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Combined particulates and organic vapour type Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks Consider double gloving.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide Hygiene measures

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the work-

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : yellow

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1,030 - 1,090 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

8/22

No data available

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,139 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

Diazinon:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,139 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.437 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



## **Diazinon Formulation**

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Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,020 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 - 2,000 mg/kg

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): > 2,959 - 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): >= 5.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### **Components:**

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

### Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Diazinon:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Result : negative

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato-

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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gonia

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity

tests in mammals

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Test Type: Transgenic rodent somatic cell gene mutation as-

say

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 488

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

### **Components:**

Diazinon:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

nent

Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 29 Months
Result : negative

## Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

Diazinon:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs.

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 300 mg/kg bw or less.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : nasal cavity

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

#### Diazinon:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.3 mg/kg

LOAEL : 15 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 90 Days

 Species
 : Rat

 NOAEL
 : 0.1 mg/l

 LOAEL
 : 0.75 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

### 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

#### Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Components:**

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### **Experience with human exposure**

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Inhalation : Symptoms: carcinogenic effects

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

Diazinon:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.000164 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

1,000

: 100

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.092 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00017 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0.5

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

ic toxicity)

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 100 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): > 0.001 - 0.01

mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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plants 110 ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 30

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10 (activated sludge): 409 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Biodegradability Result: Inherently biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 25 d

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 71 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

#### Bioaccumulative potential

### **Components:**

Diazinon:

Bioaccumulation Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 46.9

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.69

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 4.48

octanol/water

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate:

log Pow: 1.34 Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-Contaminated packaging

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

UN number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Diazinon)

9 Class Packing group Ш 9 Labels Environmentally hazardous yes

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. UN 3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Diazinon)

964

9 Class Ш Packing group

Labels Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

964

Environmentally hazardous yes

**IMDG-Code** 

**UN** number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

> N.O.S. (Diazinon)

Class 9 Packing group Ш 9 Labels

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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**EmS Code** F-A. S-F yes Marine pollutant

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

GB 6944/12268

UN 3082 UN number

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Diazinon)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 Marine pollutant no

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **National regulatory information**

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

## Yangtze River Protection Law

This product does not contain any dangerous chemicals prohibited for inland river transport.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**DSL** not determined

**AICS** not determined

**IECSC** not determined

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Revision Date** 2023/09/30

**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

yyyy/mm/dd Date format

#### Full text of other abbreviations

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



### **Diazinon Formulation**

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ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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