

Vers 7.1	ion	Revision Date: 06.04.2024		S Number: 97584-00020	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023 Date of first issue: 08.06.2017			
	TION 1 Produc	: IDENTIFICATION t name	:	Sulfadiazine (20%	%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation			
	Manufa	acturer or supplier's d	letai	ls				
	Company Address		:	Intervet Australia Pty Limited (trading as MSD Animal Health)				
			:	91-105 Harpin St Bendigo 3550, V				
	Teleph	one	:	1 800 033 461				
	Emerge	ency telephone number	:	Poisons Informat	ion Centre: Phone 13 11 26			
	E-mail	address	:	EHSDATASTEW	ARD@msd.com			
	Recom	mended use of the ch	nem	ical and restrictio	ons on use			
		mended use tions on use	:	Veterinary produc Not applicable	ct			

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Sub-category 1B
Serious eye damage/eye irri- tation	:	Category 1
Respiratory sensitisation	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Bone marrow)
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



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Supp	lemental Hazard State-	difficulties if inh H335 May caus H361d Suspect H373 May caus prolonged or re	se allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing aled. se respiratory irritation. red of damaging the unborn child. se damage to organs (Bone marrow) through peated exposure. sive to the respiratory tract.
ments			
Preca	autionary statements	P202 Do not ha and understood P260 Do not br P264 Wash ski P271 Use only P280 Wear pro tion/ face prote	eathe mist or vapours. n thoroughly after handling. outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. tective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-
		Do NOT induce CENTER/ doctor P303 + P361 + immediately all shower. Immed P304 + P340 + and keep comfor doctor if you fee P305 + P351 + water for severa and easy to do. CENTER/ doctor P308 + P313 IF attention. P342 + P311 If POISON CENT	P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water of iately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh a ortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER el unwell. P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously wi al minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON or. E exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a
		Storage:	
		P405 Store locl Disposal:	νeu up.
		-	of contents/ container to an approved waste

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
sulfadiazine	68-35-9	20
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	4
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	3
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	111-42-2	0.6

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad- vice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
In case of skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	:	
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes severe burns. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Causes digestive tract burns. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reac- tive airways dysfunction syndrome).
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,



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Notes to physician			when the potentia	nmended personal protective equipment Il for exposure exists (see section 8). cally and supportively.				
SEC		. FIREFIGHTING MEA	SU					
	Suitabl	e extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant Carbon dioxide (C Dry chemical				
	Unsuita media	able extinguishing	:	None known.				
	Specifi	c hazards during fire-	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.				
	fighting Hazardous combustion prod- ucts		:	Carbon oxides Metal oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)				
	Specific extinguishing meth- ods		:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.				
	Special protective equipment : In the event of fi		In the event of fire Use personal pro	e, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. tective equipment.				
SEC	TION 6	. ACCIDENTAL RELE	AS	E MEASURES				
	tive eq	al precautions, protec- uipment and emer- procedures	:	Follow safe hand	tective equipment. ing advice (see section 7) and personal pro- t recommendations (see section 8).			
	Enviror	nmental precautions	:		he environment. akage or spillage if safe to do so. g over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil			

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

ment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items



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		mine which reg Sections 13 and	e cleanup of releases. You will need to deter- ulations are applicable. d 15 of this SDS provide information regarding national requirements.				
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND ST	TORAGE					
Tech	nical measures		g measures under EXPOSURE				
Local	/Total ventilation	: If sufficient ven	CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section. : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust				
	e on safe handling	Do not swallow Do not get in ey Wash skin thore Handle in accor practice, based sessment Keep container Already sensitis to asthma, aller should consult tory irritants or Do not eat, drin Take care to pr environment.	mist or vapours. yes. bughly after handling. rdance with good industrial hygiene and safety on the results of the workplace exposure as- tightly closed. sed individuals, and those susceptible gies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, their physician regarding working with respira- sensitisers. k or smoke when using this product. event spills, waste and minimize release to the				
Hygie	ene measures	flushing system place. When using do Wash contamin The effective op engineering con appropriate deg	hemical is likely during typical use, provide eye as and safety showers close to the working not eat, drink or smoke. hated clothing before re-use. beration of a facility should include review of htrols, proper personal protective equipment, gowning and decontamination procedures, ne monitoring, medical surveillance and the rative controls.				
Cond	itions for safe storage	: Keep in properl Store locked up Keep tightly clo Keep in a cool,	y labelled containers. b. sed. well-ventilated place.				
Mate	rials to avoid	: Do not store wi					



