

Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 03.02.2025
2.0	14.04.2025	11506198-00002	Date of first issue: 03.02.2025

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Product code : AQUA C FISH PLUS

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

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Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust.
P264+P265 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
P271 Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P319 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P305 + P354 + P338 + P317 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labelling

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.25 %

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 30 - < 50
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 20 - < 30
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	>= 10 - < 20
Calcium diformate	544-17-2	>= 3 - < 5
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 1 - < 3
Formic acid	64-18-6	>= 0.1 - < 1
Dimethyl octadienol	78-70-6	>= 0.1 - < 0.25
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	>= 0.1 - < 0.25

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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General advice	:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Metal oxides Oxides of phosphorus
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

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for firefighters

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air.
Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
- Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.

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Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 µg/m ³ (OEB 1)	Internal
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m ³	IN OEL
		STEL	3 mg/m ³	IN OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m ³	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m ³	IN OEL
		TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates, acidic and inorganic gas/vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

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Remarks	:	Consider double gloving.
Eye protection	:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Hygiene measures	:	If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	No data available
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available

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Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
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Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgement
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dimethyl octadienol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,790 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 90 min
Test atmosphere: vapour
Remarks: No test guideline followed

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 5,610 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,895 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.68 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,250 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

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Phosphoric acid:

Result	: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure
Remarks	: Based on national or regional regulation.

Formic acid:

Result	: Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure
Remarks	: Based on extreme pH

Dimethyl octadienol:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	: Skin irritation
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Starch:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation

Citric acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Ascorbic acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: No eye irritation

Calcium diformate:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: Irreversible effects on the eye

Phosphoric acid:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: Irreversible effects on the eye

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Formic acid:

Result	: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks	: Based on skin corrosivity.

Dimethyl octadienol:

Species	: Rabbit
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks	: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type	: Maurer optimisation test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

Calcium diformate:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Test Type	: Buehler Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	: negative

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Dimethyl octadienol:

Test Type	: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Mouse
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	: positive
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Assessment	: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans
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3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Test Type	: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Result	: positive

Assessment	: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
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Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test Result: positive Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
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Genotoxicity in vivo	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
	Species: Mouse
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila melanogaster (in vivo)
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
	Result: negative
	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
	Result: negative
	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
	Result: negative

Formic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
	Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila melanogaster (in vivo)
	Application Route: Ingestion
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 477
	Result: negative

Dimethyl octadienol:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
	Result: negative
	Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

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Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
	:	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline
	:	Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
	:	

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
	:	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative
	:	Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: negative
	:	Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species	:	Mouse
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	2 Years
Result	:	negative

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Formic acid:

Species	: Rat
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 104 weeks
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	: Mouse
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 104 - 105 weeks
Result	: negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
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Ascorbic acid:

Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
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Calcium diformate:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion
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	Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative

Formic acid:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dimethyl octadienol:

Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: No test guideline followed
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3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443 Result: negative
Effects on foetal development	: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443 Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

Citric acid:

Assessment	: May cause respiratory irritation.
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STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Starch:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: $\geq 2,000$ mg/kg
Application Route	: Skin contact
Exposure time	: 28 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 410

Citric acid:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL	: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 10 Days

Ascorbic acid:

Species	: Rat, male
NOAEL	: $\geq 8,100$ mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks

Calcium diformate:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 3,000 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 250 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 40 - 52 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 422

Formic acid:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 400 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 52 Weeks
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

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Dimethyl octadienol:

Species	: Rat, male
NOAEL	: >= 497.9 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 96 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks	: The test was conducted according to guideline

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 250 mg/kg
Application Route	: Skin contact
Exposure time	: 91 Days
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 411
Remarks	: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species	: Rat, female
LOAEL	: 335 mg/kg
Application Route	: Ingestion
Exposure time	: 14 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50: 140 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Calcium diformate:

Toxicity to fish	: LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: EPA-660/3-75-009 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	NOEC: >= 22.1 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
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	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms	: NOEC: 72 mg/l Exposure time: 13 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Dimethyl octadienol:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 27.8 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 59 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 156.7 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 54.3 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC10 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
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Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 103.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Citric acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 5 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

Calcium diformate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 86 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 306
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Dimethyl octadienol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 64.2 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

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3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.D.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.72

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.85

Calcium diformate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -2.1

Dimethyl octadienol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.84
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107
Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.76

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 14.04.2025

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
IN OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)
IN OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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