

# Sitagliptin / Simvastatin Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 20.03.2023 8.1 26.09.2023 24506-00021 Date of first issue: 21.10.2014

### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Sitagliptin / Simvastatin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : MSD

Address : Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301

Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090

Telephone : +52 55 57284444 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Classification** 

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Category 2A

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity (Inhalation) : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye)

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, muscle, optic nerve,

Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.



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P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

## Storage:

reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Sitagliptin	654671-77-9	>= 10 -< 20	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 5 -< 10	
Simvastatin	79902-63-9	>= 1 -< 5	
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 1 -< 5	
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	>= 1 -< 5	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 0.1 -< 1	

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.



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Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

> Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Causes mild skin irritation. Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eve irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec: : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment.



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> Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Local/Total ventilation

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.



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Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

**Explosives** Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Sitagliptin	654671-77-9	TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	VLE-PPT	10 mg/m³	NOM-010- STPS-2014	
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH	
Simvastatin	79902-63-9	TWA	25 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
	Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit	250 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal	
Starch	9005-25-8	VLE-PPT	10 mg/m³	NOM-010- STPS-2014	
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH	
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 μg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	VLE-PPT	10 mg/m³	NOM-010- STPS-2014	
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH	

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility **Engineering measures** 

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Particulates type

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves



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Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : pink

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)



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Water solubility No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature No data available

No data available Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not applicable Viscosity, kinematic

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight No data available

Particle size No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Reactivity Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

Oxidizing agents No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Sitagliptin:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 3,000 mg/kg

### Cellulose:



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Simvastatin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 3,800 mg/kg

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Result : No skin irritation

Simvastatin:

Species : Rabbit

Remarks : Moderate skin irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation



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Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritating to eyes. Method : Draize Test

Simvastatin:

Species : Rabbit

Remarks : slight irritation

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Simvastatin:

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Result : positive



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Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro) Test system: rat hepatocytes

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion



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Result: negative

Simvastatin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative



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## Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

### Components:

### Sitagliptin:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat

Application Route : oral (drinking water)

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive
Target Organs : Liver

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

### Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

### Simvastatin:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : < 92 weeks

Target Organs : Harderian gland
Tumor Type : Liver, Lungs

Remarks : The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Tumor Type : Liver, Thyroid

Remarks : The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.

## Ascorbic acid:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

## Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453



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Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL Parent: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 125 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Simvastatin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight Result: No teratogenic effects., No adverse effects.



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Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: No teratogenic effects., No adverse effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight

Result: Teratogenic potential.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Components:

Simvastatin:

Target Organs : Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

## Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

Sitagliptin:

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : > 2 y
Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 500 mg/kg LOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Target Organs : Liver, Kidney, Heart, Teeth

Species : Dog



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NOAEL : 10 mg/kg LOAEL : 50 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 53 Weeks

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Symptoms : Loss of balance

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in

humans.

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2 mg/kg
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 27 Weeks

Target Organs : Skeletal muscle, Central nervous system

Symptoms : Loss of balance

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in

humans.

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Simvastatin:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 14 - 104 Weeks

Target Organs : Liver, Testis, Musculo-skeletal system, Eye

Species : Dog LOAEL : 10 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 14 - 104 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver, Testis, Eye

Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 30 mg/kg
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Target Organs : Liver, Kidney

Starch:

Species : Rat



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NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Exposure time . 26 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : >= 8,100 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 10 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 y

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Inhalation : Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, pharyngitis,

Headache

Ingestion : Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, nasopharyngitis,

Headache, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhea

Simvastatin:

Skin contact : Remarks: May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion : Target Organs: Liver

Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, Headache, Ab-

dominal pain, constipation, Nausea Target Organs: Musculo-skeletal system

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203



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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 60 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 39

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 33 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 150 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 150 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Simvastatin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.91 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 25

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 25

ng/l

Exposure time: 96 h



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Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 21 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 140 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Persistence and degradability

### Components:

Sitagliptin:

Biodegradability : Result: not rapidly degradable

Biodegradation: 39.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(401 d)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Simvastatin:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable



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Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(3.2 d)

Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.03

Simvastatin:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: > 4.07

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.85

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

Sitagliptin:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: log Koc: 4.37

Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation** 

NOM-002-SCT

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors,

essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills.

: Not applicable

### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**AICS** not determined

DSL not determined

**IECSC** not determined

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Revision Date** 26.09.2023 Date format dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

**ACGIH** USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NOM-010-STPS-2014 Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting

the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Con-

trol - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE- : Time weighted average limit value

PPT

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and



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Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8