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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
sulfadiazine	68-35-9	TWA	2 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	TWA	400 µg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Peak limit	2 mg/m3	AU OEL
		С	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	111-42-2	TWA	3 ppm 13 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

techn less o All en desig prote	ppropriate engineering controls and manufacturing ologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip- uick connections). gineering controls should be implemented by facility n and operated in accordance with GMP principles to ct products, workers, and the environment. atory operations do not require special containment.
Personal protective equipment	
sure	quate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo- assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec- ended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
	ulates type
Hand protection Material : Cherr	ical-resistant gloves
If the mists Wear poten aeros	
Skin and body protection : Work	uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	off-white to beige
Odour	:	No data available

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	<u>.</u>	-		N I 17 9111	
	Odour	Threshold	:	No data available)
	рН		:	10.0 - 10.5	
	Melting	point/freezing point	:	No data available)
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	No data available)
	Flash p	point	:	No data available)
	Evapor	ation rate	:	No data available)
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
	Flamma	ability (liquids)	:	No data available)
		explosion limit / Upper bility limit	:	No data available	•
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	No data available	
	Vapour	pressure	:	No data available)
	Relative	e vapour density	:	No data available)
	Relative	e density	:	No data available)
	Density	/	:	No data available)
	Solubili				
		er solubility	:	No data available)
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	Not applicable	
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	No data available)
	Decom	position temperature	:	No data available)
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, kinematic	:	No data available	
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not explosive	
		ng properties	:	The substance of	r mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
	Particle Particle	e characteristics e size	:	Not applicable	



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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	Stable u	sified as a reactivity hazard. nder normal conditions. ct with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials	None kr Oxidizin Acids	iown. g agents
Hazardous decomposition products	No haza	rdous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion
		Eye contact
Acute toxicity		
Not classified based on availab	ole	information.
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Components:		
sulfadiazine:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Mouse): 1,500 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Rat): 880 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous
		LD50 (Mouse): 180 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous
Trimethoprim:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,500 - 5,300 mg/kg
		LD50 (Mouse): 1,910 - 7,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal



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			LD50 (Dog): 90 Application Rout	
			LD50 (Mouse): Application Rout	
Sodiu	um hydroxide:			
Acute	e inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: Co	prrosive to the respiratory tract.
2,2'-lı	minodiethanol:			
Acute	e oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,60	00 mg/kg
Acute	inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere	4 h
-	corrosion/irritation es severe burns.			
Com	ponents:			
sulfa	diazine:			
Resu Rema		:	Skin irritation Based on data f	rom similar materials
Sodiu	um hydroxide:			
Resu	lt	:	Corrosive after 3	3 minutes or less of exposure
2,2'-lı	minodiethanol:			
Speci Resu		:	Rabbit Skin irritation	
Serio	ous eye damage/eye ir	ritati	on	
	es serious eye damage	Э.		
	ponents:			
	diazine:		Dobbit	
Speci Resu Rema	lt	:		, reversing within 7 days rom similar materials
Sodiu	um hydroxide:			
Resu Rema	lt	:	Irreversible effect Based on skin c	



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2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species:RabbitResult:Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

sulfadiazine:

