

# **Oxytetracycline (40%) Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2025/02/03 2.0 2025/04/14 11505096-00003 Date of first issue: 2025/01/24

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Oxytetracycline (40%) Formulation

Product code : Baymet

Supplier's company name, address and phone number

Company name of supplier : MSD

Address : 1-13-12, Kudan-kita, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan

Telephone : 03-6272-1099

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical ad-

vice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed :

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

| Chemical name              | CAS-No.   | Concentration (% w/w) | ENCS No.      |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| oxytetracycline            | 79-57-2   | 41                    | 9-271         |
| Starch                     | 9005-25-8 | >= 10 - < 20          | 8-98          |
| Bentonite                  | 1302-78-9 | >= 10 - < 20          | -             |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | 128-37-0  | >= 0.0025 - < 0.025   | 3-540, 9-1805 |



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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.



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Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.



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Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact

Hygiene measures

Oxidizing agents

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

| Components                 | CAS-No.                   | Value type<br>(Form of<br>exposure) | Control parameters / Concentration standard / Permissible concentration | Basis                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| oxytetracycline            | 79-57-2                   | TWA                                 | 500 μg/m3 (OEB<br>2)                                                    | Internal                |
|                            | Further information: DSEN |                                     |                                                                         |                         |
|                            |                           | Wipe limit                          | 100 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>                                              | Internal                |
| Starch                     | 9005-25-8                 | TWA                                 | 10 mg/m3                                                                | ACGIH                   |
| Bentonite                  | 1302-78-9                 | OEL-M<br>(Respirable<br>dust)       | 0.5 mg/m3                                                               | JP OEL<br>JSOH          |
|                            |                           | OEL-M (Total dust)                  | 2 mg/m3                                                                 | JP OEL<br>JSOH          |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | 128-37-0                  | 8h-OEL-M                            | 10 mg/m3                                                                | JP ISHL OEL<br>577-2(2) |
|                            |                           | TWA (Inhal-                         | 2 mg/m3                                                                 | ACGIH                   |



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able fraction and vapor)

**Engineering measures** Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Particulates type

Filter type

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks Impermeable protective gloves

Eye protection Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state powder

Colour dark green

Odour No data available

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Boiling point, initial boiling

point and boiling range

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / No data available



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Lower flammability limit

Flash point : Not applicable

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : No data available

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Density and / or relative density

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents



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Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### oxytetracycline:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg

Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg

Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous

#### Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

#### Bentonite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

#### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

Bentonite:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Bentonite:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### oxytetracycline:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Result : Sensitiser

#### Starch:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

#### Bentonite:

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

## 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

# oxytetracycline:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Bentonite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.



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#### Components:

# oxytetracycline:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : equivocal

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in

humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

#### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

#### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

## oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility, No effect on reproduction capac-

ity, No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.



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Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., No foetal abnormalities

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Dog

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight Result: Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

#### Bentonite:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-



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tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

#### oxytetracycline:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: DogNOAEL: 125 mg/kgLOAEL: 250 mg/kgApplication Route: OralExposure time: 12 MonthsTarget Organs: Testis

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 40 mg/kg

LOAEL : 100 mg/kg

Application Route : Intraperitoneal

Exposure time : 14 Days

Target Organs : Kidney

#### Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

# Bentonite:

Species : Mouse

NOAEL : 500 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 90 Days

#### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:



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Species : Rat

NOAEL : 25 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 22 Months

## **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Experience with human exposure**

#### **Components:**

## oxytetracycline:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration

Remarks: May cause birth defects.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### oxytetracycline:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Moina macrocopa (Water flea)): 126.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

city)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

10 10

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (activated sludge): 17.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC (activated sludge): 0.2 mg/l



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Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Bentonite:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 16,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

city

: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209



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#### Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil

octanol/water

No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Oxytetracycline)

Class : 9

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes



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**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Oxytetracycline)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 956

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

(Oxytetracycline)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Ems Code : E-A

EmS Code : F-A, S-F Marine pollutant : yes

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

ERG Code : 171

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **Related Regulations**

### Fire Service Law

Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

#### **Chemical Substance Control Law**

**Priority Assessment Chemical Substance** 

| Chemical name                    | Number |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | 64     |



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#### **Industrial Safety and Health Law**

#### Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

Not applicable

#### Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

## **Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health**

Not applicable

# Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

# Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

#### **Substances Subject to be Notified Names**

Not applicable

#### **Substances Subject to be Indicated Names**

Not applicable

#### Skin and Eye Damage Substances (ISHL MO Art. 594-2)

Chemical name
Oxytetracycline

# Carcinogenic Substances (Article 577-2 of the Occupational Health and Safety Regulations)

Not applicable

## Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

#### **Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning**

Not applicable

#### Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

#### **Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning**

Not applicable

# Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

## **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law**

Not applicable

# Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

#### **Class I Designated Chemical Substances**



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| Chemical name                           | Administration number | Concentration (%) |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| (4S,4aR,5S,5aR,6S,12aS)-4-              | 648                   | 41                |
| (Dimethylamino)-3,5,6,10,12,12a-        |                       |                   |
| hexahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-        |                       |                   |
| 1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydrotetracen- |                       |                   |
| 2-carboxamide                           |                       |                   |

#### **High Pressure Gas Safety Act**

Not applicable

# **Explosive Control Law**

Not applicable

#### **Vessel Safety Law**

Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

#### **Aviation Law**

Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

#### Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Not classified as noxious liquid substance

Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

#### **Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act**

Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)

Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)

Not applicable

# Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law

Industrial waste

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.



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Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2) : Concentration standard (Value set by the Minister of Health,

Labour and Welfare stipulated under the Ministerial Ordinance

Article 577-2(2))

JP OEL JSOH : Japan Society for Occupational Health. Recom-

mendation of Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2) / 8h- : 8-hour Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

OEL-M

JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M : Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their



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intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

JP / EN