

# Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 01.10.2022 6.0 04.04.2023 1313817-00017 Date of first issue: 20.02.2017

**Section 1: Identification** 

Product name : Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908

Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone : 0800 800 543

Emergency telephone number : 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) 0800 243 622 (0800

CHEMCALL)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

#### **Section 2: Hazard identification**

**GHS Classification** 

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard

Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - chronic hazard

Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

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Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



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H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

#### Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
2-Pyrrolidone	616-45-5	>= 30 -< 50	
oxytetracycline	79-57-2	>= 20 -< 25	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	>= 1 -< 10	
Magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	>= 1 -< 10	
Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate	149-44-0	>= 0.1 -< 1	
Sodium [2-[(2,6-	15307-79-6	>= 0.25 -< 1	
dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate			

#### Section 4: First-aid measures



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General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec: : Use personal protective equipment.



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tive equipment and emergency procedures

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

### Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.



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Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
oxytetracycline	79-57-2	TWA	500 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal	
	Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit	100 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal	
Magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	WES-TWA (Fumes)	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL	
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH	
Sodium [2-[(2,6- dichloro- phenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate	15307-79-6	TWA	100 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal	
	Further information: Skin				

**Engineering measures** : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type
Hand protection

: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.



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### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : light brown

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 8.3 - 9.0

(as aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.05 - 1.18 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 47.62 mm2/s

Explosive properties : Not explosive



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Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

**Section 11: Toxicological information** 

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity



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oxytetracycline:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg

Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Remarks: No data available Acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of : LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg

administration)

Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

: LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l Acute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity

Method: Expert judgement

Remarks: Based on national or regional regulation.

Magnesium oxide:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Rat): > 2.1 mg/l Acute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal



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toxicity

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of : LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg

administration)

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Species Rabbit

Method **OECD Test Guideline 404** 

Result No skin irritation

oxytetracycline:

Remarks No data available

Benzyl alcohol:

**Species** Rabbit

Method **OECD Test Guideline 404** 

Result No skin irritation

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

**Species** 

Result No skin irritation

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Result : irritating

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

**Species** Rabbit

Result Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days



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oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Magnesium oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Result : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Skin contact

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxytetracycline:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Result : Sensitiser

Benzyl alcohol:

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.



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Magnesium oxide:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

**Chronic toxicity** 

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

oxytetracycline:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells



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Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Magnesium oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: CHO Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Species: MouseApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 18 month(s)Result: negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

oxytetracycline:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : equivocal

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen



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Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

Magnesium oxide:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 96 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse

effects on development, based on animal experiments.

oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat



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Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility, No effect on reproduction capac-

ity, No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., No foetal abnormalities

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Dog

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight Result: Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative



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Magnesium oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female

**Application Route: Oral** 

Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral



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Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - As-

ductive toxicity - As

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

sessment

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 207 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 3 Months

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

oxytetracycline:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Testis

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Rat



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NOAEL : 40 mg/kg
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Intraperitoneal
Exposure time : 14 Days
Target Organs : Kidney

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 1.072 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Magnesium oxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 600 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 98 w

Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 w
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Baboon
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 52 w

Exposure time : 52 w
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood
Symptoms : constipation, Diarrhoea



# Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

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#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

oxytetracycline:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration

Remarks: May cause birth defects.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, constipation, heart-

burn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties,

Rash

Section 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

2-Pyrrolidone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

oxytetracycline:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l

10

plants Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50: 17.9 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

> Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 0.2 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Magnesium oxide:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

plants mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 370 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 13.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 166.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201



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NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

#### Persistence and degradability

### **Components:**

2-Pyrrolidone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

### **Components:**

2-Pyrrolidone:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -0.71

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1.05

octanol/water

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: < 0.3

octanol/water

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4.51



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octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**Section 14: Transport information** 

**International Regulations** 

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(oxytetracycline)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(oxytetracycline)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(oxytetracycline)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes



# Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

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#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

NZS 5433

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(oxytetracycline)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazchem Code : 3Z

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **HSNO Approval Number**

HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard

#### **HSW Controls**

Certified handler certificate not required.

Tracking hazardous substance not required.

Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

### **Section 16: Other information**

Revision Date : 04.04.2023

**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.



# Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

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Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospher-

ic Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN