# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Fidaxomicin Solid Formulation

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2.2 | 30.09.2023 | 4750798-00008 | Date of first issue: 15.08.2019 |

### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Fidaxomicin Solid Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**

Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification**

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements :

**Prevention:**

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Response:**

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

**Components**

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|---|---|
| Fidaxomicin | 873857-62-6 | >= 50 -< 70 |
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | >= 20 -< 30 |
| Sodium benzoate | 532-32-1 | >= 1 -< 5 |
| Citric acid | 77-92-9 | >= 1 -< 5 |

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.<br>Use personal protective equipment. |

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | Use personal protective equipment.<br>Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid release to the environment.<br>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.<br>Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).<br>Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.<br>Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.<br>Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.<br>Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not breathe dust.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Avoid contact with eyes.<br>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.<br>Wash skin thoroughly after handling.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Minimize dust generation and accumulation.<br>Keep container closed when not in use.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. |

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fidaxomicin | 873857-62-6 | TWA | 200 µg/m3 (OEB 2) | Internal |
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | VLE-PPT | 10 mg/m³ | NOM-010-STPS-2014 |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m³ | ACGIH |
| Sodium benzoate | 532-32-1 | TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 2.5 mg/m³ | ACGIH |

**Engineering measures** : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

**Personal protective equipment**

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : granules

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Color | : | White to light yellow |
| Odor | : | No data available |
| Odor Threshold | : | No data available |
| pH | : | No data available |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | No data available |
| Flash point | : | Not applicable |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | No data available |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not applicable |
| Relative vapor density | : | Not applicable |
| Relative density | : | No data available |
| Density | : | No data available |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | Not applicable |
| Autoignition temperature | : | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : | No data available |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | : | Not explosive |
| Oxidizing properties | : | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Molecular weight | : | No data available |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Particle size | : | No data available |

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reactivity | : | Not classified as a reactivity hazard. |
| Chemical stability | : | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.<br>Can react with strong oxidizing agents. |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Heat, flames and sparks.<br>Avoid dust formation. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Oxidizing agents |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

**Product:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: 875.04 mg/kg<br>Method: Calculation method |

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg<br><br>LD50 (Dog): > 120 mg/kg |
| Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) | : | LD50 (Rat): 200 mg/kg<br>Application Route: Intravenous |

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg<br>Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 402<br>Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity |

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 405 |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 405 |

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Routes of exposure | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro<br>Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells<br>Result: positive |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Intravenous<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: comet assay<br>Species: Rat<br>Result: negative |

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)<br>Species: Mouse<br>Application Route: Ingestion<br>Result: negative |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro |

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Citric acid:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 72 weeks |
| Result | : | negative |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 24 month(s) |
| Result | : | negative |

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Fertility: NOAEL: 6.3 mg/kg body weight

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 12.6 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 7 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Cellulose:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Sodium benzoate:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Citric acid:**

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 90 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 28 D |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 62.5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Intravenous |
| Exposure time | : | 14 D |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 9,600 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 3 M |
| Symptoms | : | Vomiting |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Monkey |
| NOAEL | : | 90 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 28 D |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Juvenile rat |
| NOAEL | : | 200 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 28 D |
| Remarks | : | No significant adverse effects were reported |

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | >= 9,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 90 Days |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 1,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 24 Months |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 4,000 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 8,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 10 Days |

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

Ingestion : Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, constipation

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): > 18.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.91 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 19.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 5.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Cellulose:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 484 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201<br><br>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 32 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 24 h |

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable. |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 75 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d |

**Citric acid:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Biodegradability | : | Result: Readily biodegradable.<br>Biodegradation: 97 %<br>Exposure time: 28 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B |

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | log Pow: 4.4 |

**Sodium benzoate:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | log Pow: 1.88 |

**Citric acid:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.72

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Fidaxomicin:**

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 0.80

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**NOM-002-SCT**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Special precautions for user**

Not applicable

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills. : Not applicable

**The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AICS | : | not determined |
| DSL | : | not determined |
| IECSC | : | not determined |

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Revision Date | : | 30.09.2023 |
| Date format | : | dd.mm.yyyy |

**Full text of other abbreviations**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
| NOM-010-STPS-2014 | : | Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT | : | Time weighted average limit value |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet | : | Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ |

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8