according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



## **Zeranol Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2024/04/06 4.0 2024/09/28 682061-00016 Date of first issue: 2016/05/19

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Zeranol Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : No. 485 Jing Tai Road

Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 86-571-87268110

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Emergency Overview**

Appearance: powderColour: yellowOdour: odourless

Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**GHS Classification** 

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Hazard statements : H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

### Physical and chemical hazards

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Health hazards**

Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Not classified based on available information.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
zeranol	26538-44-3	>= 70 -< 90
Boric acid	10043-35-3	>= 10 -< 20
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	>= 10 -< 20

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Protection of first-aiders

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Boron oxides

Metal oxides

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
zeranol	26538-44-3	TWA	2 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal
		Wipe limit	20 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Boric acid	10043-35-3	TWA (Inhal-	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	(Borate)	
		late matter)		
		STEL (Inhal-	6 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	(Borate)	
		late matter)		
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	TWA (Inhal-	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		
		TWA (Res-	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
		pirable par-		
		ticulate mat-		
		ter)		

**Engineering measures** : Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds

are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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> the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from

stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

## Personal protective equipment

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-Respiratory protection

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Particulates type Filter type

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Eye/face protection

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

> Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant gloves Material

Consider double gloving. Remarks

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide Hygiene measures

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the work-

ing place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** powder

Colour yellow

Odour odourless

Odour Threshold No data available

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Dust deflagration index (Kst) : 180 m.b\_/s

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Minimum ignition energy : 5 - 10 mJ

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

zeranol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Boric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,450 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.03 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Magnesium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Remarks : No data available

Boric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Remarks : No data available

Boric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### zeranol:

Remarks : No data available

### Boric acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

### Magnesium stearate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact

Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

#### zeranol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro) Test system: rat hepatocytes

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Result: negative

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Boric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Target Organs : female reproductive organs, Pituitary gland

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Dog
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Boric acid:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

### **Components:**

#### zeranol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced body weight

Result: Effects on reproduction parameters

Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat, males Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 1.25 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: Reduced number of viable fetuses Result: Embryolethal effects, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: >= 5 mg/kg body weight Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse

effects on development, based on animal experiments.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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П

Boric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: positive

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse

effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Target Organs : Endocrine system, Liver

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

zeranol:

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.175 mg/kg LOAEL : 1.225 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Exposure time : 13 Wo Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog NOAEL : 0.25 mg/kg

LOAEL : 1.25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Target Organs : male reproductive organs

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg

LOAEL : 0.8 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 26 Weeks

Symptoms : Liver disorders

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 0.025 mg/kg LOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 29 Weeks

Target Organs : Reproductive organs, Bone marrow, Bladder

Symptoms : hair loss

Species : Dog, female
LOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 7 yr

Target Organs : female reproductive organs Symptoms : Changes in the blood count

Species : Monkey, female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 10 yr

Target Organs : female reproductive organs

Boric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 100 mg/kg

LOAEL : 334 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 2 yr

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rat

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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NOAEL > 100 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Ingestion Remarks: May cause adverse reproductive effects.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

Boric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 74 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 52.4

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 17.5

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 6.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10: 35.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Magnesium stearate:

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 47 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

zeranol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 50 % Exposure time: 91 d

Magnesium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### **Components:**

zeranol:

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.13

Boric acid:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): <= 3.2 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.09

Magnesium stearate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: > 4

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

zeranol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

log Koc: 2.95

Other adverse effects

No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : Not applicable
Proper shipping name : Not applicable
Class : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : Not applicable Proper shipping name : Not applicable Class : Not applicable

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable
Packing instruction (cargo : Not applicable

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : Not applicable

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : Not applicable
Proper shipping name : Not applicable
Class : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable
EmS Code : Not applicable

Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **National Regulations**

GB 6944/12268

UN number : Not applicable
Proper shipping name : Not applicable
Class : Not applicable
Subsidiary risk : Not applicable
Packing group : Not applicable
Labels : Not applicable

Marine pollutant : no

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**National regulatory information** 

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : This product is not listed in the cata-

logue of hazardous chemicals, but it meets the definition of hazardous chemicals and its principles of de-

termination.

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB : Not listed

18218)

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under : Not listed

SAWS

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals : Not listed

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import : Not listed

and Export

**Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals** 

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals : Not listed

Yangtze River Protection Law

This product does not contain any dangerous chemicals prohibited for inland river transport.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**AICS** not determined

DSL not determined

**IECSC** not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Revision Date** 2024/09/28

**Further information** 

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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