According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Product code : AQUA C FISH PLUS

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

: Veterinary product

Recommended restrictions

on use

Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD

Walton Manor, Walton

MK7 7AJ Milton Keynes - United Kingdom

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single ex-

posure, Category 3

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Citric acid

Calcium diformate Phosphoric acid

EUH208 Contains Dimethyl octadienol, 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal. May produce an

allergic reaction.

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity:  $1.25\,\%$ 

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.25 %

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or bigher

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Citric acid	77-92-9 201-069-1 607-750-00-3	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 20 - < 30
Calcium diformate	544-17-2 208-863-7	Eye Dam. 1; H318	>= 3 - < 10
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2 231-633-2 015-011-00-6	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 ————————————————————————————————————	>=1-<3
Formic acid	64-18-6 200-579-1 607-001-00-0	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Met. Corr. 1; H290 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 ————————————————————————————————————	>= 0.1 - < 1

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 03.02.2025
2.0	14.04.2025	11506220-00002	Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

		Flam. Liq. 3; H226 >= 85 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 >= 10 % EUH071 >= 10 %	
Dimethyl octadienol	78-70-6 201-134-4 603-235-00-2	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1B; H317	>= 0.1 - < 1
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5 226-394-6 605-019-00-3	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 0.1 - < 1
Substances with a workplace exp	osure limit :		
Starch	9005-25-8 232-679-6		>= 30 - < 50
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7 200-066-2		>= 10 - < 20

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

	4.1 Descri	ption of	first aid	measures
--	------------	----------	-----------	----------

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

May produce an allergic reaction.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering

over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respira-

tory irritants or sensitisers.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in

accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

dust of any kind 10 mg/m3

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (Inhalable)

Basis: GB EH40

4 mg/m3

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (Respirable fraction)

Basis: GB EH40

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis
		of exposure)		

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Starch	9005-25-8	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWÁ	5000 µg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m3	GB EH40
		STEL	2 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA	1 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further inforr	nation: Indicative		
		STEL	2 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further inforr	nation: Indicative		
Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9.6 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	2006/15/EC
	Further inforr	nation: Indicative		

## **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)**

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Calcium diformate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	337 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	4780 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	83.2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	2390 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	23.9 mg/kg bw/day
Phosphoric acid	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.73 mg/m3
Dimethyl octadienol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	24.58 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3.5 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects	3 mg/cm2
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute local effects	3 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4.33 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1.25 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects	1.5 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute local effects	1.5 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	2.49 mg/kg bw/day

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6- octadienal	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	9 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1.7 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects	0.140 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects	0.140 mg/cm2
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.6 mg/kg bw/day
Formic acid	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	9.5 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	9.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	6 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	3 mg/kg bw/day

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Citric acid	Fresh water	0.44 mg/l
	Marine water	0.044 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	3.46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	33.1 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
Calcium diformate	Fresh water	2 mg/l
	Marine water	0.2 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	10 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	2.21 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	13.4 mg/l
	Marine sediment	1.34 mg/l
	Soil	1.5 mg/l
Dimethyl octadienol	Fresh water	0.2 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	2 mg/l
	Marine water	0.02 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	2.22 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0.222 mg/kg dry

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

ll .		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0.327 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Secondary Poisoning	7.8 mg/kg food
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	Fresh water	0.007 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	0.068 mg/l
	Marine water	0.001 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.125 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0.013 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0.021 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable

suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter should conform to BS EN 14387

Filter type : Combined particulates, acidic and inorganic gas/vapour type

(BE-P)

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Appearance : powder

Colour : No data available
Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

No data available

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight : No data available

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Particle size : No data available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

## **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dimethyl octadienol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,790 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 90 min Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: No test guideline followed

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 5,610 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

#### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,895 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.68 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,250 mg/kg

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Phosphoric acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Formic acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks : Based on extreme pH

**Dimethyl octadienol:** 

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rabbit

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Result : Skin irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Formic acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

**Dimethyl octadienol:** 

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Result : No eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### **Calcium diformate:**

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Formic acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

### Dimethyl octadienol:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : positive

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation

rate in humans

#### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

#### Starch:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

**Dimethyl octadienol:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Formic acid:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 - 105 weeks

Result : negative

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Mouse

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

## Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Citric acid:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

#### Calcium diformate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

### Formic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Dimethyl octadienol:** 

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: No test guideline followed

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

#### Repeated dose toxicity

## **Components:**

#### Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 10 Days

#### Calcium diformate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 40 - 52 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

#### Formic acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 400 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 52 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

## Dimethyl octadienol:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : >= 497.9 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 96 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 91 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 411

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

#### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Species Rat, female LOAEL 335 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 14 Weeks

Starch:

Species Rat

NOAEL >= 2,000 mg/kgApplication Route Skin contact : 28 Days Exposure time

Method **OECD Test Guideline 410** 

Ascorbic acid:

Species Rat, male NOAEL : >= 8,100 mg/kgApplication Route Ingestion Exposure time 13 Weeks

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Calcium diformate:

Toxicity to fish LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC : >= 22.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025 2.0

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms NOEC: 72 mg/l

Exposure time: 13 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Dimethyl octadienol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 27.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 59 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 156.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 54.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l Toxicity to fish

> Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 103.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): 160 mg/l

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : 140 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### **Components:**

Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Calcium diformate:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 86 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Dimethyl octadienol:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 64.2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 90 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.D.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.72

octanol/water

Calcium diformate:

Dimethyl octadienol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9

octanol/water Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.1

octanol/water

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.84

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.76

octanol/water

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.85

octanol/water

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

tial

Endocrine disrupting poten- : This substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties for environment

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

according to UK REACH Article 57(f).

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

## 14.4 Packing group

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 03.02.2025 2.0 14.04.2025 11506220-00002 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
 IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good
 IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) : Not applicable

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high : Not applicable

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Regulation (EU) No 2024/590 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior : Not applicable

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

The Control of Explosives Precursors and Poisons Regulations

(Poisons Act, as amended)

This product is regulated by the Poisons Act 1972 (as amended). Phosphoric acid (Schedule 1A

Not applicable

All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and Part 1)

thefts must be reported.

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH) Not applicable

#### Other regulations:

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to protection of young people at work contained in Regulation 19) and of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

IECSC : not determined

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour. H290 : May be corrosive to metals.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage. H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 : Toxic if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Met. Corr. : Corrosive to metals
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2006/15/EC : Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit 2006/15/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergen-

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 03.02.2025

 2.0
 14.04.2025
 11506220-00002
 Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

cy Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Calculation method STOT SE 3 H335 Calculation method

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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