

Tulathromycin Formulation

Version 4.0 Revision Date: 04.04.2023 SDS Number: 5300147-00010 Date of last issue: 01.10.2022
Date of first issue: 13.11.2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Tulathromycin Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-stance/Mixture : Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions on use : Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD
Kilsheelan
Clonmel Tipperary, IE

Telephone : 353-51-601000

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)


Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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- Hazard pictograms : 
- Signal word : Danger
- Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- Response:**
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Tulathromycin
Hydrochloric acid
Sodium hydroxide
3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

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Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Repr. 2; H361 STOT RE 1; H372 (Liver, Eye) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	>= 10 - < 20
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0 231-595-7 017-002-01-X 01-2119484862-27	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 specific concentration limit Skin Corr. 1A; H314 >= 25 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 10 - < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 10 - < 25 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 10 %	>= 3 - < 5
Citric acid	77-92-9 201-069-1 607-750-00-3	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 1 - < 10
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2 215-185-5 011-002-00-6	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 EUH014, EUH071 specific concentration limit Skin Corr. 1A; H314 >= 5 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314 2 - < 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0.5 - < 2 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 2

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		0.5 - < 2 % EUH071 >= 2 %	
3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol	96-27-5 202-495-0	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 <hr/> Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 645 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 0.5001 mg/l Acute dermal toxicity: 670 mg/kg	>= 0.1 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,

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industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (particles)	10 mg/m ³	IE OEL
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (total (vapour and particles))	150 ppm 470 mg/m ³	IE OEL
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	TWA	300 µg/m ³ (OEB 2)	Internal
Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	TWA	5 ppm 8 mg/m ³	2000/39/EC
Further information: Indicative				
		STEL	10 ppm 15 mg/m ³	2000/39/EC
Further information: Indicative				
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	5 ppm 8 mg/m ³	IE OEL
		OELV - 15 min (STEL)	10 ppm 15 mg/m ³	IE OEL
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	OELV - 15 min (STEL)	2 mg/m ³	IE OEL

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

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Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Propylene glycol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	10 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	168 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	10 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	50 mg/m ³
Hydrochloric acid	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	8 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	15 mg/m ³
Sodium hydroxide	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Propylene glycol	Fresh water	260 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	183 mg/l
	Marine water	26 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	50 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Citric acid	Fresh water
Marine water		0.044 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant		1000 mg/l
Fresh water sediment		34.6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment		3.46 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Soil		33.1 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

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mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Equipment should conform to I.S. EN 14387

Filter type : Combined particulates and acidic gas/vapour type (E-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : Colorless to pale yellow

Odour : slight

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : 190 - 192 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Flash point : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : 5.1 - 5.7

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

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Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : > 1,000 mg/l

Partition coefficient: n-
octanol/water : log Pow: -1.41

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.07 g/cm³

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics
Particle size : Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Molecular weight : 806.09 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Dog): > 1,000 mg/kg
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

Hydrochloric acid:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 8.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Sodium hydroxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 645 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.5 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 670 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Hydrochloric acid:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Hydrochloric acid:

Species : Bovine cornea
Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

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||Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Sodium hydroxide:

||Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
||Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

||Species : Rabbit
||Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Species : Guinea pig
||Assessment : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
||Result : Causes sensitisation.

Hydrochloric acid:

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Species : Guinea pig
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
||Result : negative

Sodium hydroxide:

||Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Result : negative

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

||Test Type : Maximisation Test
||Exposure routes : Skin contact
||Species : Guinea pig
||Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
||Result : positive
||Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

||Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
	Species: Rat
	Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Hydrochloric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Saacharomyces cerevisiae, mitotic recombination assay (in vitro)
	Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Result: negative
	Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Genotoxicity in vivo	Result: positive
	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
	Species: Rat
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: No data available
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Hydrochloric acid:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Inhalation

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|| Exposure time : 128 weeks
|| Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

|| Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

|| Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Result: Postimplantation loss.

|| Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

|| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

Citric acid:

|| Effects on foetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

|| Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Hydrochloric acid:

|| Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Citric acid:

|| Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Exposure routes : Oral
Target Organs : Liver, Eye
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Liver
Symptoms : Liver disorders

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Liver, Eye
Symptoms : Liver disorders, Eye disease

Citric acid:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 10 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Experience with human exposure

Components:

Tulathromycin:

|| Ingestion : Symptoms: Diarrhoea, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Vomiting

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Tulathromycin:

|| Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

|| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

|| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.044 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.014 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.0023 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.00035 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)): 0.0028 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)): 0.0012 mg/l
End point: Growth
Exposure time: 72 h

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	Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	: 100
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50 : 41.1 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
	EC10 : 0.667 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	: 100
Citric acid:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Tulathromycin:

Biodegradability	: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Exposure time: 29 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Citric acid:

Biodegradability	: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Tulathromycin:

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|| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.41
pH: 7

Citric acid:

|| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.72

3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol:

|| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.84

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

|| Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

|| Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 3082

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ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(Tulathromycin)
ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(Tulathromycin)
RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(Tulathromycin)
IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(Tulathromycin)
IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Tulathromycin)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

	Class	Subsidiary risks
ADN	: 9	
ADR	: 9	
RID	: 9	
IMDG	: 9	
IATA	: 9	

14.4 Packing group

ADN
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
ADR
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)
RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90

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Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 75, 3

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REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your vendor.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

		Quantity 1	Quantity 2
E1	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	100 t	200 t

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

IECSC : not determined

DSL : not determined

AICS : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H290 : May be corrosive to metals.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H311 : Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 : Toxic if inhaled.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH014 : Reacts violently with water.
EUH071 : Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Met. Corr. : Corrosive to metals
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1
2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit
IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
IE OEL / OELV - 15 min (STEL) : Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Ef-

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fect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIcC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Classification of the mixture:

Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Repr. 2	H361
STOT RE 1	H372
Aquatic Acute 1	H400
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

Classification procedure:

Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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