Test Type : Species : Result : Remarks :	Maximisation Test Guinea pig Not a skin sensitizer. Based on data from similar materials
Trimethoprim:	
Test Type:Exposure routes:Species:Result:	Maximisation Test Dermal Guinea pig Not a skin sensitizer.
Sodium hydroxide:	
Test Type:Exposure routes:Result:	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT) Skin contact negative
2,2'-Iminodiethanol:	
Test Type:Exposure routes:Species:Method:Result:	Maximisation Test Skin contact Guinea pig OECD Test Guideline 406 negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

sulfadiazine:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative



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		Test Type: C Test system Result: nega	ased on data from similar materials Chromosomal aberration : Chinese hamster ovary cells ative ased on data from similar materials
Trime	ethoprim:		
Geno	otoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: E Result: nega	Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) ative
		Test Type: C Result: nega	Chromosomal aberration ative
		Test Type: li Result: nega	n vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test ative
			DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn- mmalian cells (in vitro) ative
Geno	toxicity in vivo	: Test Type: N Species: Ra Result: nega	
		Test Type: 0 Species: Hu Result: nega	
-	minodiethanol:		
Geno	otoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: E Result: nega	Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) ative
		Test Type: lı Result: nega	n vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test ative
		Test Type: 0 Result: nega	Chromosome aberration test in vitro ative
		Test Type: lı malian cells Result: nega	n vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam- ative
Geno	otoxicity in vivo	cytogenetic Species: Mo	use Route: Skin contact



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Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:		
Species Application Route Exposure time Result Remarks	:	Mouse Skin contact 103 weeks positive The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu- mans.
Species Application Route Exposure time Result	:	Rat Skin contact 103 weeks negative
Carcinogenicity - Assess- ment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car- cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

sulfadiazine:		
Effects on foetal develop- ment	:	Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the off- spring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Trimethoprim:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal develop- ment	:	Test Type: Development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight Result: Effects on newborn Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development Species: Rat



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				Result: Embryoto:	oxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
	Reproc sessme	luctive toxicity - As- ent	:	Suspected of dam	aging the unborn child.
	2,2'-Im	inodiethanol:			
	Effects	on fertility	:	Test Type: One-g Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD To Result: positive	
	Effects ment	on foetal develop-	:	Test Type: One-g Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD To Result: positive	eneration reproduction toxicity study : Ingestion est Guideline 443
	Reproc sessme	luctive toxicity - As- ent	:		f adverse effects on sexual function and development, based on animal experiments.
	May ca	- single exposure use respiratory irritation ive to the respiratory tra			
	Compo	onents:			
	sulfadi	iazine:			
	Assess	ment	:	May cause respira	atory irritation.



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STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components: Trimethoprim: **Target Organs** : Bone marrow Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. 2,2'-Iminodiethanol: Exposure routes : Ingestion Target Organs : Kidney, Blood, Liver, Nervous system Assessment Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-: centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw. Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume) Target Organs : Kidnev, Blood Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d. Exposure routes : Skin contact Target Organs Blood, Liver, Kidney : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-Assessment : centrations of >20 to 200 mg/kg bw. Repeated dose toxicity **Components:** Trimethoprim: **Species** Rat :

NOAEL LOAEL Application Route Exposure time Target Organs	:	100 mg/kg 300 mg/kg Oral 6 Months Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid
Species LOAEL Application Route Exposure time Target Organs	:	Rat 300 mg/kg Oral 3 Months Bone marrow
Species NOAEL LOAEL Application Route Exposure time Target Organs	:	Dog 2.5 mg/kg 45 mg/kg Oral 3 Months Blood, Thyroid

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Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation

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2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species LOAEL Application Route Exposure time	:	Rat, female 14 mg/kg Ingestion 13 Weeks
Species NOAEL Application Route Exposure time Method	: : : : :	Rat 0.015 mg/l inhalation (dust/mist/fume) 90 Days OECD Test Guideline 413
Species LOAEL Application Route Exposure time	:	Rat 32 mg/kg Skin contact 13 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

sulfadiazine:		
General Information	:	May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation.
Trimethoprim:		
Ingestion	:	Target Organs: Bone marrow Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash, Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

	6	1	
su	itac	liaz	ine:

Sunaulazine.		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 17 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h



