

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 3.4
 30.09.2023
 5544428-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530

Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil CEP 12730-340

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Skin irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.



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H350 May cause cancer.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification Concentration (% w/w	
Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts	68955-20-4	Flammable solids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 5 Skin irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3	>= 10 -< 20
Coconut oil diethanolamide	68603-42-9	Skin irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage, Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2 Long-term (chronic)	>= 3 -< 5



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		aquatic hazard, Category 2	
Ethanol#	64-17-5	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2A	>= 1 -< 5
Permethrin (ISO)	52645-53-1	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Skin sensitization, Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Category 1	>= 1 -< 2,5
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Flammable gases, Category 1 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 2 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3 Skin corrosion, Category 1B Serious eye damage, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 2	>= 0,2 -< 0,25

[#] Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.



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If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If inhaled

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer.

This product contains a pyrethroid.

Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate

or organophosphate poisoning.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection. Protection of first-aiders

> and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Chlorine compounds Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulfur oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment.



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tive equipment and emergency procedures

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.



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> Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Ethanol	64-17-5	LT	780 ppm 1.480 mg/m³	BR OEL	
	Further information: Degree of harmfulness: minimum				
		STEL	1.000 ppm	ACGIH	
Permethrin (ISO)	52645-53-1	TWA	80 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
		Wipe limit	800 μg/100 cm ²	Internal	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	CEIL	1,6 ppm 2,3 mg/m ³	BR OEL	
	Further information: Degree of harmfulness: maximum				
		TWA	0,1 ppm	ACGIH	
		STEL	0,3 ppm	ACGIH	

Engineering measures Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or Respiratory protection

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapor and organic

vapor type

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks Consider double gloving.

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Eye protection

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,



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mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : amber

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 7,3 - 7,7

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1,025 - 1,035 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable



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Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4.010 mg/kg



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Permethrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Formaldehyde:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 270 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404



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Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation



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Formaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ethanol:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Permethrin (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Formaldehyde:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of high skin sensitization rate in

humans



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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: equivocal

Permethrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse



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Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Formaldehyde:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell

mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rat Result : negative

Species : Mouse Result : negative



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Formaldehyde:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 28 Months
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Formaldehyde:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Result: negative



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STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Formaldehyde:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Formaldehyde:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 428 mg/kg
LOAEL : 970 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 2 y

Ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1.280 mg/kg LOAEL : 3.156 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

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Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0,2201 mg/l Application Route : Inhalation Exposure time : 90 Days

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 175 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 6 ppm LOAEL : 10 ppm

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 5,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 34 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0,204 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 550 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0,01 - 0,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 830 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6.500 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Permethrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,00079 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0001 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,13

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,0023

mg/l



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Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0,00041 mg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0047 μg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10.000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Formaldehyde:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : 6,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 5,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 4,89 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): >= 48 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 6,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 34,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92,5 %



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

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Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Permethrin (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Formaldehyde:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3,75

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0,35

Permethrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,67

Formaldehyde:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0,35

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soilNo data available

Other adverse effects

No data available



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 3.4 30.09.2023 5544428-00009 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

964

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

ANTT

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 3.4 30.09.2023 5544428-00009 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH)

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Formaldehyde 50-00-0

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Coconut oil diethanolamide 68603-42-9

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal : Ethanol

Police

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2023 Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Data Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

BR OEL : Brazil. NR 15 - Unhealthy activities and operations

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

BR OEL / CEIL : Ceiling

BR OEL / LT : Up to 48 hours /week



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 3.4 30.09.2023 5544428-00009 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

BR / Z8