

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 673913-00021 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Oxytetracycline Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma

Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Aerosols : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Category 2A

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger



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Hazard Statements : H223 Flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360D May damage the unborn child.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.



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Other hazards which do not result in classification

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Butane	106-97-8	>= 20 -< 30
Castor oil	8001-79-4	>= 20 -< 30
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	>= 10 -< 20
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 10 -< 20
Propane	74-98-6	>= 10 -< 20
Oxytetracycline	79-57-2	>= 5 -< 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Gastrointestinal disturbance

and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May damage the unborn child.

Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)



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Dry chemical None known.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Ventilate the area.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.



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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventila-

tion.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing spray.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Conditions for safe storage

Store locked up.

Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Butane	106-97-8	CMP	800 ppm	AR OEL
		STEL	1.000 ppm	ACGIH



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Castor oil	8001-79-4	CMP (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	AR OEL		
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	CMP	400 ppm	AR OEL		
		CMP - CPT	500 ppm	AR OEL		
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH		
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH		
Isobutane	75-28-5	STEL	1.000 ppm	ACGIH		
Propane	74-98-6	CMP	2.500 ppm	AR OEL		
Oxytetracycline	79-57-2	TWA	500 μg/m3 (OEB Internal 2)			
	Further inforr	Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit 100 μg/100 cm ² Internal				

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine		2 mg/g creatinine	AR BEI
		Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of work- week	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection

Remarks : Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact

the selection of hand protection.

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Color : blue

Odor : solvent

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available



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Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : -80 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Flammable aerosol.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

9,5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

1,8 %(V)

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0,92 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- : Flammable aerosol.



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tions Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous dec

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Castor oil:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4.763 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Propane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min



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Test atmosphere: gas

Oxytetracycline:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4.800 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2.240 mg/kg

Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 4.840 mg/kg

Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3.500 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Castor oil:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Castor oil:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available



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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Castor oil:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Oxytetracycline:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Result : Sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Castor oil:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative



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Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Isobutane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat



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Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Oxytetracycline:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 104 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

Oxytetracycline:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat



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Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : equivocal

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Butane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Castor oil:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Isobutane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat



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Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Propane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility., No effect on reproduction capacity., No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1.200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 1.500 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects. Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1.325 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2.100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.



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Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 41,5 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., No fetal abnormalities.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Dog

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 20,75 mg/kg body weight Result: Skeletal and visceral variations ., Postimplantation

loss.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Butane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Isobutane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Butane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Castor oil:

Species : Rat



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NOAEL : > 5.000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 12,5 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 104 Weeks

Isobutane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Propane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 7,214 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Oxytetracycline:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse LOAEL : 7.990 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: DogNOAEL: 125 mg/kgLOAEL: 250 mg/kgApplication Route: OralExposure time: 12 MonthsTarget Organs: Testis

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: RatNOAEL: 40 mg/kgLOAEL: 100 mg/kgApplication Route: IntraperitonealExposure time: 14 Days



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Target Organs : Kidney

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration

Remarks: May cause birth defects.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Castor oil:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Method: ISO 7346/1

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 54.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Propan-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9.640 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h



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Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1.050 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Anabaena): 0,032 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0,0031 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

10

10

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

city)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 17,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 0,2 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Butane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Castor oil:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable



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BOD/COD : BOD: 1,19 (BOD5)

COD: 2,23 BOD/COD: 53 %

Isobutane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Butane:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 2,89

octanol/water

Castor oil:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: > 4

octanol/water

Remarks: Calculation

Propan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,05

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,8

Propane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,36

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty

(including propellant)

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.



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Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1950 Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo : 203

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 203

ger aircraft)

oircraft)

ger aircrait)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS (Oxytetracycline)

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1
EmS Code : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents : Not applicable

Registry.

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the : Propan-2-ol



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preparation of drugs.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 06.07.2024 Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Further information

Data Sheet

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
AR BEI : Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit AR OEL / CMP : TLV (Threshold Limit Value) AR OEL / CMP - CPT : STEL (Short Term Limit Value)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New



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Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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