

Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 8.0 30.09.2023 934966-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530

Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil CEP 12730-340

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 3

Skin irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 2 (Nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 3



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single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms :











Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 + H311 Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system). H371 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system). H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.



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Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin irritation, Category 2 Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B Carcinogenicity, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	>= 50 -< 70
Ethion	563-12-2	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 2 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 2 Skin irritation, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Central nervous system), Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Acute toxicity (Oral),	>= 5 -< 10



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		Category 3 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Nervous system), Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 5 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 5 Skin irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 2	>= 5 -< 10
(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate	67375-30-8	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Skin irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Central nervous system), Category 2 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 5 -< 10
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromat-	64742-94-5	Flammable liquids,	>= 1 -< 2,5



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ics, <1% naphthalene		Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - single expo- sure, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 1 -< 2,5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

> If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Get medical attention.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water In case of skin contact

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

delayed

Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

High volume water jet

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides Sulfur oxides

Oxides of phosphorus Chlorine compounds Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.



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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Advice on safe handling Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye Hygiene measures

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up.

Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.



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Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	TWA	200 mg/m³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
Ethion	563-12-2	TWA	4 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal
	Further information: Skin			
		Wipe limit	40 μg/100 cm2	Internal
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0,05 mg/m³	ACGIH
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0,1 mg/m ³	ACGIH
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	LT	40 ppm 115 mg/m³	BR OEL
	Further information: Degree of harmfulness: medium			n
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m³	ACGIH
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m³	ACGIH



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Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	erythrocyte acetylcholin esterase activity		End of workday	70 % of baseline	BR BEI
		butyl cholinestera se activity	plasma or serum	End of workday	60 % of baseline	BR BEI
		Acetylcholin esterase activity	In red blood cells	End of shift	70 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI
		Butyrylcholi nesterase activity	In serum or plasma	End of shift	60 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting

equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand

protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective



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clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : yellow

Odor : strong

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 43 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 0,96 - 1,02

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available



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Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 69,16 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,57 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 372,97 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,61 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h



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Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Ethion:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 13 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,450 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 62 mg/kg

Chlorpyrifos:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 68 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, females): 1.250 mg/kg

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3.350 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 18,18 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, female): 2.460 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 57 mg/kg

Method: EC Directive 92/69/EEC B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1,16 - 1,21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,778 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Ethion:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species : Rat

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



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2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethion:

Result : No eye irritation

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ethion:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Chlorpyrifos:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato-

gonia

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity

tests in mammals

Ethion:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ



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Assessment cell mutagen.

Chlorpyrifos:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative



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Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion



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Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Ethion:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 18 Months
Result : negative

Species: MouseApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 24 MonthsResult: negative

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species: RatApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 2 YearsResult: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.



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Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Ethion:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Chlorpyrifos:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Method: OPPTS 870.3800

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative



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II

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

May cause damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ethion:

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.



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Chlorpyrifos:

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Ethion:

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days



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Ethion:

Species Dog : 0,05 mg/kg NOAEL : Ingestion Application Route Exposure time 90 Days

Chlorpyrifos:

Species Rat NOAEL : 0,1 mg/kg LOAEL : 1 mg/kg : Ingestion Application Route Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat

NOAEL > 0,000296 mg/lNOAEL Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

: 13 Weeks Exposure time

: . : > 5 mg/ky : Skin contact : 21 Days Species NOAEL Application Route Exposure time

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL > 1.450 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 7,5 mg/lApplication Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 17 Weeks

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species 3,5 mg/kg NOAEL LOAEL : 13,3 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion 90 Days Exposure time

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Species Rat NOAEL 300 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion

13 Weeks Exposure time

Remarks Based on data from similar materials



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2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 25 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ethion:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Blurred vision, Dizziness, Headache

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h plants

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0,5

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Ethion:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: 0,056 - 7,7 µg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10.000

10.000

Chlorpyrifos:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : $> 0,1 - 1 \mu g/I$

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: > 0.01 - 0.1 µg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Scenedesmus subspicatus): 0,48 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

10.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,3 µg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 35 d

NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0,0046 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

: 10.000

toxicity)

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.430 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



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Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1.100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.799

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

: EC50: > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0,00084 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0003 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

1.000

: 1.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,03 µg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,03 μg/l

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l



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Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 - 3

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0,57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,48 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0,24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,24

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0,053 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,316 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50: > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209



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Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 25 d

Ethion:

Biodegradability : Result: not rapidly degradable

Chlorpyrifos:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 22 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): > 2 Months

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 74 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 49,56 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4,5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C



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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ethion:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5,07

Chlorpyrifos:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6.918 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5,21

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 910

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 6,94

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1.800

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5,1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other

sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.



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If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III
Labels : 3 (6.1)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids, Toxic

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion, Chlorpyr-

ifos)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III
Labels : 3 (6.1)
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

ANTT

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III
Labels : 3 (6.1)
Hazard Identification Number : 36



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Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH)

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 64742-95-6

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal : 2-Methyl-1-propanol

Police Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

aromatic

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2023 Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

BR BEI : Brazil. NR7. Parameters for Biological Control of Occupational

Exposure to Some Chemical Agents

BR OEL : Brazil. NR 15 - Unhealthy activities and operations

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

BR OEL / LT : Up to 48 hours /week



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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

BR / Z8