

Sulfadoxine / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 5.0 Revision Date: 04.04.2023 SDS Number: 1686806-00018 Date of last issue: 16.08.2022
Date of first issue: 17.05.2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sulfadoxine / Trimethoprim Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use :
Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989****Classification**

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Bone marrow)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 2

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H318 Causes serious eye damage. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours. P264+P265 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Response: P305 + P354 + P338 + P317 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help. P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice. P391 Collect spillage. Storage: P405 Store locked up. Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
1,3-Dioxan-5-ol	4740-78-7	>= 30 - < 50
1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol	5464-28-8	>= 30 - < 50
Sulfadoxine	2447-57-6	>= 10 - < 20
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	>= 3 - < 5
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	>= 2 - < 3

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
 When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

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If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

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- barriers).
 Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
 Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.
 For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
 Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
 Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe mist or vapours.
 Do not swallow.
 Do not get in eyes.
 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
 Store locked up.
 Keep tightly closed.
 Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
 Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Sulfadoxine	2447-57-6	TWA	30 µg/m ³ (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	300 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	TWA	400 µg/m ³ (OEB 2)	Internal

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Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	CEIL	2 mg/m3	IN OEL
		C	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
 All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
 Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
 Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
 If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
 Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
 Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
 Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
 The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : light brown, yellow

Odour : No data available

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Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	9.3 - 10.0
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.210 - 1.250 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable
Particle size	:	Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	None known.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents Acids
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure :

- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sulfadoxine:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Mouse): 5,200 mg/kg
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Trimethoprim:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,500 - 5,300 mg/kg LD50 (Mouse): 1,910 - 7,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal LD50 (Dog): 90 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous LD50 (Mouse): 132 mg/kg

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Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium hydroxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : No skin irritation

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Species : Rabbit
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
 Result : No skin irritation
 Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Species : Rabbit
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
 Result : No skin irritation
 Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sulfadoxine:

Species : Rabbit
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
 Result : irritating

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Species : Rabbit
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
 Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
 Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Species : Rabbit
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
 Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
 Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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Sulfadoxine:

||Result : irritating

Sodium hydroxide:

||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
||Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Species : Guinea pig
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
||Result : negative
||Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Species : Guinea pig
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
||Result : negative
||Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Trimethoprim:

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Dermal
||Species : Guinea pig
||Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Sodium hydroxide:

||Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

||Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
 Result: negative

: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
 Species: Mouse
 Result: negative
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
 Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
 Result: negative

: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
 Species: Mouse
 Result: negative

Trimethoprim:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
 Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
 Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
 Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
 Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
 Species: Rat
 Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
 Species: Humans
 Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:**Trimethoprim:**

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Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Effects on newborn
 Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects.
 Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
 Species: Hamster
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.7 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rabbit
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Sulfadoxine:**

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Components:**Trimethoprim:**

Target Organs : Bone marrow
 Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Trimethoprim:**

Species : Rat
 NOAEL : 100 mg/kg
 LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
 Application Route : Oral
 Exposure time : 6 Months
 Target Organs : Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid

Species : Rat
 LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
 Application Route : Oral
 Exposure time : 3 Months
 Target Organs : Bone marrow

Species : Dog
 NOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg
 LOAEL : 45 mg/kg
 Application Route : Oral
 Exposure time : 3 Months
 Target Organs : Blood, Thyroid

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure**Components:****Sulfadoxine:**

Ingestion : Target Organs: Blood
 Symptoms: The most common side effects are:, Nausea, Vomiting, Headache, anemia, Rash, Stevens-Johnson syndrome

Trimethoprim:

Ingestion : Target Organs: Bone marrow
 Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash, Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Toxicity to fish	: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC10: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Toxicity to fish	: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC10: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Sulfadoxine:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 17 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 3.9 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.13 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.135 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Method: ISO 8692 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	: 1
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: 6.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic	: 1

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toxicity)

Trimethoprim:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna Straus): 92 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 80.3 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
		NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
		EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 253 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
		EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 26 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC10: 16.7 mg/l Exposure time: 3 hrs Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
		EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 hrs Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0.157 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Zebrafish
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Persistence and degradability**Components:****1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,3-Dioxolan-4-ylmethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Sulfadoxine:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
 Biodegradation: 5 %
 Exposure time: 28 d
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Trimethoprim:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
 Biodegradation: 4 %
 Exposure time: 28 d
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Result: Not inherently biodegradable.
 Biodegradation: 0 %
 Exposure time: 28 d
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.65

Trimethoprim:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.91

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
 Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
 If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**International Regulations****UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 3082
 Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

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		(Sulfadoxine, Trimethoprim)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Sulfadoxine, Trimethoprim)

Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sulfadoxine, Trimethoprim)

Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Further information

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Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit
IN OEL / CEIL : ceiling limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their

Sulfadoxine / Trimethoprim Formulation

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intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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