according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road

Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification

Toxic, Highly flammable liquids

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 1 (Central nervous system)

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016 7.0

single exposure

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

> H301 + H311 Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system). H371 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system). H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements Prevention:

> P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P316 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P316 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water. Get emergency medical help immediately. P304 + P340 + P317 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help. P305 + P354 + P338 + P317 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help. P308 + P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%
		w/w)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	>= 50 - < 70
Ethion	563-12-2	>= 10 - < 20
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	>= 5 - < 10
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	>= 5 - < 10
(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-	67375-30-8	>= 5 - < 10
dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate		
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	>= 1 - < 2.5
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	>= 1 - < 2.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides

> Oxides of phosphorus Chlorine compounds Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions :

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray jet.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Advice on safe handling Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapours.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Keep in properly labelled containers. Conditions for safe storage

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable gases Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Poisonous gases

Explosives

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Materials to avoid

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	TWA	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL	500 ppm 1,500 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
Ethion	563-12-2	TWA	4 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal
	Further information: Skin			
		Wipe limit	40 μg/100 cm2	Internal

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.05 mg/m3	ACGIH
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	0.1 mg/m3	ACGIH
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	TWA	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Acetylcho- linesterase activity	In red blood cells	End of shift	70 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI
		Butyrylcho- linesterase activity	In serum or plasma	End of shift	60 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Filter type

Hand protection

Material

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

Chemical-resistant gloves

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the

glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable,

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash

hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical re-

sistance data and an assessment of the local exposure poten-

tial.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic pro-

tective clothing.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : yellow

Odour : strong

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 43 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 0.96 - 1.02

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazar

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 69.16 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 372.97 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.61 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ethion:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 13 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.450 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 62 mg/kg

Chlorpyrifos:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 68 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, females): 1,250 mg/kg

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,350 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 18.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, female): 2,460 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 57 mg/kg

Method: EC Directive 92/69/EEC B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.16 - 1.21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.778 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Ethion:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Kabbit : Skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Ethion:

Result : No eye irritation

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rabbit

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Ethion:

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Chlorpyrifos:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016 7.0

Buehler Test Test Type Exposure routes Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Test Type **Maximisation Test** Exposure routes Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

: OECD Test Guideline 406 Method

Result negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Humans Result negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermato-

gonia

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

: Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity Assessment

tests in mammals

Ethion:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Chlorpyrifos:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

ment

Ethion:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 18 Months
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 24 Months
Result : negative

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Chlorpyrifos:

Species: RatApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 2 YearsResult: negative

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Ethion:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: Embryo

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Chlorpyrifos:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Method: OPPTS 870.3800

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system). May cause damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ethion:

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

Chlorpyrifos:

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

(S)- α -Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

annemyleyelopropaneearboxylate.

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Ethion:

Target Organs : Central nervous system

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Exposure routes : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Ethion:

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 0.05 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Chlorpyrifos:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg

LOAEL : 1 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 0.000296 mg/l Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 5 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 21 Days

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Species : Rat

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

NOAEL NOAEL Application Route Exposure time : > 1,450 mg/kg: Ingestion

90 Days

: OECD Test Guideline 408 Method

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 7.5 mg/lNOAEL Application Route

: inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time 17 Weeks

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Species NOAEL : 3.5 mg/kg 13.3 mg/kg LOAEL : Ingestion Application Route Exposure time 90 Days

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Species NOAEL 300 mg/kg : Ingestion : 13 Weeks Application Route Exposure time

: Based on data from similar materials Remarks

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat : 25 mg/kg : Ingestion NOAEL Application Route : 22 Months Exposure time

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016 7.0

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ethion:

Ingestion Symptoms: Blurred vision, Dizziness, Headache

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0.5

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR: 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Ethion:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: 0.056 - 7.7 µg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin **Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016 7.0

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

10,000

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10,000

Chlorpyrifos:

Toxicity to fish : LC50: $> 0.1 - 1 \mu g/l$

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: > 0.01 - 0.1 µg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Scenedesmus subspicatus): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-:

icity)

NOEC: 0.3 µg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.0046 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 10,000

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,430 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 1,100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,799

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 117

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50: > 1,000 mg/lToxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 16 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: 20 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

ic toxicity) Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0.00084 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0003 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.03 μg/l Exposure time: 34 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.03 μg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1,000

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 - 3

mg/l

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

0.24 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

. .

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC: 0.053 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.316 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 25 d

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Ethion:

Biodegradability : Result: not rapidly degradable

Chlorpyrifos:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 22 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): > 2 Months

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 74 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 49.56 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ethion:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5.07

Chlorpyrifos:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6,918 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 5.21

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

2-Methyl-1-propanol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

(S)-α-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R, 3R)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 910

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 6.94

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III
Labels : 3 (6.1)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids, Toxic

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Ethion, Chlorpyr-

ifos)

Class : 3
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : III
Labels : 3 (6.1)
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 7.0 30.09.2023 937674-00015 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2023

Further information

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in

work environment.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

IN OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

IN OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recom-

according to the Globally Harmonized System



Ethion / Chlorpyrifos / Alpha-Cypermethrin Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.0
 30.09.2023
 937674-00015
 Date of first issue: 12.10.2016

mendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

IN / EN