SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline / Bacitracin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 06.07.2024
10.1	28.09.2024	443940-00028	Date of first issue: 07.01.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline / Bacitracin Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions on use : Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD
Kilsheelan
Clonmel Tipperary, IE

Telephone : 353-51-601000

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A	H360D: May damage the unborn child.
Effects on or via lactation	H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Neomycin, sulfate (salt)
tetracycline hydrochloride
Bacitracin

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)

	Index-No. Registration number		
Neomycin, sulfate (salt)	1405-10-3 215-773-1	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373 (Kidney, inner ear) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 _____ M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1.000 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	>= 3 - < 10
tetracycline hydrochloride	64-75-5 200-593-8	Repr. 1A; H360D Lact.H362 STOT RE 2; H373 (Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 _____ M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 1 - < 2,5
Bacitracin	1405-87-4 215-786-2	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 0,25 - < 1
prednisolone	50-24-8 200-021-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 1; H372 (Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 0,1 - < 0,25

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures	:	If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Advice on common storage	:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)	:	No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	TWA (Vapour)	50 mg/m3	FOR-2011-12-06-1358
		TWA (Mist and particles)	1 mg/m3	FOR-2011-12-06-1358
Neomycin, sulfate (salt)	1405-10-3	TWA	1 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
	Further information: DSEN, OTO			
		Wipe limit	0.1 mg/100 cm²	Internal
tetracycline hydrochloride	64-75-5	TWA	0.9 mg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Bacitracin	1405-87-4	TWA	4 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
	Further information: DSEN, RSEN			
		Wipe limit	0.1 mg/100 cm²	Internal
prednisolone	50-24-8	TWA	10 µg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm²	Internal

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Neomycin, sulfate (salt)	Water	0,00004 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks	:	Consider double gloving.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Respiratory protection	:	If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to NS EN 14387
Filter type	:	Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	oily, suspension
Colour	:	No data available
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available

Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Explosives	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Molecular weight	:	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2.880 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): 2.750 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 633 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

LD50 (Mouse): 116 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Mouse): 27,6 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 275 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 6.443 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2.759 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 128 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 157 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Bacitracin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

prednisolone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 1.680 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): > 3.857 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Rat): 147 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous LD50 (Mouse): 767 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Mild skin irritation

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Remarks	:	No data available

prednisolone:

Remarks	:	No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Remarks	:	No data available

prednisolone:

Remarks	:	No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Humans
Result	:	positive

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Remarks	:	No data available

Bacitracin:

Test Type	:	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Result	:	positive
Assessment	:	Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

prednisolone:

Remarks	:	No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Result: negative Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Human lymphocytes Result: positive Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Cytogenetic assay Species: Mouse Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Intravenous injection Result: negative

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Bacitracin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

prednisolone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Species	:	Rat
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	103 W
Result	:	negative

Species	:	Mouse
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	103 W
Result	:	negative

prednisolone:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	18 Months
Result	:	negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Oral General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 275 mg/kg body weight Result: No adverse effects, No teratogenic effects Test Type: Development Species: Rat Application Route: Subcutaneous Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 6 mg/kg body weight Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Fertility: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Development Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Specific developmental abnormalities, Skeletal malformations
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Studies indicating a hazard to babies during the lactation period, May damage the unborn child.

Bacitracin:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

prednisolone:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat Application Route: Subcutaneous Fertility: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0,5 mg/kg body weight Result: Malformations were observed., Cleft palate Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: decreased blood formation

Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Target Organs : Kidney, inner ear
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Remarks : Based on human experience.

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Exposure routes : Oral
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Bacitracin:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

prednisolone:

Target Organs : Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Subcutaneous
Exposure time : 14 d
Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Guinea pig

NOAEL	:	50 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Intramuscular
Exposure time	:	30 - 60 Weeks
Target Organs	:	ear
Species	:	Guinea pig
NOAEL	:	10 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	90 d
Remarks	:	No significant adverse effects were reported
Species	:	Guinea pig
LOAEL	:	100 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Subcutaneous
Exposure time	:	34 d
Species	:	Dog
LOAEL	:	24 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Intramuscular
Exposure time	:	30 d
Target Organs	:	Kidney
Species	:	Rat
LOAEL	:	25 mg/kg
Application Route	:	oral (feed)
Exposure time	:	84 Weeks
Target Organs	:	ear
Symptoms	:	hearing loss
Remarks	:	mortality observed
Species	:	Dog
LOAEL	:	20 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Subcutaneous
Exposure time	:	90 d
Target Organs	:	Kidney

