

Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 11513509-00002 2.0 14.04.2025 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Product code **Growmix Shrimp**

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Veterinary product Restrictions on use Not applicable

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address 50 Tuas West Drive

Singapore - Singapore 638408

Telephone +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)

E-mail address EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

repeated exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Kidney, Blood, Bone)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

H360D May damage the unborn child. Hazard statements

H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Blood, Bone)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protective clothing/

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	>= 1 -< 10	
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate	7695-91-2	>= 1 -< 10	
Nicotinic acid	59-67-6	>= 1 -< 10	
Retinyl acetate	127-47-9	>= 0.3 -< 1	
Menadione sodium bisulfite	130-37-0	>= 0.25 -< 1	
Colecalciferol	67-97-0	>= 0.3 -< 1	
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	58-56-0	>= 0.1 -< 1	

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Metal oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 24.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11513509-00002
 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 μg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate	7695-91-2	TWA	5000 ug/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Colecalciferol	67-97-0	TWA	5 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal
		Wipe limit	50 μg/100 cm ²	Internal
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	58-56-0	TWA	OEB 3 (>= 10 < 100 μg/m3)	Internal

Appropriate engineering control measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices). Minimize open handling.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Filter type
Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder

Colour : White to light yellow

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Nicotinic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,790 mg/kg

Menadione sodium bisulfite:



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Colecalciferol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 35 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 0.05 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 50 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Nicotinic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 439

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

Result : Skin irritation

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Nicotinic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Species : Bovine cornea

Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

Species : Tissue Culture

Method : OECD Test Guideline 492

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Colecalciferol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Test Type : Draize Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Nicotinic acid:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Colecalciferol:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Nicotinic acid:



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: equivocal

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species: MouseApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 2 YearsResult: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

П

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Species: Rabbit

Nicotinic acid:

Effects on foetal develop-Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat ment

> Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Effects on foetal develop-Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Monkey ment

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Effects on foetal develop-Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat

ment

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Blood, Bone) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Nicotinic acid:

Assessment No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Retinyl acetate:

Exposure routes : Ingestion Target Organs : Liver

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Colecalciferol:

Exposure routes : Ingestion

Target Organs : Kidney, Blood, Bone

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : >= 8,100 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 500 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 90 Days

Nicotinic acid:

Species: RatNOAEL: 50 mg/kgLOAEL: 250 mg/kgApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1.43 - 3.47 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Colecalciferol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.06 mg/kg LOAEL : 0.3 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Retinyl acetate:

Ingestion : Symptoms: liver impairment

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Symptoms: Embryo-foetal toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Section 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 140 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 100 mg/l



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

icity) Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 927 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192

Nicotinic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Salmo trutta (brown trout)): 520 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 77 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 37.356

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 12.098

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 88 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 180 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >0,01 - 0,1

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >0,001 -

0,01

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icitv)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Colecalciferol:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 21.7 - 31 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Nicotinic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 15 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: <= 7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: -1.85

octanol/water

Nicotinic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.34

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Retinyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 9.4

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Menadione sodium bisulfite:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.56

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

Colecalciferol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 6.2

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Pyridoxine hydrochloride:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4.32

octanol/water

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

UN number : Not applicable
UN proper shipping name : Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es) : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : Not applicable
UN proper shipping name : Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es) : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable
Packing instruction (cargo : Not applicable

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Not applicable

IMDG-Code

UN number Not applicable UN proper shipping name Not applicable Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable Subsidiary risk Not applicable Packing group Not applicable Not applicable Labels **EmS Code** Not applicable Not applicable Marine pollutant

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and : Not applicable

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazard-

ous Substances) Regulations

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials)

Regulations

Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 24.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11513509-00002
 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 14.04.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

compile the Safety Data eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be



Multivitamin (with Rice Flour) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 24.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11513509-00002 Date of first issue: 24.02.2025

considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

SG / EN