

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : MSD

Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts	68955-20-4	>= 10 -< 20	
Coconut oil diethanolamide	68603-42-9	>= 3 -< 5	
Ethanol#	64-17-5	>= 1 -< 5	
Permethrin (ISO)	52645-53-1	>= 1 -< 5	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	>= 0.2 -< 1	

[#] Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 4.1 30.09.2023 5544456-00009 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause cancer.

This product contains a pyrethroid.

Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate

or organophosphate poisoning.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Drv chemical None known.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Chlorine compounds

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulfur oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	VLE-CT	1,000 ppm	NOM-010- STPS-2014
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Permethrin (ISO)	52645-53-1	TWA	80 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	800 μg/100 cm ²	Internal
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	VLE-P	0.3 ppm	NOM-010-
				STPS-2014
		TWA	0.1 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	0.3 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapor and organic

vapor type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Appearance : liquid

Color : amber

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 7.3 - 7.7

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.025 - 1.035 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available



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 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac- : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

tions

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,010 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Permethrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Formaldehyde:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 270 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
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 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact

Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ethanol:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse : negative

Permethrin (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Formaldehyde:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of high skin sensitization rate in

humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: equivocal

Permethrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Formaldehyde:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rat Result : negative

Species : Mouse Result : negative

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 28 Months
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Formaldehyde:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Formaldehyde:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Formaldehyde:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 428 mg/kg LOAEL : 970 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat NOAEL : 50 mg/kg Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 2 y

Ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL : 3,156 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Permethrin (ISO):

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.2201 mg/l Application Route : Inhalation Exposure time : 90 Days

Species: RatNOAEL: 175 mg/kgApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 90 Days



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Formaldehyde:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 6 ppm
LOAEL : 10 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 34 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.204 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 550 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 830 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Permethrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l

Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Formaldehyde:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : 6.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 4.89 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): >= 48 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 6.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 34.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Permethrin (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Formaldehyde:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3.75

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0.35

Permethrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.67

Formaldehyde:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.35

Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Permethrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors,

essential chemical products and machinery for

Not applicable



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

producing capsules, tablets and pills.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2023 Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting

the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Con-

trol - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE- : Short term exposure limit value

CT

NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE- : Ceiling value

Ρ

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Sub-



Permethrin (1%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 4.1
 30.09.2023
 5544456-00009
 Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

stances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8