# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Ertugliflozin Formulation

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4.1 | 30.09.2023 | 2337989-00015 | Date of first issue: 13.12.2017 |

## Section 1: Identification

Product name : Ertugliflozin Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**

Company : MSD

Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

## Section 2: Hazard identification

**GHS Classification**

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate)

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements :

**Prevention:**

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with

water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

**Components**

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|---|---|
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | >= 50 -< 70 |
| Ertugliflozin | 1210344-83-4 | >= 5 -< 10 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | >= 0.1 -< 1 |

## Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes serious eye damage.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Water spray<br>Alcohol-resistant foam<br>Carbon dioxide (CO2)<br>Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | None known. |
| Specific hazards during fire-fighting | : | Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.<br>Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Carbon oxides<br>Metal oxides |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.<br>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.<br>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.<br>Evacuate area. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.<br>Use personal protective equipment. |

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | Use personal protective equipment.<br>Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid release to the environment.<br>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.<br>Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).<br>Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.<br>Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.<br>Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

## Section 7: Handling and storage

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.<br>Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not breathe dust.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Do not get in eyes.<br>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Keep container tightly closed.<br>Minimize dust generation and accumulation.<br>Keep container closed when not in use.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.<br>When using do not eat, drink or smoke.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.<br>The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labelled containers.<br>Keep tightly closed.<br>Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. |
| Materials to avoid | : | Do not store with the following product types:<br>Strong oxidizing agents |

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Components with workplace control parameters**

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | WES-TWA | 10 mg/m3 | NZ OEL |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | ACGIH |
| Ertugliflozin | 1210344-83-4 | TWA | 10 µg/m3 (OEB 3) | Internal |
| | | Wipe limit | 100 µg/100 cm² | Internal |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | WES-TWA | 10 mg/m3 | NZ OEL |
| | | TWA (Res- | 2.5 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | pirable particulate matter) | (Titanium dioxide) | |

**This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.**

Titanium dioxide

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Appearance | : | powder |
| Colour | : | No data available |
| Odour | : | No data available |
| Odour Threshold | : | No data available |
| pH | : | No data available |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | No data available |
| Flash point | : | Not applicable |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | No data available |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Vapour pressure | : | Not applicable |
| Relative vapour density | : | Not applicable |
| Relative density | : | No data available |
| Density | : | No data available |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | Not applicable |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : | No data available |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | : | Not explosive |
| Oxidizing properties | : | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Particle size | : | No data available |

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reactivity | : | Not classified as a reactivity hazard. |
| Chemical stability | : | Stable under normal conditions. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.<br>Can react with strong oxidizing agents. |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Heat, flames and sparks.<br>Avoid dust formation. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Oxidizing agents |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

## Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Ertugliflozin:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

**Titanium dioxide:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Assessment | : | No skin irritation |
| Method | : | EpiDerm |
| Result | : | Not corrosive |

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Result | : | Corrosive |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Result | : | Severe irritation |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Result | : | Not a skin sensitizer. |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Exposure routes | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Result | : | negative |

**Chronic toxicity**

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Rat<br>Result: negative |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test<br>Species: Mouse<br>Result: negative |

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 72 weeks |
| Result | : | negative |

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Result | : | negative |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Result | : | negative |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : | Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (dust/mist/fume) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 453 |
| Result | : | positive |
| Remarks | : | The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.<br>This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : | Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals. |

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |
| Effects on foetal development | : | Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Oral<br>Fertility: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight<br>Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed. |

No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Exposure routes | : | Oral |
| Target Organs | : | Kidney, Stomach, Prostate |
| Assessment | : | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | >= 9,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 90 Days |

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| LOAEL | : | 500 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 30 d |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| LOAEL | : | 250 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 30 d |
| Target Organs | : | Kidney |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| LOAEL | : | 25 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 180 d |
| Target Organs | : | Kidney, Bone, Stomach |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| LOAEL | : | 25 mg/kg |
| Exposure time | : | 90 d |
| Target Organs | : | Kidney, Gastrointestinal tract, Prostate |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 150 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 270 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| NOAEL | : | 100 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 90 d |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| NOAEL | : | 100 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 28 d |
| Target Organs | : | Bone |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 24,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 28 Days |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 10 mg/m3 |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (dust/mist/fume) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 yr |

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

Ingestion : Symptoms: The most common side effects are:, Headache, constipation, Diarrhoea, Nausea, urinary tract infection, muscle pain, upper respiratory tract infection

## Section 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Ertugliflozin:**

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 77 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC50: > 1,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 3 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 |

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable. |

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Not readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 40.8 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d |

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | log Pow: 2.47 |

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Ertugliflozin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Distribution among environmental compartments | : | log Koc: 2.88 |

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Waste from residues | : | Do not dispose of waste into sewer.<br>Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | : | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han- |

dling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## Section 14: Transport information

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | Not applicable |
| Proper shipping name | : | Not applicable |
| Class | : | Not applicable |
| Subsidiary risk | : | Not applicable |
| Packing group | : | Not applicable |
| Labels | : | Not applicable |

**IATA-DGR**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN/ID No. | : | Not applicable |
| Proper shipping name | : | Not applicable |
| Class | : | Not applicable |
| Subsidiary risk | : | Not applicable |
| Packing group | : | Not applicable |
| Labels | : | Not applicable |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | : | Not applicable |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : | Not applicable |

**IMDG-Code**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | Not applicable |
| Proper shipping name | : | Not applicable |
| Class | : | Not applicable |
| Subsidiary risk | : | Not applicable |
| Packing group | : | Not applicable |
| Labels | : | Not applicable |
| EmS Code | : | Not applicable |
| Marine pollutant | : | Not applicable |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### National Regulations

**NZS 5433**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | Not applicable |
| Proper shipping name | : | Not applicable |
| Class | : | Not applicable |
| Subsidiary risk | : | Not applicable |
| Packing group | : | Not applicable |
| Labels | : | Not applicable |
| Hazchem Code | : | Not applicable |

**Special precautions for user**

Not applicable

## Section 15: Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**HSNO Approval Number**

HSR100425 Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard

**HSW Controls**

Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AICS | : | not determined |
| DSL | : | not determined |
| IECSC | : | not determined |

## Section 16: Other information

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Revision Date | : | 30.09.2023 |

**Further information**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : | Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ |
| Date format | : | dd.mm.yyyy |

**Full text of other abbreviations**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
| NZ OEL | : | New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| NZ OEL / WES-TWA | : | Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemi-

cal Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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