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	625 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	1.250 mg/kg
Application Route	:	oral (feed)
Exposure time	:	13 W
Target Organs	:	Liver
Symptoms	:	Reduced body weight
Species	:	Mouse
NOAEL	:	3.750 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	7.500 mg/kg
Application Route	:	oral (feed)
Exposure time	:	13 W

Symptoms : Reduced body weight

Bacitracin:

Species	:	Rat
LOAEL	:	> 10 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	13 Weeks
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

prednisolone:

Species	:	Rat
LOAEL	:	0,6 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	63 Days
Target Organs	:	Bone marrow

Species	:	Dog
LOAEL	:	2,5 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	6 Weeks
Target Organs	:	Adrenal gland

Species	:	Rabbit
LOAEL	:	1 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	24 Weeks
Target Organs	:	Liver

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Not applicable

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Skin contact	:	Symptoms: Sensitisation Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact	:	Remarks: May cause eye irritation.
Ingestion	:	Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, tinnitus, hearing loss, Loss of balance

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Ingestion	:	Target Organs: Teeth Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Liver effects, skin rash, central nervous system effects Remarks: May cause sensitisation of susceptible persons. May cause photosensitisation. Based on Human Evidence

prednisolone:

Ingestion	:	Symptoms: sodium retention, Headache, Vertigo, fluid retention, subcutaneous bleeding, striae, skin atrophy, menstrual irregularities

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 72 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 LC50 (Americamysis): 39 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0,00075 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0,0003 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,0099 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,0022 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1.000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Natural microorganism): 107,6 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC10 (Natural microorganism): 2,8 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 6,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 2,5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3,31 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,032 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0,09 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : 0,08 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Bacitracin:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Artemia salina (brine shrimp)): 21,8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 10 mg/l Exposure time: 10 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

prednisolone:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 85 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 160 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 160 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0,23 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Biodegradability	:	Result: rapidly degradable Biodegradation: 50 % Exposure time: 1,2 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: < -2

tetracycline hydrochloride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -1,37 pH: 7

Bacitracin:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0,8

prednisolone:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1,46

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 3082

ADR : UN 3082

RID : UN 3082

IMDG : UN 3082

IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Neomycin, sulfate (salt), tetracycline hydrochloride)

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Neomycin, sulfate (salt), tetracycline hydrochloride)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Neomycin, sulfate (salt), tetracycline hydrochloride)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Neomycin, sulfate (salt), tetracycline hydrochloride)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Neomycin, sulfate (salt), tetracycline hydrochloride)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

	Class	Subsidiary risks
ADN	9	
ADR	9	
RID	9	
IMDG	9	
IATA	9	

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M6
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9

ADR

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M6
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9
Tunnel restriction code	:	(-)

RID

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M6
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9

IMDG

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y964
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y964
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

Number on list 75: If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your vendor.

Substance(s) or mixture(s) are listed here according to their appearance in the regulation, irrespective of their use/purpose or the conditions of the restriction. Please refer to the conditions in corresponding Regulation to determine whether an entry is applicable to the placing on the market or not.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).	:	Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals	:	Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

		Quantity 1	Quantity 2
E1	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	100 t	200 t

Other regulations:

Note the Working Environment Act § 4-1 and § 4-2 on requirements for the employer to protect pregnant employees against discomfort and injury as a result of the work situation and the working environment.
Note the regulation on organization, leadership and participation, chapter 12 on the work of children and young people.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information	:	Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D	:	May damage the unborn child.
H361d	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H362	:	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Lact.	:	Effects on or via lactation
Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
FOR-2011-12-06-1358	:	Norway. Occupational Exposure limits
FOR-2011-12-06-1358 / TWA	:	Long term exposure limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Ef-

fect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1A	H360D	Calculation method
Lact.	H362	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NO / EN