

Diazoxide (>30%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 30.09.2023
3.0	14.04.2025	4088926-00011	Date of first issue: 21.03.2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name : Diazoxide (>30%) Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-
stance/Mixture : Pharmaceutical

Recommended restrictions
on use : Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD
117 16th Road
1685 Halfway house, Midrand, South Africa

Telephone : +27 11 655 3000

E-mail address of person
responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated
exposure, Category 1

H360D: May damage the unborn child.
H372: Causes damage to organs through pro-
longed or repeated exposure.

2.2 Label elements**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or re-
peated exposure.

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Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Diazoxide

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 32,258 %

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2 Mixtures****Components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Diazoxide	364-98-7 206-668-1	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Repr. 1B; H360D STOT RE 1; H372 (Pancreas, Kidney, Heart)	>= 30 - < 50

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

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and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

- | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| If inhaled | : | If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention. |
| In case of skin contact | : | In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. |
| In case of eye contact | : | If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| If swallowed | : | If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- | | | |
|-------|---|--|
| Risks | : | Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-------|---|--|

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- | | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| Treatment | : | Treat symptomatically and supportively. |
|-----------|---|---|
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

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|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | None known. |

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Specific hazards during fire-fighting | : | Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds |

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Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

- Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
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- Local/Total ventilation : Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Diazoxide	364-98-7	TWA	50 µg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal

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II		Wipe limit	500 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Hand protection	:	
Material	:	Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks	:	Consider double gloving.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Respiratory protection	:	If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type	:	Particulates type (P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	white
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

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dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

|| Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:**Diazoxide:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 980 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 444 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): 191 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Mouse): 228 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 326 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Rat): 510 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation

|| Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

|| Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

|| Not classified based on available information.

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Respiratory sensitisation

|| Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

|| Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

|| Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

|| May damage the unborn child.

Components:**Diazoxide:**

Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: Effects on foetal development, foetal abnormalities
		Test Type: Development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight Result: Effects on foetal development, foetal abnormalities
		Test Type: Development Species: Rat Application Route: Intravenous Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: Fetotoxicity
		Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: foetal mortality
		Test Type: Development Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight Result: foetal mortality
		Test Type: Development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Intravenous Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 7 mg/kg body weight Result: foetal abnormalities
		Test Type: Development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Intravenous Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 21 mg/kg body weight Result: foetal abnormalities

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Test Type: Development
Species: Dog
Application Route: Intravenous
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality

Test Type: Development
Species: Dog
Application Route: Intravenous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality

Test Type: Development
Species: Monkey
Application Route: Intravenous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : May damage the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:**Diazoxide:**

Target Organs : Pancreas, Kidney, Heart
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Diazoxide:**

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 400 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Weeks
Target Organs : Adrenal gland

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 1.080 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Pancreas
Symptoms : hyperglycemia

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 200 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

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Exposure time	: 52 Weeks
Target Organs	: Heart, Liver, Adrenal gland, Thyroid
Species	: Dog
NOAEL	: 200 mg/kg
Application Route	: Oral
Exposure time	: 82 Weeks
Target Organs	: Pancreas
Symptoms	: hyperglycemia

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure**Components:****Diazoxide:**

General Information	: Symptoms: hyperglycemia, hypotension, Nausea, Vomiting, Dizziness, Weakness
Ingestion	: Symptoms: sodium retention, water retention, anorexia, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, tachycardia, Palpitation

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity****Components:****Diazoxide:****Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity	: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****Diazoxide:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: 1,2
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12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**Product:**

Assessment	: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or
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very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects**Product:**

Endocrine disrupting potential : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging	: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information**14.1 UN number**

ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

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IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H360D : May damage the unborn child.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

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Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Classification of the mixture:

Repr. 1B H360D
STOT RE 1 H372

Classification procedure:

Calculation method
Calculation method

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS mate-

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Material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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