

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

### Section 1: Identification

Product name : Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908  
Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone : 0800 800 543

Emergency telephone number : 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) 0800 243 622 (0800 CHEMCALL)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

---

### Section 2: Hazard identification

#### GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Carcinogenicity (Oral) : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 1 (Central nervous system)  
single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Central nervous system)  
repeated exposure


Hazardous to the aquatic : Category 3  
environment - chronic hazard

#### GHS label elements

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

- Hazard pictograms : 
- Signal word : Danger
- Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H301 Toxic if swallowed.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.  
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).  
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.  
P242 Use non-sparking tools.  
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.  
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- Response:**  
P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Rinse mouth.  
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.  
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.  
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- Storage:**  
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 Store locked up.
- Disposal:**  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

disposal plant.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Pentobarbital sodium	57-33-0	>= 30 -< 50
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	>= 10 -< 20
Ethanol#	64-17-5	>= 10 -< 20
Phenytoin sodium	630-93-3	>= 1 -< 10
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	>= 1 -< 10

# Voluntarily-disclosed substance

### Section 4: First-aid measures

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
 When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
 Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.  
 Get medical attention.  
 Wash clothing before reuse.  
 Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.  
 Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
 Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.  
 Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.  
 Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Toxic if swallowed.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.  
 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
 Causes damage to organs.  
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Section 5: Fire-fighting measures**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.  
Flash back possible over considerable distance.  
Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.  
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)  
Metal oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.
- Hazchem Code : 3Y
- 

**Section 6: Accidental release measures**

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Remove all sources of ignition.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Non-sparking tools should be used.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.  
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.  
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

---

### Section 7: Handling and storage

- |                             |   |   |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Technical measures          | : | See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.   |
| Local/Total ventilation     | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.<br>Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.  |
| Advice on safe handling     | : | Do not get on skin or clothing.<br>Do not breathe mist or vapours.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Avoid contact with eyes.<br>Wash skin thoroughly after handling.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Non-sparking tools should be used.<br>Keep container tightly closed.<br>Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Hygiene measures            | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.<br>When using do not eat, drink or smoke.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.<br>The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.  |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labelled containers.<br>Store locked up.<br>Keep tightly closed.<br>Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.<br>Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  |
| Materials to avoid          | : | Do not store with the following product types:<br>Self-reactive substances and mixtures<br>Organic peroxides  |

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

Oxidizing agents  
 Flammable gases  
 Pyrophoric liquids  
 Pyrophoric solids  
 Self-heating substances and mixtures  
 Poisonous gases  
 Explosives

### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Pentobarbital sodium	57-33-0	TWA	40µg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	400µg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	WES-TWA (particulate)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Vapour and particulates)	150 ppm 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NZ OEL
Ethanol	64-17-5	WES-TWA	1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NZ OEL
		Further information: Ototoxin		
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Phenytoin sodium	630-93-3	TWA	50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	500 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal

**Engineering measures** : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).  
 All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.  
 Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).  
 Minimize open handling.  
 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type  
 Hand protection

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Material	:	Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks	:	Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.
Eye protection	:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

---

**Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	pink
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	44 - 60 °C
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle size	:	No data available

---

**Section 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

---

**Section 11: Toxicological information**

Exposure routes	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
-----------------	---	--

**Acute toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed.

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 261.96 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
---------------------	---	---



**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

**Components:****Pentobarbital sodium:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 118 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): 239 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rabbit): 175 mg/kg  
LD50 (Dog): 65 mg/kg

**Propylene glycol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 22,000 mg/kg  
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 44.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Ethanol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401  
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapour

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg  
Method: Expert judgement

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg  
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg  
Method: Expert judgement  
Remarks: Based on national or regional regulation.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result : No skin irritation

**Ethanol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result : No skin irritation

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result : No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Result : No eye irritation  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Ethanol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species : Rabbit  
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation****Skin sensitisation**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Test Type : Maximisation Test  
Exposure routes : Skin contact  
Species : Guinea pig  
Result : negative

**Ethanol:**

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)  
Exposure routes : Skin contact  
Species : Mouse  
Result : negative

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans  
Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

**Chronic toxicity****Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Ethanol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: equivocal

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-  
malian cells  
Result: positive  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo  
cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo  
cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.

**Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Species : Rat

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies (oral)

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 103 weeks  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451  
Result : negative

**Reproductive toxicity**

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Components:****Pentobarbital sodium:**

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Propylene glycol:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Ethanol:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Phenytoin sodium:**

- Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Effects on foetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

**Benzyl alcohol:**

- Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

**Components:****Pentobarbital sodium:**

- Exposure routes : Ingestion  
Target Organs : Central nervous system  
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:****Phenytoin sodium:**

- Exposure routes : Ingestion  
Target Organs : Central nervous system  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Repeated dose toxicity****Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Species : Rat, male  
NOAEL :  $\geq 1,700$  mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 yr

**Ethanol:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 1,280 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 3,156 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 90 Days

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL :  $> 100$  mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse  
NOAEL :  $> 10 - 100$  mg/kg  
LOAEL :  $> 10 - 100$  mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 1.072 mg/l  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time : 28 Days  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure****Components:****Pentobarbital sodium:**

Ingestion : Symptoms: dry mouth, mood swings, Dizziness, Headache, Nausea, central nervous system effects, Sweating

**Phenytoin sodium:**

## Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, constipation, confusion, Vomiting, central nervous system effects, Dizziness, insomnia, Blood disorders, Liver disorders, Tremors, anorexia

---

### Section 12: Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

##### Components:

##### **Pentobarbital sodium:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 49.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

##### **Propylene glycol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 18 h

##### **Ethanol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l  
Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l  
Exposure time: 16 h



**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Persistence and degradability****Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 98.3 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Ethanol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 84 %  
Exposure time: 20 d

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %  
Exposure time: 14 d

**Bioaccumulative potential****Components:****Propylene glycol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.07  
Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8

**Ethanol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.35

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.84  
Remarks: Calculation

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.05

**Mobility in soil**

No data available

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

---

**Section 13: Disposal considerations****Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.  
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.  
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

---

**Section 14: Transport information****International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**  
UN number : UN 1993

---

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version 8.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 671676-00021      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)  
Class : 3  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 3  
Environmentally hazardous : no

**IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No. : UN 1993  
Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.  
(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)  
Class : 3  
Packing group : III  
Labels : Flammable Liquids  
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366  
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

**IMDG-Code**

UN number : UN 1993  
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)  
Class : 3  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 3  
EmS Code : F-E, S-E  
Marine pollutant : no

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations****NZS 5433**

UN number : UN 1993  
Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)  
Class : 3  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 3  
Hazchem Code : 3Y  
Marine pollutant : no

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

---

**Section 15: Regulatory information**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

**HSNO Approval Number**

HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard

**HSW Controls**

Certified handler certificate not required.

Tracking hazardous substance not required.

Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

---

**Section 16: Other information**

Revision Date : 30.09.2023

**Further information**Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

**Full text of other abbreviations**

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
8.1	30.09.2023	671676-00021	Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

---

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN