according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid **Formulation**

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

: Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions

on use

Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company **MSD** 

Kilsheelan

Clonmel Tipperary, IE

Telephone 353-51-601000

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single ex-

posure, Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 2

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-

longed or repeated exposure.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH071

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

sulfadiazine Trimethoprim Sodium hydroxide

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
sulfadiazine	68-35-9 200-685-8	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 ——— M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1 ——— Acute toxicity estimate  Acute oral toxicity: 1.500 mg/kg	20
Trimethoprim	738-70-5 212-006-2	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 1; H372 (Bone marrow) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	4
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2 215-185-5 011-002-00-6	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 EUH014, EUH071  specific concentration limit Skin Corr. 1A;	3

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		H314 >= 5 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314 2 - < 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,5 - < 2 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 0,5 - < 2 % EUH071 >= 2 %	
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	111-42-2 203-868-0 603-071-00-1	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 2; H361 STOT RE 2; H373 (Kidney, Blood, Liver, Nervous system) Acute toxicity estimate  Acute oral toxicity: 1.600 mg/kg	0,6

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention immediately.

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Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks Causes serious eye damage.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

Causes severe burns.

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Causes digestive tract burns.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reac-

tive airways dysfunction syndrome).

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment** : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

fighting

Specific hazards during fire- : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

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Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapours.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respira-

tory irritants or sensitisers.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contami-

nated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in

accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
sulfadiazine	68-35-9	TWA	2 mg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	TWA	400 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Т	2 mg/m3	FOR-2011-
				12-06-1358
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	111-42-2	TWA	3 ppm	FOR-2011-
			15 mg/m3	12-06-1358

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Sodium hydroxide	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	1 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	1 mg/m3
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,75 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0,5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,13 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,125 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	0,125 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,07 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0,06 mg/kg bw/day

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
sulfadiazine	Water	0,01 mg/l
Trimethoprim	Water	0,9 mg/l
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	Fresh water	0,021 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	0,095 mg/l
	Marine water	0,002 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,096 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0,009 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	1,63 mg/kg dry

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	weight (d.w.)
Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	1,04 mg/kg food

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## **Engineering measures**

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less guick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

## Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : '

: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Equipment should conform to NS EN 143

Filter type : Particulates type (P)

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : off-white to beige

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

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Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : 10,0 - 10,5

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Evaporation rate : No data available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

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Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

Acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 1.500 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 880 mg/kg

**Application Route: Intravenous** 

LD50 (Mouse): 180 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Trimethoprim:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.500 - 5.300 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 1.910 - 7.000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

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LD50 (Dog): 90 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 132 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium hydroxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.600 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): > 3,35 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

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2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Trimethoprim:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Exposure routes : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

**Sodium hydroxide:** 

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : negative

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

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Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Trimethoprim:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Humans Result: negative

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

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#### **Components:**

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Species : Rat

Application Route : Skin contact Exposure time : 103 weeks Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Components:** 

sulfadiazine:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Trimethoprim:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on newborn

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight

Result: Embryotoxic effects.

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

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Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development Species: Hamster Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1,7 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: positive

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

## STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### **Components:**

#### sulfadiazine:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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**Components:** 

**Trimethoprim:** 

Target Organs : Bone marrow

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Exposure routes : Ingestion

Target Organs : Kidney, Blood, Liver, Nervous system

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >10 to 100 mg/kg bw.

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Kidney, Blood

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

Exposure routes : Skin contact

Target Organs : Blood, Liver, Kidney

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of >20 to 200 mg/kg bw.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Trimethoprim:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 100 mg/kg LOAEL : 300 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 6 Months

Target Organs : Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Bone marrow

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2,5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 45 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Blood, Thyroid

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Species : Rat, female

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation

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LOAEL : 14 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0,015 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 32 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

sulfadiazine:

General Information : May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation.

Trimethoprim:

Ingestion : Target Organs: Bone marrow

Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash, Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

sulfadiazine:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 17 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 3,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,13

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0,135 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 Days Method: ISO 8692

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 6,2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Trimethoprim:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna Straus): 92 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 80,3

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 253 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 26 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 : 16,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 hrs

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50 : > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 hrs

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,157 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Zebrafish

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 30,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9,5

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid **Formulation**

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Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC10: 1,05 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## **Components:**

sulfadiazine:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

**Trimethoprim:** 

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Result: Not inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 93 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

## **Components:**

sulfadiazine:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0,12

Trimethoprim:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 0,91

octanol/water

2,2'-Iminodiethanol:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -2,46

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 1824
ADR : UN 1824
RID : UN 1824
IMDG : UN 1824
IATA : UN 1824

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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ADN : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
ADR : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
RID : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
IMDG : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

(sulfadiazine, Trimethoprim)

IATA : Sodium hydroxide solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADN : 8
ADR : 8
RID : 8
IMDG : 8
IATA : 8

## 14.4 Packing group

**ADN** 

Packing group : II
Classification Code : C5
Hazard Identification Number : 80
Labels : 8

**ADR** 

Packing group : II
Classification Code : C5
Hazard Identification Number : 80
Labels : 8
Tunnel restriction code : (E)

**RID** 

Packing group : II
Classification Code : C5
Hazard Identification Number : 80
Labels : 8

**IMDG** 

Packing group : II Labels : 8

EmS Code : F-A, S-B

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 855

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y840
Packing group : II

Labels : Corrosive

IATA (Passenger)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid **Formulation**

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851

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) Y840 Packing group

Labels Corrosive

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADN** 

Environmentally hazardous yes

Environmentally hazardous yes

Environmentally hazardous yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant yes

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

Number on list 75: If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your vendor.

Substance(s) or mixture(s) are listed here according to their appearance in the regulation, irrespective of their use/purpose or the conditions of the restriction. Please refer to the conditions in corresponding Regulation to determine whether an entry is applicable to the placing on the market or not.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

:

Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) on substances that deplete the ozone

Not applicable

layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

Not applicable

tants (recast)

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia-

Not applicable

ment and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of

major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1

Quantity 2

E2

ENVIRONMENTAL

200 t

500 t

HAZARDS

### Other regulations:

Note the Working Environment Act § 4-1 and § 4-2 on requirements for the employer to protect pregnant employees against discomfort and injury as a result of the work situation and the working environment.

Note the regulation on organization, leadership and participation, chapter 12 on the work of children and young people.

## The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H290 : May be corrosive to metals.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage. H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



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H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH014 : Reacts violently with water. EUH071 : Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Met. Corr. : Corrosive to metals

Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 : Norway. Occupational Exposure limits

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 / : Long term exposure limit

TWA

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 / T : Ceiling

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quanti-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878



# Sulfadiazine (20%) / Trimethoprim (4%) Liquid Formulation

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tative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

#### Classification of the mixture:

## Classification procedure:

Skin Corr. 1B	H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
Repr. 2	H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NO / EN