

Fosaprepitant Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 26.09.2023

 4.2
 06.04.2024
 23925-00023
 Date of first issue: 21.10.2014

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier : Fosaprepitant Formulation

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 50 Tuas West Drive

Singapore - Singapore 638408

Telephone : +1-908-740-4000

Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure (Oral)

Category 2 (Reproductive organs, Prostate)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms :

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Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



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H373 May cause damage to organs (Reproductive organs, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water

for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-

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P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ at-

tention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Fosaprepitant	265121-04-8	>= 30 -< 50
Disodium EDTA, dihydrate	6381-92-6	>= 1 -< 10

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.



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If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do

so by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Metal oxides



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Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Evacuate area.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment.

> Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-Methods for cleaning up

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation Use only with adequate ventilation. Advice on safe handling Do not get on skin or clothing.

> Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes.



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Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Fosaprepitant	265121-04-8	TWA	200 μg/m3	Internal

Appropriate engineering control measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.

Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-



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sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection

Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder

Colour : off-white

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available



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Relative density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.



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Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,454 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 500 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse, female): > 500 mg/kg

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Species : Bovine cornea Result : Eye irritation

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation



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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: human lymphoblastoid cells

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Species : Rat, female
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

50 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs : Liver

Remarks : Benign tumor(s)

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years

: 250 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs : Liver, Thyroid

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female

Fertility: NOAEL: 2,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Species: Rat, female

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: negative



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Species: Rabbit, female

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight

Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Reproductive organs, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Exposure routes : Ingestion

Target Organs : Reproductive organs, Prostate

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 2,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 6 Months Target Organs : Liver, Thyroid

Species : Dog



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LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 9 Months
Target Organs : Testis

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 32 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 yr

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 4 mg/kg
Application Route : Intravenous
Exposure time : 5 Weeks

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Intravenous
Exposure time : 5 Weeks

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Species: RatNOAEL: 500 mg/kgApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 13 Weeks

Species : Rat LOAEL : 0.03 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 4 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Ingestion : Symptoms: hiccups, Fatigue, liver function change, constipa-

tion, Headache, anorexia



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Section 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.462 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.345 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.184

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

0.184 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.195 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.018 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

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Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l



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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (activated sludge): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Biodegradability : Result: not rapidly degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Fosaprepitant:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 50.1 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -4.3

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

UN proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

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(Fosaprepitant)

Transport hazard class(es) :

Packing group : III Labels : 9 Environmental hazards : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

UN proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Fosaprepitant)

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group :

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

: 956

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Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

: 956

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

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(Fosaprepitant)

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group : III



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Labels F-A, S-F **EmS Code** Marine pollutant yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Not applicable

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

Environmental Protection and Management Act and

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazard-

ous Substances) Regulations

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Not applicable

Regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS not determined

DSL not determined

IECSC not determined

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date 06.04.2024

Further information

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data Sheet

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Date format dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for



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Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

SG / EN