

# **Oxytetracycline Formulation**

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 06.07.2024 8.0 671614-00021 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

**Section 1: Identification** 

Product name Oxytetracycline Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908

Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone 0800 800 543

0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) 0800 243 622 (0800 Emergency telephone number:

CHEMCALL)

EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com E-mail address

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Veterinary product Restrictions on use Not applicable

Section 2: Hazard identification

**GHS Classification** 

Aerosols Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2

Skin sensitisation Category 1

Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - acute hazard

Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - chronic hazard

Category 1

**GHS** label elements



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Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H223 Flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360D May damage the unborn child.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

### Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste



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disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Butane	106-97-8	>= 20 -< 30
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	>= 10 -< 20
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 10 -< 20
Propane	74-98-6	>= 10 -< 20
oxytetracycline	79-57-2	>= 2.5 -< 10

#### Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Gastrointestinal disturbance

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage the unborn child.

Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures



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Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition.

Ventilate the area.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

parriers)

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray jet.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

hent

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items



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employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventila-

tion.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing spray. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store locked up.

Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable liquids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

**Explosives** 



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#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis			
Butane	106-97-8	WES-TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	NZ OEL			
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH			
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	WES-TWA	400 ppm 983 mg/m3	NZ OEL			
		WES-STEL	500 ppm 1,230 mg/m3	NZ OEL			
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH			
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH			
Isobutane	75-28-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH			
oxytetracycline	79-57-2	TWA	500 μg/m3 (OEB Internal 2)				
	Further infor	Further information: DSEN					
		Wipe limit	100 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal			

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of work- week	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Hand protection

Self-contained breathing apparatus

Remarks : Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact

the selection of hand protection.

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Colour : blue

Odour : solvent-like



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Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : -80 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Flammable aerosol.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

9.5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

1.8 %(V)

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.92 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available



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# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Flammable aerosol.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **Section 11: Toxicological information**

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

**Butane:** 

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Propane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm



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Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

oxytetracycline:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg

Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg

Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Components:**

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.



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#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Propan-2-ol:

Test Type : Buehler Test : Skin contact Exposure routes Species : Guinea pig

: OECD Test Guideline 406 Method

Result : negative

oxytetracycline:

Test Type Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Result Sensitiser

#### **Chronic toxicity**

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### **Butane:**

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo Genotoxicity in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection



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Result: negative

Isobutane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

oxytetracycline:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse



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> Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 104 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

#### oxytetracycline:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : equivocal

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

#### **Butane:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Propan-2-ol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Isobutane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Propane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative



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II

### oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility, No effect on reproduction capac-

ity, No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., No foetal abnormalities

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Dog

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight Result: Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

#### STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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**Components:** 

**Butane:** 

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Isobutane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

**Butane:** 

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Propan-2-ol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 12.5 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 104 Weeks

Isobutane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Propane:

Species: RatNOAEL: 7.214 mg/lApplication Route: inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422



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#### oxytetracycline:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Testis

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 40 mg/kg

LOAEL : 100 mg/kg

Application Route : Intraperitoneal

Exposure time : 14 Days

Target Organs : Kidney

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Propan-2-ol:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### **Experience with human exposure**

#### **Components:**

### oxytetracycline:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration

Remarks: May cause birth defects.



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#### **Section 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Propan-2-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

oxytetracycline:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50: 17.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 0.2 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209



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Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

**Butane:** 

: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradability

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

BOD/COD : BOD: 1,19 (BOD5)

> COD: 2,23 BOD/COD: 53 %

Isobutane:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradability

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

**Butane:** 

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.89

Propan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.05

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.8

Propane:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.36

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available



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#### Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty Contaminated packaging

(including propellant)

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **Section 14: Transport information**

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

**UN** number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS** 

Class 2.1

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1 : yes Environmentally hazardous

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. UN 1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Class

Not assigned by regulation Packing group

Flammable Gas Labels

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

203

203

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number UN 1950 Proper shipping name **AEROSOLS** (oxytetracycline)

Class 2.1

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

Labels 2.1 **EmS Code** F-D, S-U Marine pollutant yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

# **National Regulations**



# **Oxytetracycline Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 8.0 06.07.2024 671614-00021 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

**NZS 5433** 

UN number : UN 1950 Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 Marine pollutant : yes

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **HSNO Approval Number**

not allocated

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)

Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)

Not applicable

# The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **Section 16: Other information**

Revision Date : 06.07.2024

**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)



# **Oxytetracycline Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 06.04.2024 8.0 06.07.2024 671614-00021 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospher-

ic Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average NZ OEL / WES-STEL : Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN