

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530
Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil CEP 12730-340

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard**

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Skin corrosion : Category 1A

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Bone marrow)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
 Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Hazard Statements : H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 H373 May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
 P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
 P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
 P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
 P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Sulfamethoxazole	723-46-6	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 5 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 30 -< 50
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Bone marrow), Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard,	>= 5 -< 10

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
 Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

		Category 2	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Corrosive to Metals, Category 1 Skin corrosion, Category 1A Serious eye damage, Category 1	$\geq 5 < 10$

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention immediately.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention immediately.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May be harmful if swallowed.
Causes serious eye damage.
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Causes severe burns.
Causes digestive tract burns.
Corrosive to respiratory system.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical None known.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulfur oxides Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not get on skin or clothing.

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
 Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
 Do not swallow.
 Do not get in eyes.
 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures** : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
 The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
- Conditions for safe storage** : Keep in properly labeled containers.
 Store locked up.
 Keep tightly closed.
 Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Materials to avoid** : Do not store with the following product types:
 Strong oxidizing agents
 Self-reactive substances and mixtures
 Organic peroxides
 Explosives
 Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Sulfamethoxazole	723-46-6	TWA	OEB 2 ($\geq 100 < 1000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Internal
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	TWA	400 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (OEB 2)	Internal
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	C	2 mg/m^3	ACGIH

- Engineering measures** : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
 All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
 Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Filter type : Particulates type
- Hand protection
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves
- Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
- Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
-

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : suspension
- Color : white to off-white
- Odor : No data available
- Odor Threshold : No data available
- pH : 9,5 - 12,5
- Melting point/freezing point : No data available
- Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
- Flash point : No data available
- Evaporation rate : No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
- Flammability (liquids) : No data available
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
- Vapor pressure : No data available
- Relative vapor density : No data available
- Relative density : No data available
- Density : 1,179 g/cm³

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Acids

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3.531 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:**Sulfamethoxazole:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2.300 mg/kg

Trimethoprim:

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.500 - 5.300 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1.910 - 7.000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Dog): 90 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 132 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium hydroxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Components:**Sulfamethoxazole:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:**Sodium hydroxide:**

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

Respiratory or skin sensitization**Skin sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Sulfamethoxazole:**

Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Trimethoprim:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Sodium hydroxide:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Sulfamethoxazole:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow
cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Trimethoprim:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-
thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Components:**Sulfamethoxazole:**

Species : Mouse
 Application Route : Ingestion
 Exposure time : 26 weeks
 Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:**Trimethoprim:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Effects on newborn.
 Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects.
 Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rat
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Hamster
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1,7 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
 Species: Rabbit
 Application Route: Oral
 Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
 Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:**Trimethoprim:**

Target Organs : Bone marrow
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Trimethoprim:**

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months
Target Organs : Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Bone marrow

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2,5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 45 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Blood, Thyroid

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure**Components:****Trimethoprim:**

Ingestion : Target Organs: Bone marrow
Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash, Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sulfamethoxazole:

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (<i>Oryzias latipes</i> (Japanese medaka)): 562,5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> (water flea)): 0,21 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | EC50 (<i>Synechococcus leopoliensis</i> (blue-green algae)): 0,0268 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| | | NOEC (<i>Synechococcus leopoliensis</i> (blue-green algae)): 0,0059 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | : | 10 |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (<i>Danio rerio</i> (zebra fish)): 0,533 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (<i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)): 0,01 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d |
| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) | : | 10 |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | NOEC (activated sludge): 3,76 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D |

Trimethoprim:

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (<i>Pimephales promelas</i> (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i> Straus (Water flea)): 92 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | EC50 (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (microalgae)): 80,3 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h |
| | | NOEC (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae)): 16 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h |
| | | EC50 (<i>Anabaena flos-aquae</i>): 253 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h |
| | | EC10 (<i>Anabaena flos-aquae</i>): 26 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h |

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Zebrafish): 0,157 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: 16,7 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 hrs
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50: > 1.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 hrs
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability**Components:****Sulfamethoxazole:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Trimethoprim:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Result: Not inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****Sulfamethoxazole:**

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 120

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,89

Trimethoprim:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,91

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.10 Revision Date: 30.09.2023 SDS Number: 6289817-00012 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**International Regulations****UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 1824
Proper shipping name : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1824
Proper shipping name : Sodium hydroxide solution
Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : Corrosive
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 855
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 851

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1824
Proper shipping name : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
(Sulfamethoxazole)
Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8
EmS Code : F-A, S-B
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation**ANTT**

UN number : UN 1824
Proper shipping name : SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Class	:	8
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	8
Hazard Identification Number	:	80

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH) : Not applicable

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal Police : Sodium hydroxide

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : not determined

AICS : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2023
Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
2.10	30.09.2023	6289817-00012	Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

- International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECl - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

BR / Z8