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				act Cuideline 201
				est Guideline 201
			Exposure time: 72	a flos-aquae): 3.9 mg/l 2 h est Guideline 201
			mg/l Exposure time: 72	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 2 h est Guideline 201
			mg/l Exposure time: 72	rchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.13 2 h est Guideline 201
			EC50 (Microcysti Exposure time: 7 Method: ISO 869	
aqua	city to daphnia and other tic invertebrates (Chron- kicity)	:	Exposure time: 2	magna (Water flea)): 6.2 mg/l 1 d est Guideline 211
Τοχία	city to microorganisms	:	EC50: > 1,000 m Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respi Method: OECD T	ĥ
			NOEC: 1,000 mg Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respi Method: OECD T	h
Trim	ethoprim:			
	city to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephale Exposure time: 96	s promelas (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l 6 h
	city to daphnia and other tic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 44	nagna Straus): 92 mg/l 8 h
Toxic plant	city to algae/aquatic s	:	EC50 (Pseudokin mg/l Exposure time: 72	chneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 80.3 2 h
			NOEC (Pseudoki mg/l Exposure time: 72	rchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16 2 h
			EC50 (Anabaena	flos-aquae): 253 mg/l



rsion	Revision Date: 06.04.2024		OS Number: 37584-00020	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023 Date of first issue: 08.06.2017
			Exposure time: 72	2 h
			EC10 (Anabaena Exposure time: 72	flos-aquae): 26 mg/l 2 h
Toxicit icity)	y to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC (Zebrafish Exposure time: 2	
aquatio	invertebrates (Chron-	:	NOEC (Daphnia Exposure time: 2	magna (Water flea)): 6 mg/l 1 d
ic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms		:	EC10: 16.7 mg/l Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respi Method: OECD T	
			EC50: > 1,000 m Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respi Method: OECD T	hrs
	linodiethanol: y to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhyno Exposure time: 90	chus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 460 mg/l 6 h
	y to daphnia and other c invertebrates	:	EC50 (Ceriodaph Exposure time: 4	nia dubia (water flea)): 30.1 mg/l 8 h
Toxicit plants	y to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Pseudoki mg/l Exposure time: 72	rchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9. 2 h
			EC10 (Pseudokin mg/l Exposure time: 72	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.1 2 h
aquatio	invertebrates (Chron-	:	EC10 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 2	nagna (Water flea)): 1.05 mg/l 1 d
ic toxic Toxicit	aty) y to microorganisms	:	Exposure time: 3	sludge): > 1,000 mg/l 0 min est Guideline 209
Persis	tence and degradabili	ty		
Comp	onents:			
	iazine: gradability	:	Result: Not readil Biodegradation:	



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		Exposure time: Method: OECD	: 28 d 9 Test Guideline 314
Tuine			
Trimethoprim: Biodegradability		Biodegradatior Exposure time:	
		Biodegradatior Exposure time:	
2,2'-lı	minodiethanol:		
Biode	gradability	Biodegradation Exposure time:	
Bioad	ccumulative potentia	ıl	
<u>Com</u>	ponents:		
Partit	diazine: ion coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: 0.12	
Trime	ethoprim:		
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: 0.91	
Partit	minodiethanol: ion coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: -2.46 Method: OECD) Test Guideline 107
	lity in soil ata available		
110 00	r adverse effects		

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
		Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-
Contaminated packaging	:	· · ·



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dling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Environmentally hazardous	:	UN 1824 SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION 8 II 8 yes
IATA-DGR UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft)	:	UN 1824 Sodium hydroxide solution 8 II Corrosive 855 851
IMDG-Code UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels EmS Code Marine pollutant	:	UN 1824 SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION (sulfadiazine, Trimethoprim) 8 II 8 F-A, S-B yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG		
UN number	:	UN 1824
Proper shipping name	:	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Class	:	8
Packing group	:	11
Labels	:	8
Hazchem Code	:	2R
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data



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Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix- ture				
Therapeutic Goods (Poisons : Standard) Instrument		e the original publication to check for onditions or threshold limits that might		
Prohibition/Licensing Requireme	nts :	There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcino- gens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regula- tions.		
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:				
AICS :	not determined			
DSL :	not determined			
IECSC :	not determined			

SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	06.04.2024 Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen- cy, http://echa.europa.eu/		
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy		
Full text of other abbreviations				
ACGIH AU OEL	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Con- taminants.		
ACGIH / TWA ACGIH / C AU OEL / TWA AU OEL / Peak limit	:	8-hour, time-weighted average Ceiling limit Exposure standard - time weighted average Exposure standard - peak		

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with



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x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States): UN - United Nations: UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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