# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Febantel / Pyrantel Pamoate / Praziquantel Formulation

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Date of last issue: 2023/04/04 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2.1 | 2023/09/30 | 3771221-00015 | Date of first issue: 2018/11/19 |

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Febantel / Pyrantel Pamoate / Praziquantel Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**

Company : MSD

Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification**

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

**Prevention:**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:**

P391 Collect spillage.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Additional Labelling**

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 21.82 %

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

**Components**

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|---|---|
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | >= 10 -< 30 |
| Febantel | 58306-30-2 | >= 10 -< 25 |
| 4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1) | 22204-24-6 | >= 10 -< 30 |
| praziquantel | 55268-74-1 | >= 2.5 -< 10 |
| Starch | 9005-25-8 | < 10 |

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Water spray<br>Alcohol-resistant foam<br>Carbon dioxide (CO2)<br>Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | None known. |
| Specific hazards during fire-fighting | : | Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.<br>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Carbon oxides<br>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)<br>Sulphur oxides |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.<br>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.<br>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.<br>Evacuate area. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.<br>Use personal protective equipment. |

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | Use personal protective equipment.<br>Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid release to the environment.<br>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.<br>Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).<br>Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.<br>Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.<br>Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.<br>Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not breathe dust.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Avoid contact with eyes.<br>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Minimize dust generation and accumulation.<br>Keep container closed when not in use.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labelled containers.<br>Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. |
| Materials to avoid | : | Do not store with the following product types:<br>Strong oxidizing agents |

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Components with workplace control parameters**

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | NAB | 10 mg/m3 | ID OEL |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | ACGIH |
| 4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1) | 22204-24-6 | TWA | 250 µg/m3 (OEB 2) | Internal |
| praziquantel | 55268-74-1 | TWA | 0.5 mg/m3 (OEB 2) | Internal |
| Starch | 9005-25-8 | NAB | 10 mg/m3 | ID OEL |
| | Further information: Not classified as carcinogenic to humans. Not enough data to classify these materials as carcinogenic to humans or animals | | | |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Appearance | : | powder |
| Colour | : | yellow |
| Odour | : | No data available |
| Odour Threshold | : | No data available |
| pH | : | No data available |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | No data available |
| Flash point | : | Not applicable |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | Not applicable |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Vapour pressure | : | Not applicable |
| Relative vapour density | : | Not applicable |
| Relative density | : | No data available |
| Density | : | No data available |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | Not applicable |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : | No data available |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | : | Not explosive |
| Oxidizing properties | : | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Molecular weight | : | No data available |
| Particle size | : | No data available |

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reactivity | : | Not classified as a reactivity hazard. |
| Chemical stability | : | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.<br>Can react with strong oxidizing agents. |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Heat, flames and sparks.<br>Avoid dust formation. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Oxidizing agents |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Febantel:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 1,250 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 24,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 24,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): 2,000 mg/kg

**praziquantel:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,480 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,454 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): > 200 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 1,050 mg/kg

**Starch:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Febantel:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

**praziquantel:**

Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Remarks : slight irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Febantel:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**praziquantel:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation
Method : Draize Test

**Starch:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**praziquantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Maximisation Test |
| Exposure routes | : | Dermal |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Result | : | Not a skin sensitizer. |

**Starch:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Maximisation Test |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Result | : | negative |

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Febantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn- |

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

**praziquantel:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Result: negative

**Starch:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 72 weeks |
| Result | : | negative |

**Febantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 21 Months |
| Result | : | negative |

**praziquantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Hamster |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 80 weeks |
| NOAEL | : | 100 mg/kg body weight |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 104 weeks |
| NOAEL | : | 250 mg/kg body weight |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Febantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 416<br>Result: negative |
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 416<br>Result: negative |

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Oral |

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

**praziquantel:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Mouse
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | >= 9,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 90 Days |

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 10 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 30 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Exposure time | : | 3 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 600 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 19 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 600 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 30 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 600 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 90 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

**praziquantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 1,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 60 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 180 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Target Organs | : | Gastrointestinal tract |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

**Starch:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | >= 2,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Skin contact |
| Exposure time | : | 28 Days |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 410 |

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ingestion | : | Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Headache, Dizziness, Fever |

**praziquantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Inhalation | : | Symptoms: Headache, Tiredness, Dizziness, Gastrointestinal discomfort, decrease body temperature, Allergic reactions |

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Febantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.2 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 0.43 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | : | 1 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) | : | 10 |

**4,4'-methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):**

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute aquatic toxicity | : | Toxic effects cannot be excluded |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | : | Toxic effects cannot be excluded |

**praziquantel:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): 29.2 mg/l |

Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 31.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 35 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Febantel:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.95
Remarks: Calculation

**praziquantel:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.012
pH: 7

**Mobility in soil**

No data available

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 3077 |
| Proper shipping name | : | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Febantel) |
| Class | : | 9 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 9 |
| Environmentally hazardous | : | yes |

**IATA-DGR**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN/ID No. | : | UN 3077 |
| Proper shipping name | : | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Febantel) |
| Class | : | 9 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | Miscellaneous |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | : | 956 |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : | 956 |
| Environmentally hazardous | : | yes |

**IMDG-Code**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 3077 |
| Proper shipping name | : | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Febantel) |
| Class | : | 9 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 9 |
| EmS Code | : | F-A, S-F |
| Marine pollutant | : | yes |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.**

**Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health**

Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

**Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances**

Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable

Prohibited substances : Not applicable

Restricted substances : Not applicable

**Regulation of the Ministry of Trade No. 7 of 2022 on Distribution and Control of Hazardous Materials**

Type of hazardous materials subject to distribution and control, Annex I : Not applicable

Type of hazardous materials subject to distribution and control, Annex II : Not applicable

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 2023/09/30

**Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

**Full text of other abbreviations**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
| ID OEL | : | Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits |
| | | |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| ID OEL / NAB | : | Long term exposure limit |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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