

# **Oxfendazole Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 14.04.2025 10.0 17.06.2025 253206-00024 Date of first issue: 28.08.2015

**Section 1: Identification** 

Product name : Oxfendazole Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908

Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone : 0800 800 543

Emergency telephone number : 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) 0800 243 622 (0800

CHEMCALL)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

Section 2: Hazard identification

**GHS Classification** 

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Liver, Testis)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard

Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard

: Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :

\*\*\*

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Testis) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
oxfendazole	53716-50-0	>= 70 -< 90	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 20 -< 30	
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	>= 1 -< 10	

#### Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.



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Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

delayed

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code : 2Z

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).



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Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,



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industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
oxfendazole	53716-50-0	TWA	40 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	400 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Cellulose	9004-34-6	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		
		TWA (Res-	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
		pirable par-		
		ticulate mat-		
		ter)		

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.



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Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a

potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder

Colour : No data available

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable



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octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size No data available

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reac-May form explosive dust-air mixture. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## **Section 11: Toxicological information**

Inhalation Exposure routes

> Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

#### oxfendazole:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): 1,600 mg/kg

LD50 (sheep): 250 mg/kg

## Cellulose:



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Magnesium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

## oxfendazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

# Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

## oxfendazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

# Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

## Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Magnesium stearate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

## **Chronic toxicity**

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

# oxfendazole:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Result: positive

## Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### oxfendazole:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Years

Symptoms : No adverse effects

Target Organs : Liver

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

Symptoms : No adverse effects

Target Organs : Liver

## Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

## Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

#### oxfendazole:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 17 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral



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Fertility: NOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Liver

Result: No effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Duration of Single Treatment: 1 Months Fertility: NOAEL: 750 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Testes Result: Effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: positive, Fetal effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: positive, Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 108 mg/kg body weight Result: positive, Embryo-foetal toxicity, foetal abnormalities

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.625 mg/kg body weight

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse

effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the



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reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Components:

#### oxfendazole:

Exposure routes : Oral

Target Organs : Liver, Testis

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

#### oxfendazole:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 11 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 2 Weeks

Target Organs : Blood, Liver, Testis

Species: RatNOAEL: 3.8 mg/kgApplication Route: OralExposure time: 3 MonthsTarget Organs: Liver, Testis

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 750 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Mouse NOAEL : 37.5 mg/kg



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Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 11 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Weeks

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, thymus gland

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 13.5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Liver

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

## **Section 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicity**

## **Components:**

#### oxfendazole:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 2.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 2.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



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aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.059 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.023 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l

> Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 47 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l



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Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

oxfendazole:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 5 %(4 d)

Cellulose:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Magnesium stearate:

Biodegradability Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

oxfendazole:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.95

Magnesium stearate:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: > 4

octanol/water

Mobility in soil **Components:** 

oxfendazole:

Distribution among environ- : log Koc: 3.2

mental compartments

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Do not dispose of waste into sewer.



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Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **Section 14: Transport information**

## International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(oxfendazole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(oxfendazole)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

956

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

: 956

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(oxfendazole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **National Regulations**

**NZS 5433** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

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Class : 9



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Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazchem Code : 2Z
Marine pollutant : no

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **HSNO Approval Number**

HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)

Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)

Not applicable

#### **HSW Controls**

Certified handler certificate not required.

Tracking hazardous substance not required.

Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

## The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

## **Section 16: Other information**

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**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

#### Full text of other abbreviations



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ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospher-

ic Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: Nch - Chilean Norm: NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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