

Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2025/02/03 2.0 2025/04/14 11506182-00002 Date of first issue: 2025/02/03

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Product code : AQUA C FISH PLUS

Supplier's company name, address and phone number

Company name of supplier : MSD

Address : 1-13-12, Kudan-kita, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan

Telephone : 03-6272-1099

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

: Category 1

tation

Specific target organ toxicity - :

Category 3

single exposure

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

正图



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.



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Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labelling

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity: $1.25\,\%$

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 1.25 %

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Important symptoms and out: : lines of the emergency as-

sumed

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	ENCS No.
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 40 - < 50	8-98
Citric acid	77-92-9	>= 20 - < 30	2-1318
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	>= 10 - < 20	5-62
Calcium diformate	544-17-2	>= 3 - < 10	2-676
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 1 - < 10	1-422
Formic acid	64-18-6	>= 0.1 - < 1	2-670



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3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	>= 0.1 - < 1	2-515
Dimethyl octadienol	78-70-6	>= 0.1 - < 1	2-258, 2-249
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	>= 0.0025 - < 0.025	3-540, 9-1805

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause respiratory irritation.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, Protection of first-aiders

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.



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Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimise entry of the material into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.



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Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitised individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respira-

tory irritants or sensitisers.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.
Oxidizing agents

Avoidance of contact

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis



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		(Form of exposure)	ters / Concentra- tion standard / Permissible con- centration	
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 μg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	OEL-M	1 mg/m3	JP OEL JSOH
		8h-OEL-M	1 mg/m3	JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2)
		TWA	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
Formic acid	64-18-6	OEL-M	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	JP OEL JSOH
		TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 ppm	ACGIH
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	8h-OEL-M	10 mg/m3	JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2)
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection Combined particulates, acidic and inorganic gas/vapour type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Impermeable protective gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or



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aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

> Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state powder

Colour No data available

Odour No data available

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

No data available

Flash point Not applicable

Decomposition temperature No data available

No data available pΗ

Evaporation rate Not applicable

No data available Auto-ignition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable

Solubility(ies)

No data available Water solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable



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Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Density and / or relative density

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxidizing agents

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h



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Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method

Components:

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,895 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.68 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,250 mg/kg

Dimethyl octadienol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,790 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 90 min Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: No test guideline followed

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 5,610 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation



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Calcium diformate:

Species Rabbit

: OECD Test Guideline 404 Method

Result No skin irritation

Phosphoric acid:

Result Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure Remarks Based on national or regional regulation.

Formic acid:

Result Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks Based on extreme pH

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species Rabbit Result Skin irritation

Dimethyl octadienol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

: The test was conducted according to guideline Remarks

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species Rabbit

OECD Test Guideline 404 Method

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Starch:

Species Rabbit

Result No eye irritation

Citric acid:

Species Rabbit

Result Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method **OECD Test Guideline 405**

Ascorbic acid:

Species Rabbit

Result No eye irritation



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Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Formic acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Dimethyl octadienol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative



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Ascorbic acid:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Calcium diformate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Dimethyl octadienol:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : positive

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation

rate in humans

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:



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Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Dimethyl octadienol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline



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Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Formic acid:

Species : Rat Application Route : Ingestion



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Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species: MouseApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 104 - 105 weeks

Result : negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

ment Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

ment Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Dimethyl octadienol:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: No test guideline followed



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Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2025/02/03 2.0 2025/04/14 11506182-00002 Date of first issue: 2025/02/03

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop- : Test

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 10 Days

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : >= 8,100 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion



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Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

: OECD Test Guideline 408 Method

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 250 mg/kg : Ingestion Application Route : 40 - 52 Days Exposure time

: OECD Test Guideline 422 Method

Formic acid:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 400 mg/kg : Ingestion : 52 Weeks Application Route Exposure time

: Based on data from similar materials Remarks

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species Rat, female : 335 mg/kg : Ingestion LOAEL Application Route Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Dimethyl octadienol:

Species : Rat, male : >= 497.9 mg/kg NOAEL : Ingestion: 96 Days: OECD Test Guideline 408 Application Route Exposure time

Method

Remarks : The test was conducted according to guideline

Species Rat NOAEL : 250 mg/kg Application Route
Exposure time : Skin contact : 91 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 411

Remarks : The test was conducted equivalent or similar to guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species Rat



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NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 140 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Calcium diformate:

Toxicity to fish : LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d



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ic toxicity) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: >= 22.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 72 mg/l

Exposure time: 13 d

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l Toxicity to fish

> Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 103.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (activated sludge): 160 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Dimethyl octadienol:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 27.8 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 59 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 156.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 54.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l



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Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.053 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Citric acid:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

: 1

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

Calcium diformate:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 86 %



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Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 90 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.D.

Dimethyl octadienol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 64.2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Remarks: The test was conducted according to guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 4.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.72

octanol/water

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.85

octanol/water

Calcium diformate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9

octanol/water Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.1

octanol/water



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3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 2.76

octanol/water

Dimethyl octadienol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.84

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Remarks: The test was conducted equivalent or similar to

guideline

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5.1

Mobility in soil
No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : Not applicable
Proper shipping name : Not applicable
Class : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : Not applicable
Proper shipping name : Not applicable
Class : Not applicable



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Subsidiary risk Not applicable Packing group : Not applicable Labels Not applicable Packing instruction (cargo : Not applicable

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : Not applicable

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number Not applicable Proper shipping name Not applicable Class Not applicable Subsidiary risk Not applicable Packing group Not applicable Labels Not applicable **EmS Code** Not applicable Marine pollutant Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law

Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law

Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

Chemical name	Number
Formic acid	117
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	64

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable



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Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

Law Article 57-2 (Ministerial Order Article 34-2 Appended Table 2)

Chemical name	Concentration (%)	Remarks
Phosphoric acid	>=1 - <10	-
3,7-Dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3-ol	>=0.1 - <1	From April 1st, 2025
citral	>=0.1 - <1	From April 1st, 2025

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names

Law Article 57 (Ministerial Order Article 30 Appended Table 2)

Chemical nam	е	••	,	Remarks
Phosphoric ac	id			-

Skin and Eye Damage Substances (ISHL MO Art. 594-2)

Chemical name	
Phosphoric acid	

Carcinogenic Substances (Article 577-2 of the Occupational Health and Safety Regulations)

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning

Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act

Not applicable

Explosive Control Law

Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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Aviation Law

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Not classified as noxious liquid substance

Pack transportation Not classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act

Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)

Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)

Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law

Industrial waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS not determined

DSL not determined

IECSC not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

In this SDS, if the concentration of substances subject to notification under the Industrial Safety and Health Law is indicated as a range, it includes cases where it is a trade secret.

Further information

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2) Concentration standard (Value set by the Minister of Health,

Labour and Welfare stipulated under the Ministerial Ordinance

Article 577-2(2))

JP OEL JSOH Japan. The Japan Society for Occupational Health. Recom-

mendation of Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit

8-hour Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean JP ISHL OEL 577-2(2) / 8h-

OEL-M

JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean



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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

JP / EN