

## Letermovir Solid Formulation

Version 5.1      Revision Date: 30.09.2023      SDS Number: 58431-00023      Date of last issue: 04.04.2023  
Date of first issue: 16.02.2015

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Letermovir Solid Formulation

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-stance/Mixture : Pharmaceutical

Recommended restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD  
117 16th Road  
1685 Halfway house, Midrand, South Africa

Telephone : +27 11 655 3000

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification


#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2      H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2      H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**  
 P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P260 Do not breathe dust.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
**Response:**  
 P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
**Storage:**  
 P405 Store locked up.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:  
 Letermovir

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Letermovir	917389-32-3	Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373 (Liver, spleen, Blood)	>= 30 - < 50

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
 When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

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- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.  
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.  
Get medical attention.  
Wash clothing before reuse.  
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.  
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
Get medical attention.  
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.  
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.  
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
Metal oxides  
Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

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### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
- Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
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- Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe dust.  
 Do not swallow.  
 Avoid contact with eyes.  
 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment  
 Minimize dust generation and accumulation.  
 Keep container closed when not in use.  
 Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  
 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.  
 Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.  
 The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:  
 Strong oxidizing agents

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : No data available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Cellulose	9004-34-6	OEL-RL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ZA OEL
Further information: Occupational Exposure Limits - Restricted Limits For Hazardous Chemical Agents				
Letermovir	917389-32-3	TWA	0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB 2)	Internal

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Silicon dioxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**8.2 Exposure controls****Engineering measures**

Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.  
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

**Personal protective equipment**

Eye/face protection	:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Hand protection	:	
Material	:	Chemical-resistant gloves
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Respiratory protection	:	If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type	:	Particulates type (P)

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**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	No data available
Odour	:	No data available
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available

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Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : No data available  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable  
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**9.2 Other information**

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Particle size : No data available

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.  
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.  
Avoid dust formation.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

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exposure

Skin contact  
Ingestion  
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): > 2.000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Remarks : No data available

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Remarks : No data available

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation****Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Remarks : No data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Components:

#### Letermovir:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
		Species: Rat, female
		Application Route: Oral
		Fertility: NOAEL: 240 mg/kg body weight
		Result: No effects on fertility
		Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
		Species: Rat, male
		Application Route: Oral
		Fertility: LOAEL: 180 mg/kg body weight
		Result: No effects on fertility
		Remarks: The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.
		Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
		Species: Monkey, male
		Application Route: Oral
		Fertility: NOAEL: 240 mg/kg body weight
		Result: No effects on fertility
Effects on foetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
		Species: Rat
		Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
		Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity
		Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.
		Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
		Species: Rabbit
		Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 225 mg/kg body weight
		Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed., Abortion
		Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

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**STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:****Letermovir:**

Exposure routes : Ingestion  
Target Organs : Liver, spleen, Blood  
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity****Components:****Letermovir:**

Species : Mouse  
NOAEL : 40 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Liver, spleen

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 150 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 26 Weeks  
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Monkey  
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 200 - 250 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 39 Weeks  
Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 60 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 180 mg/kg  
Exposure time : 13 Weeks  
Target Organs : Testis, Blood, Liver, spleen, Immune system

Species : Monkey  
NOAEL : 30 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 4 Weeks  
Target Organs : Blood

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

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### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

##### Letermovir:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting, Headache, Dizziness, Fatigue, Back pain, Oedema, Rash, muscle pain

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

##### Letermovir:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): > 100 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 96 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Americamysis): 16 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 48 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 8,8 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 8,8 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 72 h  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 972 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 3 h  
 Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC : 29,6 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 3 h  
 Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 1 mg/l  
 Exposure time: 32 d  
 Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 210  
 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC: 1,2 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d  
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Components:****Letermovir:**

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable  
Biodegradation: 50 %  
Exposure time: 6,7 d

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential****Components:****Letermovir:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,29

**12.4 Mobility in soil****Components:****Letermovir:**

Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 3,46

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**12.6 Other adverse effects****Product:**

Endocrine disrupting potential : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

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Contaminated packaging : discussion with the waste disposal authorities.  
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.4 Packing group

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good  
IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS	:	not determined
DSL	:	not determined
IECSC	:	not determined

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information	:	Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.
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#### Full text of H-Statements

H361d	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
ZA OEL	:	South Africa. The Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, Occupational Exposure Limits
ZA OEL / OEL-RL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit Restricted limit - 8- hour exposure or equivalent (12 hour shifts)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - Interna-

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tional Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

**Classification of the mixture:**

Repr. 2	H361d
STOT RE 2	H373

**Classification procedure:**

Calculation method
Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

ZA / EN