

Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 24.02.2025
2.0	14.04.2025	11513539-00002	Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Product code : Growmix Shrimp

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Kidney, Blood, Bone)
repeated exposure

Short-term (acute) aquatic : Category 3
hazard

Long-term (chronic) aquatic : Category 3
hazard

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

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Hazard statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Blood, Bone) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	$\geq 1 - < 5$
(dl)- α -Tocopheryl acetate	7695-91-2	$\geq 1 - < 5$
Nicotinic acid	59-67-6	$\geq 1 - < 2.5$
Retinyl acetate	127-47-9	$\geq 0.3 - < 1$
Menadione sodium bisulfite	130-37-0	$\geq 0.25 - < 1$
Colecalciferol	67-97-0	$\geq 0.3 - < 1$
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	58-56-0	$\geq 0.1 - < 1$

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.

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		Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	:	If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
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- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
- Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 µg/m ³ (OEB 1)	Internal
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate	7695-91-2	TWA	5000 µg/m ³ (OEB 1)	Internal
Colecalciferol	67-97-0	TWA	5 µg/m ³ (OEB 4)	Internal
		Wipe limit	50 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	58-56-0	TWA	OEB 3 (>= 10 < 100 µg/m ³)	Internal

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of

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engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	White to light yellow
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		

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Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	
Particle size	:	No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure :

- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg
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(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Nicotinic acid:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat, female): 4,500 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 3.8 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 436 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): 4,790 mg/kg
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Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
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Colecalciferol:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat, male): 35 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate: 0.05 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement
Acute dermal toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate: 50 mg/kg Method: Expert judgement

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg
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Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

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Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation

Nicotinic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: No skin irritation
Remarks	: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: Mild skin irritation

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Species	: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 431
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials

Species	: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 439
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials

Result	: Skin irritation
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Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: No eye irritation

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(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: No eye irritation

Nicotinic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: No eye irritation

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Species	: Bovine cornea
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 437
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials

Species	: Tissue Culture
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 492
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials

Result	: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
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Colecalciferol:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type	: Maurer optimisation test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact

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Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Test Type	: Draize Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Humans
Result	: negative

Nicotinic acid:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative
Remarks	: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative

Colecalciferol:

Test Type	: Maurer optimisation test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

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	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative
	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

Nicotinic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 475 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

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cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: equivocal

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo
cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -
Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ
cell mutagen.

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Mouse

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Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	104 weeks
Result	:	negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
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(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

Nicotinic acid:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
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Retinyl acetate:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Monkey Application Route: Ingestion Result: positive Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

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Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
	:	Species: Rat
	:	Application Route: Ingestion
	:	Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Blood, Bone) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Nicotinic acid:

Assessment	:	No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.
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Retinyl acetate:

Exposure routes	:	Ingestion
Target Organs	:	Liver
Assessment	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Colecalciferol:

Exposure routes	:	Ingestion
Target Organs	:	Kidney, Blood, Bone
Assessment	:	Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species	:	Rat, male
NOAEL	:	>= 8,100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	13 Weeks

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	500 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	90 Days

Nicotinic acid:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	50 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	250 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion

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Exposure time	: 28 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 407
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 1.43 - 3.47 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days

Colecalciferol:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 0.06 mg/kg
LOAEL	: 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 90 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Retinyl acetate:

Ingestion	: Symptoms: liver impairment Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Symptoms: Embryo-foetal toxicity Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50: 140 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates		Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50: > 927 mg/l Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 100 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Nicotinic acid:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Salmo trutta (brown trout)): 520 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 77 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 37.356 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 12.098 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 88 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

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Retinyl acetate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 46 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 180 min Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >0,01 - 0,1 Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >0,001 - 0,01 Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline Based on data from similar materials
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	: 1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	: 1

Colecalciferol:

Toxicity to fish	: LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EL50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): > 100 mg/l

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Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 5 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 21.7 - 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Nicotinic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 14 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 15 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: ≤ 7 %
Exposure time: 28 d

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 94 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.85

Nicotinic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -2.34
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 9.4
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.56
Remarks: Calculation

Colecalciferol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6.2
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.32

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 14.04.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for

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according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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