

## Tulathromycin Formulation

Version 4.0      Revision Date: 04.04.2023      SDS Number: 5297458-00008      Date of last issue: 01.10.2022  
Date of first issue: 13.11.2019

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### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Tulathromycin Formulation

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma  
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use :  
Not applicable

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### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye  
irritation : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity -  
repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Liver, Eye)

Short-term (acute) aquatic  
hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic  
hazard : Category 1

#### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



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Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
 H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
 H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**  
 P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.  
 P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**  
 P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
 P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.  
 P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
 P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**  
 P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**  
 P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	>= 10 -< 20

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Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	>= 3 -< 5
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 1 -< 5
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	>= 1 -< 2
3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol	96-27-5	>= 0,1 -< 1

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
 When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
 Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.  
 Get medical attention.  
 Wash clothing before reuse.  
 Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.  
 If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.  
 Get medical attention immediately.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
 Get medical attention.  
 Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes skin irritation.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 Causes serious eye damage.  
 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
 Alcohol-resistant foam  
 Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
 Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
- Specific hazards during fire fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
 Chlorine compounds  
 Metal oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

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### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

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### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up.

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Materials to avoid : Keep tightly closed.  
 Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.  
 : Do not store with the following product types:  
 Strong oxidizing agents  
 Self-reactive substances and mixtures  
 Organic peroxides  
 Explosives  
 Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	TWA	300 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB 2)	Internal
Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	CMP-C	5 ppm	AR OEL
		C	2 ppm	ACGIH
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	CMP-C	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AR OEL
		C	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.  
 Essentially no open handling permitted.  
 Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.  
 If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and acidic gas/vapor type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.  
 If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.  
 Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.  
 Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

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Hygiene measures : disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.  
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.  
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.  
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.  
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

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### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : Colorless to pale yellow

Odor : slight

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 5,1 - 5,7

Melting point/freezing point : 190 - 192 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1,07 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

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Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : > 1.000 mg/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1,41

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : 806,09 g/mol

Particle size : Not applicable

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation  
Skin contact  
Ingestion  
Eye contact

#### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

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### Components:

#### **Tulathromycin:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Dog): > 1.000 mg/kg  
 Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg  
 Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg  
 Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

#### **Hydrochloric acid:**

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 8,3 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 30 min  
 Test atmosphere: dust/mist

#### **Citric acid:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5.400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

#### **Sodium hydroxide:**

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### **3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 645 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0,5 - 1 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 4 h  
 Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 670 mg/kg

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

### Components:

#### **Tulathromycin:**

Species : Rabbit  
 Result : No skin irritation

#### **Hydrochloric acid:**

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)  
 Method : OECD Test Guideline 431



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||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

### Citric acid:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 404  
||Result : No skin irritation

### Sodium hydroxide:

||Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

### 3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

#### Hydrochloric acid:

||Species : Bovine cornea  
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 437  
||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

#### Citric acid:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days  
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Sodium hydroxide:

||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye  
||Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

#### 3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

||Species : Rabbit  
||Result : No eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

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### Components:

#### **Tulathromycin:**

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Result	:	Causes sensitization.

#### **Hydrochloric acid:**

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	negative

#### **Sodium hydroxide:**

Test Type	:	Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Result	:	negative

#### **3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:**

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	positive
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Assessment	:	Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans
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#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### **Tulathromycin:**

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
	:	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

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### Hydrochloric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Saacharomyces cerevisiae, mitotic recombination assay (in vitro)  
 Result: negative

### Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
 Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test  
 Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
 Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
 Species: Rat  
 Application Route: Ingestion  
 Result: negative

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : No data available

### Hydrochloric acid:

Species : Rat  
 Application Route : Inhalation  
 Exposure time : 128 weeks  
 Result : negative

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
 Species: Rat  
 Application Route: Oral  
 Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
 Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
 Species: Rat  
 Application Route: Oral  
 General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
 Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
 Result: Postimplantation loss.

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Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
 Application Route: Oral  
 General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
 Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
 Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

### Citric acid:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
 Species: Rat  
 Application Route: Ingestion  
 Result: negative

### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

#### Hydrochloric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Liver, Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Routes of exposure : Oral  
 Target Organs : Liver, Eye  
 Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Species : Rat  
 NOAEL : 5 mg/kg  
 Application Route : Oral  
 Exposure time : 3 Months  
 Target Organs : Liver

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|| Symptoms : Liver disorders

|| Species : Dog  
 || NOAEL : 5 mg/kg  
 || Application Route : Oral  
 || Exposure time : 3 Months  
 || Target Organs : Liver, Eye  
 || Symptoms : Liver disorders, Eye disease

### Citric acid:

|| Species : Rat  
 || NOAEL : 4.000 mg/kg  
 || LOAEL : 8.000 mg/kg  
 || Application Route : Ingestion  
 || Exposure time : 10 Days

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

|| Ingestion : Symptoms: Diarrhea, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Vomiting

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

|| Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 96 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

|| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 48 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

|| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,044 mg/l  
 End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,014 mg/l  
 End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0,0023 mg/l

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End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0,00035 mg/l  
 End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)):  
 0,0028 mg/l  
 End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)):  
 0,0012 mg/l  
 End point: Growth  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 100

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 100

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 41,1 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 3 h  
 Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC10: 0,667 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 3 h  
 Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### **Citric acid:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.535 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 24 h

### **3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:**

#### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

#### **Persistence and degradability**

#### **Components:**

#### **Tulathromycin:**

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Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
 Exposure time: 29 d  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

### Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
 Biodegradation: 97 %  
 Exposure time: 28 d  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

#### Tulathromycin:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1,41  
 pH: 7

#### Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1,72

#### 3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0,84

#### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.  
 Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
 Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
 If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

#### UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082  
 Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
 (Tulathromycin)  
 Class : 9  
 Packing group : III  
 Labels : 9

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**IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No. : UN 3082  
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.  
(Tulathromycin)  
Class : 9  
Packing group : III  
Labels : Miscellaneous  
Packing instruction (cargo : 964  
aircraft)  
Packing instruction (passen- : 964  
ger aircraft)  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code**

UN number : UN 3082  
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,  
N.O.S.  
(Tulathromycin)  
Class : 9  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 9  
EmS Code : F-A, S-F  
Marine pollutant : yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry. : Not applicable

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs. : Not applicable

**The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

IECSC : not determined

DSL : not determined

AICS : not determined

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**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**



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Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

### Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits  
  
ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit  
AR OEL / CMP-C : Ceiling value

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the

## **Tulathromycin Formulation**

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SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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